ANE MA E4 Beverly, MA [Corrected]

Beverly Municipal Airport, MA (lat. 42°53′03″ N, long. 70°54′59″ W) Topsfield NDB

(lat. 42°37′10″ N, long. 70°57′25″ W)

That airpace extending upward from the surface within 3.2 miles on each side of the Topsfield NDB 317° bearing extending from a 4.1-mile radius of Beverly Municipal Airport to 7 miles northwest of the Topsfiled NDB. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective dates and times will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

* * *

Issued in Burlington, MA on May 17, 1996. David J. Hurley,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, New England Region.

[FR Doc. 96–13157 Filed 5–23–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

14 CFR Part 73

[Airspace Docket No. 95–AEA–8]

Revocation of Restricted Area R–5202, Gardiner's Island, NY

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action revokes Restricted Area R–5202, Gardiner's Island, NY. The U. S. Navy has determined that this restricted airspace area is no longer necessary to support Department of Defense missions.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, August 15, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Pete Magarelli, Airspace and Rules Division, ATA-400, Office of Air Traffic Airspace Management, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–3075.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Rule

This amendment to part 73 of the Federal Aviation Regulations revokes Restricted Area R–5202, Gardiner's Island, NY. The U.S. Navy has determined that the restricted area airspace is no longer required to support Department of Defense missions. I find that notice and public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are unnecessary because this action is a minor technical amendment in which the public would not be particularly interested. Section 73.52 of part 73 of the Federal Aviation Regulations was republished in FAA Order 7400.8C dated June 29, 1995.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a 'significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT **Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44** FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

This action is not subject to environmental assessments and procedures under FAA Order 1050.1D, "Policies and Procedures for Considering Environmental Impacts," and the National Environmental Policy Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 73

Airspace, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 73 as follows:

PART 73—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959– 1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

§73.52 [Amended]

2. Section 73.52 is amended as follows:

R-5202 Gardiner's Island, NY [Removed]

Issued in Washington, DC, on May 13, 1996.

Harold W. Becker,

Acting Program Director for Air Traffic, Airspace Management. [FR Doc. 96–13156 Filed 5–23–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

15 CFR Part 24

RIN 0605-AA10

Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments

AGENCY: Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Announcement regarding Grant and Cooperative Agreement Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Department) is announcing the applicability of the revised Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A–87, "Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments," (60 FR 26484, May 17, 1995). This Circular establishes principles for determining the allowable costs incurred by State, local, and federally-recognized Indian tribal governments (governmental units) under grants, cost reimbursement contracts, and other agreements with the Federal Government.

DATES: This announcement is effective May 24, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John J. Phelan, III, Director, Office of Executive Assistance Management, Room 6020, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230. Telephone Number 202–482–4115.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 11, 1988, the Department joined other agencies in the Federal government in publishing in the Federal Register a final rule, "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments," (53 FR 8048) which was codified at 15 CFR Part 24 for the Department. Part 24.22 established OMB Circular A-87 as the cost principles used by the Department for determining allowable costs of State and local governments under grants and cooperative agreements with the Department. In addition, recipients of the Department's financial assistance awards are given actual notice of which cost principles apply to the award on the face page of the award document, Commerce Department Form CD-450, "Financial Assistance Award."

On May 17, 1995 the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) published a Final Revision to OMB Circular A–87, "Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments," and directed agencies to issue codified regulations to implement the provisions of the Circular. This announcement notifies the public that the provisions of OMB Circular A–87 as published in the Federal Register on May 17, 1995 (60 FR 26484) are applicable to 15 CFR Part 24.22.

Executive Orders 12866 and 12875

This announcement has been determined to be "not significant" for purposes of Executive Order 12866, "Regulatory Planning and Review." In addition, it has been determined that, consistent with the requirements of Executive Order 12875, "Enhancing Intergovernmental Partnership," this announcement will not impose any unfunded mandates upon State, local, and tribal governments.

Administrative Procedures Act and Regulatory Flexibility Act

Because notice and comment, and delayed effective date are not required under 5 U.S.C. 553, or any other law, for this announcement relating to public property, loans, grants, benefits, or contracts (5 USC 553(a)), a Regulatory Flexibility Analysis is not required and has not been prepared for this announcement. As stated above, this announcement is based on the revised OMB Circular A-87 that was developed by an interagency task force and received extensive public comment. OMB has stipulated that Federal agencies responsible for administering programs that involve cost reimbursement contracts, grants, and other agreements with governmental units shall issue codified regulations to implement the provisions of OMB Circular A-87 and its attachments.

Executive Order 12612 (Federalism Assessment)

This action has been reviewed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612. It has been determined that this proposal does not have sufficient Federalism implications to warrant a full Federalism Assessment under the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This announcement does not contain any information collection requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

This announcement affects all of the grant and cooperative agreement programs administered by DOC under which State, local, and Indian tribal governments may participate. List of Subjects in 15 CFR Part 24

Accounting, Grant programs, Grant administration, Insurance Reporting and recordkeeping requirements. Sonya G. Stewart, *Director for Executive Budgeting and Assistance Management.* [FR Doc. 96–13107 Filed 5–23–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–FA–M

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

16 CFR Parts 1500 and 1507

Large Multiple-tube Fireworks Devices; Affirmation of Final Rule

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Affirmation of final rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission announces that it has received no objections to its final rule amending its fireworks regulations under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act that was published on March 26, 1996 (61 FR 13084). Accordingly, the rule will go into effect on March 26, 1997, as originally provided. This final rule will require that large multiple-tube fireworks devices that have any tube with an inner diameter of 1.5 inches (3.8 cm) or greater pass a performance test for stability.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The rule published March 26, 1996 (61 FR 13084) is effective March 26, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Samuel B. Hall, Office of Compliance, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, DC 20207–0001; telephone (301) 504–0400, ext. 1371.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 26, 1996, the Commission issued a final rule amending its fireworks regulations under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act. 61 FR 13084, corrected 61 FR 18245 (April 25, 1996). This final rule will require that large multiple-tube fireworks devices that have any tube with an inner diameter of 1.5 inches (3.8 cm) or greater pass a performance test for stability. Under the test, these devices may not tip over when inclined at an angle of 60 degrees from the horizontal. This requirement is intended to reduce the risk of injury posed when these fireworks devices tip over during firing. If they tip over, subsequent tubes may discharge in the direction of spectators or others in the vicinity.

A proceeding to classify a substance as a banned hazardous substance under section 2(q)(1) of the FHSA is governed by sections 3(f)-(i) of the FHSA, and by sections 701(e)–(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act ("FDCA"), 21 U.S.C. 371(e)–(g). See 15 U.S.C. 1261(q)(2). These procedures provide that once the Commission issues a final rule, persons who would be adversely affected by the rule have 30 days in which to file objections with the Commission stating the grounds therefor, and to request a public hearing on those objections. 21 U.S.C. 371(e). This period for objections expired on April 25, 1996.

The Commission is required to publish a notice in the Federal Register specifying any parts of the regulation that have been stayed by the filing of proper objections or, if no objections have been filed, stating that fact. By this notice, the Commission states that no objections to the final rule were filed in this proceeding. Accordingly, the rule will go into effect on March 26, 1997, as originally provided. The rule will apply to the subject multiple-tube fireworks devices that first enter interstate commerce or are imported on or after the effective date.

Dated: May 20, 1996. Sadye E. Dunn, Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission. [FR Doc. 96–13046 Filed 5–23–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6355–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms

27 CFR Parts 1, 2, and 3

[T.D. ATF-373]

RIN 1512-AB43

Basic Permit Requirements Under the Federal Alcohol Administration Act, Nonindustrial Use of Spirits and Wine, Bulk Sales and Bottling of Distilled Spirits (95R–023P)

AGENCY: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF), Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Final Rule, Treasury decision.

SUMMARY: As part of a regulatory reform initiative, the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) is revising and recodifying the regulations covering the basic permit requirements, the nonindustrial use of spirits and wine, and the bulk sales and bottling of distilled spirits under the Federal Alcohol Administration Act. Changes include consolidating 27 CFR parts 1, 2, and 3 into a single part 1 for ease of use and minor technical corrections.