

a previously completed public health assessment, during the period October–December 1995. This list includes sites that are on, or proposed for inclusion on, the National Priorities List (NPL) and a site for which an assessment was prepared in response to a request from the public.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert C. Williams, P.E., DEE, Director, Division of Health Assessment and Consultation, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, 1600 Clifton Road NE., Mailstop E-32, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, telephone (404) 639-0610.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The most recent list of completed public health assessments and public health assessments with addenda was published in the Federal Register on February 14, 1995 [61 FR 5787]. The quarterly announcement is the responsibility of ATSDR under the regulation, Public Health Assessments and Health Effects Studies of Hazardous Substances Releases and Facilities [42 CFR Part 90]. This rule sets forth ATSDR's procedures for the conduct of public health assessments under section 104(i) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) [42 U.S.C. 9604(i)].

Availability

The completed public health assessments are available for public inspection at the Division of Health Assessment and Consultation, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Building 33, Executive Park Drive, Atlanta, Georgia (not a mailing address), between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays. The completed public health assessments are also available by mail through the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161, or by telephone at (703) 487-4650. A charge is applied by NTIS for these public health assessments. The NTIS order numbers are listed in parentheses following the site name.

Public Health Assessments or Addendum Completed or Issued

Between October 1, 1995 and December 31, 1995, public health assessments were issued for the sites listed below:

*NPL Sites
California*

Frontier Fertilizer—Davis—(PB96-125596)

Indiana

Fisher Calo—Kingsbury—(PB96-128079)

Iowa

Mason City Coal Gasification Plant—Mason City—(PB96-107289)

Massachusetts

Industri-Plex Site—Woburn—(PB96-136445)

Wells, G and H—Woburn—(PB96-136411)

Michigan

Lower Ecorse Creek Dump—Wyandotte—(PB96-128061)

New York

Pfohl Brothers Landfill—Cheektowaga—(PB96-118641)

Port Washington Landfill—North Hempstead—(PB96-115688)

Tennessee

USA Defense Depot Memphis—Memphis—(PB96-117908)

Washington

Hanford 1100-Area (USDOE)—Richland—(PB96-125521)

McChord Air Force Base Wash Rack/Treatment—American Lake Gardens/Mchord Air Force Base (a/k/a McChord Air Force Base Area "D")—Tacoma—(PB96-131909)

Non-NPL Petitioned Site

Georgia

Southern Wood Piedmont Company—Augusta—(PB96-127675)

Dated: April 22, 1996.

Claire V. Broome,

Deputy Administrator, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

[FR Doc. 96-10503 Filed 4-26-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-70-P

[ATSDR-108]

Notice of the Revised Priority List of Hazardous Substances That Will Be the Subject of Toxicological Profiles

AGENCY: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or Superfund), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), requires that ATSDR and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) revise the Priority List of Hazardous Substances to include additional substances most commonly found at facilities on the CERCLA National Priorities List (NPL).

This announcement provides notice that the agencies have developed and are making available a revised CERCLA Priority List of 275 Hazardous Substances, based on the most recent information available to ATSDR and EPA. This revised priority list includes newly listed substances that have been determined to pose the most significant potential threat to human health at or around NPL hazardous waste sites. Each substance on the priority list is a candidate to become the subject of a toxicological profile prepared by ATSDR and subsequently a candidate for the identification of priority data needs.

ADDRESSES: Requests for a copy of the 1995 CERCLA Priority List of Hazardous Substances That Will Be The Subject of Toxicological Profiles and Support Document or comments on this notice should bear the docket control number ATSDR-108, and should be submitted to: ATSDR, Division of Toxicology, Emergency Response and Scientific Assessment Branch, Mail Stop E-29, 1600 Clifton Rd., NE., Atlanta, GA 30333.

This is an informational notice only, and comments are not being solicited at this time. However, any comments received will be placed in a publicly accessible docket; therefore, please do not submit confidential business information.

Electronic Availability: The 1995 Revised Priority List will be available as an electronic file on the Federal Bulletin Board on or near the day of publication in the Federal Register. By modem, dial (202) 512-1387 and set your parity to None, Data Bits to 8, and Stop Bit to 1 (N,8,1). To access the Federal Bulletin Board via Internet, use the telnet command to fedbbs.access.gpo.gov. This file is available in WordPerfect 5.1, Dbase IV, and ASCII. The top 20 substances from the priority list are also listed on ATSDR's Home Page on the World-Wide Web located at <http://atsdr1.atsdr.cdc.gov:8080/atsdrhome.html>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: ATSDR, Division of Toxicology, Emergency Response and Scientific Assessment Branch, 1600 Clifton Rd., NE., Mailstop E-29, Atlanta, GA 30333, telephone (404) 639-6300.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: CERCLA establishes certain requirements for ATSDR and EPA with regard to hazardous substances that are most commonly found at facilities on the CERCLA NPL. Section 104(i)(2) of CERCLA, as amended [42 U.S.C. 9604(i)(2)], requires that the two agencies prepare a list, in order of

priority, of at least 100 hazardous substances that are most commonly found at facilities on the NPL and which, in their sole discretion, are determined to pose the most significant potential threat to human health (see 52 FR 12866, April 17, 1987). CERCLA also requires the agencies to revise the priority list to include 100 or more additional hazardous substances (see 53 FR 41280, October 20, 1988), and to include at least 25 additional hazardous substances in each of the three successive years following the 1988 revision (see 54 FR 43619, October 26, 1989; 55 FR 42067, October 17, 1990; 56 FR 52166, October 17, 1991). CERCLA also requires that ATSDR and EPA shall, not less often than once every year thereafter, revise the list to include additional hazardous substances that are determined to pose the most significant potential threat to human health. In 1995, the agencies decided to alter the publication schedule of the priority list by moving to a 2-year publication schedule, reflecting the stability of this listing activity (see 60 FR 16478, March 30, 1995). As a result, the priority list is now on a 2-year publication schedule with a yearly informal review and revision. Each substance on the CERCLA Priority List of Hazardous Substances is a candidate to become the subject of a toxicological profile prepared by ATSDR and subsequently a candidate for the identification of priority data needs.

The previous priority lists of hazardous substances were based on the most comprehensive and relevant information available when the lists were developed. More comprehensive sources of information on the frequency of occurrence and the potential for human exposure to substances at NPL sites became available for use in the 1991 priority list with the development of ATSDR's HazDat database. Additional information from HazDat became available for the 1995 listing activity.

In the initial listing activities (1987–1990), new substances were added to the end of the list, without a comparative reranking. A notice announcing the intention of ATSDR and EPA to revise and rerank the Priority List of Hazardous Substances was published on June 27, 1991 (56 FR 29485). In the 1995 listing activity, as in the previous three years, new candidate substances (substances found at three or more NPL sites) were assigned a toxicity/environmental score (TES) using the EPA Reportable Quantity methodology, and were added to the group of substances previously considered for the list. All substances

were then evaluated together for consideration on the priority list.

The approach used to generate the 1991 revised priority list was summarized in the "Revised Priority List of Hazardous Substances" (56 FR 52166, October 17, 1991). The same approach and the same algorithm were used in the 1995 listing activity. As a result, more than 750 candidate substances have been ranked to create the current list of 275 substances.

The additional information used in the 1995 listing activity has been entered into ATSDR's HazDat database since the development of the 1993 Priority List of Hazardous Substances. As with other site-specific information used in the listing activity, this information has been collected from ATSDR public health assessments and from site file data packages used in the development of public health assessments. The new information includes more recent NPL frequency of occurrence data, additional concentration data, and more information on exposure or potential exposure to substances at NPL sites.

At this time the list includes 275 substances that ATSDR and EPA have determined to pose the most significant potential threat to human health based on the criteria of CERCLA Section 104(i)(2) [42 U.S.C. 9604(i)(2)]. All candidate substances have been analyzed and ranked with the current algorithm, and may become the subject of toxicological profiles in the future.

The addition of approximately 14,000 contaminant data records to the HazDat database since the 1993 listing activity has allowed the agencies to better assess the potential for human exposure to substances at NPL hazardous waste sites. With these additional data, 23 substances have been replaced on the list of 275 substances. Of the 23 replacement substances, 12 are new candidate substances, and 11 are substances that were previously under consideration. These changes in the order of substances appearing on the CERCLA Priority List of Hazardous Substances will be reflected in the program activities that rely on the list for future direction. These changes reflect the dynamic nature of scientific data on substances present at NPL hazardous waste sites.

This evaluation activity and announcement of a revised Priority List of Hazardous Substances fulfills the conditions of CERCLA Section 104(i), as amended. ATSDR and EPA intend to publish the next revised list of hazardous substances in two years, with an informal review and revision performed in one year. These revisions

will reflect changes and improvements in data collection and availability. Additional information on the existing methodology used in the development of the CERCLA Priority List of Hazardous Substances can be found in the Federal Register notices mentioned previously.

Administrative Record

ATSDR and EPA are establishing a single administrative record entitled ATSDR-108 for materials pertaining to this notice. All materials received as a result of this notice will be included in the public file, which is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal legal holidays, at the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, #4 Executive Park Drive, Suite 2400, Atlanta, Georgia (not a mailing address).

Dated: April 22, 1996.

Claire V. Broome,

Deputy Administrator, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

[FR Doc. 96-10502 Filed 4-26-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-70-P

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Advisory Committees; Annual Reports; Notice of Availability

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Section 13 of Public Law 92-463 (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), the Fiscal Year 1995 annual reports for the following Federal advisory committees used by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry have been filed with the Library of Congress:

Advisory Committee for Energy-Related Epidemiologic Research
Advisory Committee for Injury Prevention and Control
Advisory Committee on Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention
Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
Advisory Committee to the Director, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
Advisory Council for the Elimination of Tuberculosis
Board of Scientific Counselors, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
Board of Scientific Counselors, National Center for Infectious Diseases
Board of Scientific Counselors, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection and Control Advisory Committee
CDC Advisory Committee on the Prevention of HIV Infection