- Environmental Studies Program Status Review.
- MMS Goals and Objectives.
 The meetings are open to the public.
 Approximately 30 visitors can be accommodated on a first-come-first-served basis at the plenary session.

A copy of the agenda may be requested from the MMS by writing Ms. Phyllis Clark at the address below.

Other inquiries concerning the OCS SC meeting should be addressed to Dr. Ken Turgeon, Executive Secretary to the OCS Scientific Committee, Minerals Management Service, 381 Elden Street, Mail Stop 4310, Herndon, Virginia 22070. He may be reached by telephone on (703) 787–1717.

Dated: March 21, 1996.

Thomas Gernhofer,

Associate Director for Offshore Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. 96–7572 Filed 3–27–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. TA-201-66]

Fresh Tomatoes and Bell Peppers

AGENCY: International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution and scheduling of an investigation under section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. § 2252) (the Act).

SUMMARY: Following receipt of a petition filed on March 11, 1996, on behalf of the Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, Orlando, FL, the Florida Bell Pepper Growers Exchange, Inc., Orlando, FL, the Florida Commissioner of Agriculture, Tallahassee, FL, the Ad Hoc Group of Florida Tomato Growers and Packers, and individual Florida bell pepper growers, the U.S. International Trade Commission instituted Investigation No. TA-201-66 under section 202 of the Act to determine whether fresh tomatoes and bell peppers, provided for in subheadings 0702.00.20, 0702.00.40, 0702.00.60, and 0709.60.40 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities as to be a substantial cause of serious injury, or the threat thereof, to the domestic industry producing an article like or directly competitive with the imported article.1

For further information concerning the conduct of this investigation, hearing procedures, and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 206, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 206).

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 11, 1996. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jonathan Seiger (202–205–3183), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearingimpaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (http:// www.usitc.gov or ftp://ftp.usitc.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Participation in the investigation and service list.—Persons wishing to participate in the investigation as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in section 201.11 of the Commission's rules, not later than 21 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register. The Secretary will prepare a service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to this investigation upon the expiration of the period for filing entries of appearance.

Limited disclosure of confidential business information (CBI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and CBI service list.—Pursuant to section 206.17 of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make CBI gathered in this investigation available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the investigation, provided that the application is made not later than seven days after the publication of this notice in the Federal Register. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive CBI under the APO.

Hearings on injury and remedy.—The Commission has scheduled separate hearings in connection with the injury

scientifically as Lycopersicon esculentum, Lycopersicon cerasiforme, and Lycopersicon pyriforme, but excluding tomatoes grown for processing. "Bell peppers," also called sweet peppers, are defined as fresh or chilled peppers belonging to the species Capsicum annuum var. annuum, but excluding peppers grown for processing.

and remedy phases of this investigation. The hearing on injury will be held beginning at 9:30 a.m. on June 3, 1996, at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building. In the event that the Commission makes an affirmative injury determination or is equally divided on the question of injury in this investigation, a hearing on the question of remedy will be held beginning at 9:30 a.m. on August 1, 1996. Requests to appear at the hearings should be filed in writing with the Secretary to the Commission on or before May 17, 1996, and July 15, 1996, respectively. All persons desiring to appear at the hearings and make oral presentations should attend prehearing conferences to be held at 9:30 a.m. on May 21, 1996, and July 18, 1996, respectively, at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building. Oral testimony and written materials to be submitted at the hearing are governed by sections 201.6(b)(2) and 201.13(f) of the Commission's rules. Parties are strongly encouraged to submit as early in the investigation as possible any requests to present a portion of their hearing testimony in

Written submissions.—Each party is encouraged to submit a prehearing brief to the Commission. The deadline for filing prehearing briefs on injury is May 28, 1996; that for filing prehearing briefs on remedy, including any commitments pursuant to 19 U.S.C. § 2252(a)(6)(B), is July 25, 1996. Parties may also file posthearing briefs. The deadline for filing posthearing briefs on injury is June 10, 1996; that for filing posthearing briefs on remedy is August 8, 1996. In addition, any person who has not entered an appearance as a party to the investigation may submit a written statement of information pertinent to the consideration of injury on or before June 10, 1996, and pertinent to the consideration of remedy on or before August 8, 1996. All written submissions must conform with the provisions of section 201.8 of the Commission's rules; any submissions that contain confidential business information must also conform with the requirements of section 201.6 of the Commission's rules.

In accordance with section 201.16(c) of the Commission's rules, each document filed by a party to the investigation must be served on all other parties to the investigation (as identified by the service list), and a certificate of service must be timely filed. The Secretary will not accept a document for filing without a certificate of service.

Authority: This investigation is being conducted under the authority of section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974; this notice is

¹For purposes of this investigation, "fresh tomatoes" are defined as fresh or chilled tomatoes, including but not limited to the varieties known

published pursuant to section 206.3 of the Commission's rules.

Issued: March 22, 1996.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–7492 Filed 3–27–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

[Inv. No. 337-TA-386]

Notice of Investigation

In the Matter of Certain Global Positioning System Coarse Acquisition Code Receivers and Products Containing Same.

AGENCY: International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution of investigation pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1337.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that a complaint was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission on February 21, 1996, under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, on behalf of Trimble Navigation, 645 North Mary Avenue, P.O. Box 3642, Sunnyvale, California 94088-3642. Letters supplementing the complaint were filed on March 5 and March 12, 1996. The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 based on the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain global positioning system coarse acquisition code receivers and products containing same by reason of infringement of claims 1 and 7 of U.S. Letters Patent 4,754,465. The complaint further alleges that an industry in the United States exists as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337.

The complainant requests that the Commission institute an investigation and, after the investigation, issue a permanent exclusion order and a permanent cease and desist order.

ADDRESSES: The complaint, except for any confidential information contained therein, is available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, S.W., Room 112, Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone 202–205–1802. Hearing-impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kent Stevens, Esq., Office of Unfair Import Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, telephone 202–205–2579.

Authority: The authority for institution of this investigation is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and in section 210.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 19 C.F.R. § 210.10.

Scope of Investigation

Having considered the complaint, the U.S. International Trade Commission, on March 22, 1996, Ordered That—

- (1) Pursuant to subsection (b) of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, an investigation be instituted to determine whether there is a violation of subsection (a)(1)(B) of section 337 in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain global positioning system coarse acquisition code receivers or products containing same by reason of infringement of claims 1 or 7 of U.S. Letters Patent 4.754.465, and whether there exists an industry in the United States as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337.
- (2) For the purpose of the investigation so instituted, the following are hereby named as parties upon which this notice of investigation shall be served:
- (a) The complainant is—Trimble Navigation, 645 North Mary Avenue, P.O. Box 3642, Sunnyvale, California 94088–3642.
- (b) The respondent is the following company alleged to be in violation of section 337, and is the party upon which the complaint is to be served: NovAtel Communications Ltd., 1020 64th Avenue N.E., Calgary, Alberta, Canada T3J 1S1.
- (c) Kent Stevens, Esq., Office of Unfair Import Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Room 401–L, Washington, DC 20436, who shall be the Commission investigative attorney, party to this investigation; and
- (3) For the investigation so instituted, the Honorable Sidney Harris is designated as the presiding administrative law judge.

Responses to the complaint and the notice of investigation must be submitted by the named respondent in accordance with section 210.13 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure. 19 C.F.R. § 210.13. Pursuant to sections 201.16(d) and 210.13(a) of the Commission's Rules, 19 C.F.R. §§ 201.16(d) and 210.13(a), such responses will be considered by the Commission if received not later than 20 days after the date of service by the Commission of the complaint and the notice of investigation. Extensions of time for submitting responses to the complaint and notice will not be

granted unless good cause therefore is shown.

Failure of the respondent to file a timely response to each allegation in the complaint and in this notice may be deemed to constitute a waiver of the right to appear and contest the allegations of the complaint and this notice, and to authorize the administrative law judge and the Commission, without further notice to the respondent, to find the facts to be as alleged in the complaint and this notice and to enter both an initial determination and a final determination containing such findings, and may result in the issuance of a limited exclusion order or a cease and desist order or both directed against the respondent.

Issued: March 25, 1996.
By order of the Commission.
Donna R. Koehnke,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–7570 Filed 3–27–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration [Docket No. 95–7]

Stanley Karpo, D.P.M.; Revocation of Registration

On September 19, 1994, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, (then titled Director, Office of Diversion Control), Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), issued an Order to Show Cause to Stanley Karpo, D.P.M., (Respondent) of Norristown, Pennsylvania, notifying him of an opportunity to show cause as to why DEA should not revoke his DEA Certificate of Registration, AK5172515, under 21 U.S.C. 824(a), and deny any pending applications for renewal of such registration as a practitioner under 21 U.S.C. 823(f), as being inconsistent with the public interest. Specifically, in relevant part, the Order to Show Cause alleged that the Respondent had been excluded from participation in a program pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7(a), as evidenced by, but not limited to, the following:

- (a) Between 1986 and 1989, [the Respondent] submitted 219 fraudulent claims for \$32,317.00, to Medicare for medical services not provided.
- (b) On July 22, 1991, in the Court of Common Pleas for Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, [the Respondent] pled guilty to 23 counts of Medicaid fraud, and two counts of theft by deception. On October 15, 1991, [the Respondent was] sentenced to a period