granting the motions to withdraw the appeals of the orders issued in Docket No. RP85–181.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with Section 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. Any person wishing to protest said filing, must file a protest on or before January 31, 1996. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make portestants parties to the proceeding. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–1695 Filed 1–29–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–M

[Docket No. CP96-144-000]

Williams Natural Gas Co.; Notice of Request Under Blanket Authorization

January 24, 1996.

Take notice that on January 18, 1996, Williams Natural Gas Company (WNG), P.O. Box 3288, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74101, filed in Docket No. CP96-144-000 a request pursuant to Sections 157.205 and 157.216 of the Commission's Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.205, 157.216) for authorization to abandon measurement and appurtenant facilities at 11 locations in Nowata and Washington Counties, Oklahoma and Chautauqua, Labette, and Montgomery Counties, Kansas under WNG's blanket certificate issued in Docket No. CP82-479-000 pursuant to Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, all as more fully set forth in the request that is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

WNG proposes to abandon the transportation of natural gas and to reclaim facilities originally installed for delivery of sales gas at four locations: J&S Feed, Seed & Supply in Washington County, Oklahoma, Clarence Graybill in Labette County, Kansas, Union Gas Elk City town border in Montgomery County, Kansas, and the KC Crude setting in Montgomery County, Kansas. WNG also proposes to abandon by reclaim facilities originally installed to receive transportation gas at seven locations: Bayou PLD in Nowata County, Oklahoma, the MDA PLD and Petro D-3 in Montgomery County, Kansas, the Central Plains PLD and Highwood PLD in Labette County,

Kansas, and the Flamco Energy PLD and SE Kansas Gas #2 in Chautauqua County, Kansas. WNG states that the affected customers have agreed to the reclaim of the facilities or the companies no longer exist. WNG estimates that the total reclaim costs are \$16,056 with a salvage value of \$0.

Any person or the Commission's staff may, within 45 days after issuance of the instant notice by the Commission, file pursuant to Rule 214 of the Commission's Procedural Rules (18 CFR 385.214) a motion to intervene or notice of intervention and pursuant to Section 157.205 of the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.205) a protest to the request. If no protest is filed within the time allowed therefor, the proposed activity shall be deemed to be authorized effective the day after the time allowed for filing a protest. If a protest is filed and not withdrawn within 30 days after the time allowed for filing a protest, the instant request shall be treated as an application for authorization pursuant to Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act.

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–1689 Filed 1–29–96; 8:45 am]

[Docket No. RP90-137-029]

Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company; Notice of Refund Report

January 24, 1996.

Take notice that on January 5, 1996, Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company (Williston Basin), tendered for filing with the Commission, under protest, its Refund Report made in compliance with ordering Paragraph (D) of the Commission's "Order Denying Rehearing, Granting Requests for Exemptions and Ordering Refunds" issued December 6, 1995 in Docket Nos. RP90–137–020 RP90–137–021, RP90–137–022, RP90–137–023, RP90–137–025 and RP90–137–026.

Williston Basin states that on December 22, 1995, refunds were sent to applicable shippers for the take-or-pay volumetric surcharge amounts previously collected through transportation rates charged for the gas placed in storage in accordance with Rate Schedule S–2 Service Agreements between Williston Basin and such applicable shippers. These refunds, for the period November 1, 1990 through August 31, 1995, also include interest through December 22, 1995, in accordance with Section 154.501 of the Commission's Regulations.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with 18 CFR 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before January 31, 1996. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make Protestants parties to the proceeding. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection in the Public Reference Room.

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–1696 Filed 1–29–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–M

[Docket No. RP90-137-029]

Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company; Notice of Refund Report

January 31, 1996.

Take notice that on January 5, 1996, Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company (Williston Basin), tendered for filing with the Commission, under protest, its Refund Report made in compliance with ordering Paragraph (D) of the Commission's "Order Denying Rehearing, Granting Requests for Exemptions and Ordering Refunds" issued December 6, 1995 in Docket Nos. RP90–137–020 RP90–137–021, RP90–137–022, RP90–137–023, RP90–137–025 and RP90–137–026.

Williston Basin states that on December 22, 1995, refunds were sent to applicable shippers for the take-or-pay volumetric surcharge amounts previously collected through transportation rates charged for the gas placed in storage in accordance with Rate Schedule S–2 Service Agreements between Williston Basin and such applicable shippers. These refunds, for the period November 1, 1990 through August 31, 1995, also include interest through December 22, 1995, in accordance with Section 154.501 of the Commission's Regulations.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with 18 CFR 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such protests must be filed on or before January 31, 1996. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make Protestants parties to the proceeding. Copies of this filing are

on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection in the Public Reference Room.

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-1697 Filed 1-29-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

Office of Arms Control and Nonproliferation Policy

Proposed Subsequent Arrangement

AGENCY: Department of Energy.

ACTION: Subsequent Arrangement.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 131 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2160) notice is hereby given of a proposed "subsequent arrangement" to be carried out in the Republic of Korea under the Agreement for Cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Korea Concerning Civil Uses of Atomic Energy, signed November 24, 1972, as amended.

The subsequent arrangement to be carried out under the above-mentioned agreement involves the joint determination, pursuant to Article VIII (c) of that Agreement, that the provisions of Article XI may be effectively applied for the alteration in form or content of U.S.-origin nuclear material contained in pressurized water reactor fuels, CANDU fuels, and research reactor fuels at the Post Irradiation Examination Facility and the Irradiated Materials Examination Facility at the Headquarters of the Korea Atomic Energy Research Institute in accordance with the plan contained in KAERI/AR-417/95, Rev-1, dated May, 1995. The aforementioned determination will be made, and the approval for the post-irradiation examination for the agreed upon program will be granted, for the period ending December 31, 2001.

In accordance with section 131 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, it has been determined that this subsequent arrangement will not be inimical to the common defense and security.

This subsequent arrangement will take effect no sooner than fifteen days after the date of publication of this notice.

Dated: January 22, 1996.

For the Department of Energy. Edward T. Fei,

Deputy Director, International Policy and Analysis Division, Office of Arms Control and Nonproliferation.

[FR Doc. 96-1610 Filed 1-29-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450-01-P

Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products: Granting of the Application for Interim Waiver and Publishing of the Petition for Waiver of Thermo Products Inc. From the DOE Furnace Test Procedure. (Case No. F– 083)

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Today's notice grants an Interim Waiver to Thermo Products Inc. (Thermo Products) from the existing Department of Energy (DOE or Department) test procedure regarding blower time delay for the company's CHA-upflow and CCA-downflow condensing gas furnaces.

Today's notice also publishes a "Petition for Waiver" from Thermo Products. Thermo Products Petition for Waiver requests DOE to grant relief from the DOE furnace test procedure relating to the blower time delay specification. Thermo Products seeks to test using a blower delay time of 45 seconds for its CHA-upflow and CCA-downflow condensing gas furnaces instead of the specified 1.5-minute delay between burner on-time and blower on-time. The Department is soliciting comments, data, and information respecting the Petition for Waiver.

DATES: DOE will accept comments, data, and information not later than February 29, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and statements shall be sent to: Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Case No. F–083, Mail Stop EE–43, Room 1J–108, Forestall Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20585, (202) 586–7140.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Cyrus H. Nasseri, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Mail Station EE–431, Forestall Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, D.C. 20585–0121, (202) 586–9138 Eugene Margolis, Esq., U.S. Department of Energy, Office of General Counsel, Mail Station GC-72, Forestall Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, D.C. 20585-0103, (202) 586-9507

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The **Energy Conservation Program for** Consumer Products (other than automobiles) was established pursuant to the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended (EPCA), which requires DOE to prescribe standardized test procedures to measure the energy consumption of certain consumer products, including furnaces. The intent of the test procedures is to provide a comparable measure of energy consumption that will assist consumers in making purchasing decisions. These test procedures appear at Title 10 CFR Part 430, Subpart B.

The Department amended the test procedure rules to provide for a waiver process by adding Section 430.27 to Title 10 CFR Part 430. 45 FR 64108, September 26, 1980. Subsequently, DOE amended the waiver process to allow the Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (Assistant Secretary) to grant an Interim Waiver from test procedure requirements to manufacturers that have petitioned DOE for a waiver of such prescribed test procedures. Title 10 CFR Part 430, Section 430.27(a)(2).

The waiver process allows the Assistant Secretary to waive temporarily test procedures for a particular basic model when a petitioner shows that the basic model contains one or more design characteristics which prevent testing according to the prescribed test procedures, or when the prescribed test procedures may evaluate the basic model in a manner so unrepresentative of its true energy consumption as to provide materially inaccurate comparative data. Waivers generally remain in effect until final test procedure amendments become effective, resolving the problem that is the subject of the waiver.

An Interim Waiver will be granted if it is determined that the applicant will experience economic hardship if the Application for Interim Waiver is denied, if it appears likely that the Petition for Waiver will be granted, and/or the Assistant Secretary determines that it would be desirable for public policy reasons to grant immediate relief pending a determination on the Petition for Waiver. Title 10 CFR Part 430, Section 430.27(g). An Interim Waiver remains in effect for a period of 180 days or until DOE issues its determination on the Petition for