engineering services, inventory maintenance, and delivery services on its HM sales. SKC does not provide these services on its CEP sales. STC provides inventory maintenance, after sales-services and warranty assistance, entertainment of customers, and marketing research on its HM sales. STC does not provide these services on its CEP sales. Therefore, the selling functions performed by each of the respondents for CEP sales are sufficiently different than for HM sales so as to establish different levels of trade.

Because we compared these CEP sales to HM sales at a different level of trade, we examined whether a level-of-trade adjustment may be appropriate. In this case each of the respondents only sold at one level of trade in the home market; therefore, there is no basis upon which any of the respondents has demonstrated a consistent pattern of price differences between levels of trade. Further, we do not have the information which would allow us to examine pricing patterns of respondents' sales of other similar products, and there is no other respondent's or other information on the record to analyze whether the adjustment is appropriate.

Because the data available do not provide an appropriate basis for making a level-of-trade adjustment but the level of trade in Korea for each respondent is at a more advanced stage than the level of trade of the CEP sales, a CEP offset is appropriate in accordance with section 773(a)(7)(B) of the Act. Each respondent claimed a CEP offset, which we applied to NV. We based the CEP offset amount on the amount of home market indirect selling expenses, and limited the deduction for HM indirect selling expenses to the amount of indirect selling expenses incurred on sales in the United States, in accordance with section 772(d)(1)(D) of the Act. The level-of-trade methodology used in this review is based on the facts particular to this review. The Department will continue to examine its policy for making level-of-trade comparisons and adjustments for the final results of this review.

### Fair Value Comparisons

To determine whether sales of PET film in the United States were made at less than fair value, we compared USP to the NV, as described in the "United States Price" and "Normal Value" sections of this notice. In accordance with section 777(A) of the Act, we calculated monthly weighted-average prices for NV and compared these to individual U.S. transactions.

Preliminary Results of Review

We preliminarily determine that the following margins exist for the period June 1, 1994 through May 31, 1995:

Manufacturer/exporter	Margin
KolonSKCSTC	0.14 1.91 4.98

Parties to this proceeding may request disclosure within five days of publication of this notice and any interested party may request a hearing within 10 days of publication. Any hearing, if requested, will be held 44 days after the date of publication, or the first working day thereafter. Interested parties may submit case briefs and/or written comments no later than 30 days after the date of publication. Rebuttal briefs and rebuttals to written comments, limited to issues raised in such briefs or comments, may be filed no later than 37 days after the date of publication. The Department will publish the final results of this administrative review, which will include the results of its analysis of issues raised in any such written comments or at a hearing.

The Department shall determine, and Customs shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. Individual differences between USP and NV may vary from the percentages stated above. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to Customs. The final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the determination and for future deposits of estimated duties.

Furthermore, the following deposit requirements will be effective upon completion of the final results of these administrative reviews for all shipments of PET film from the Republic of Korea entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of these administrative reviews, as provided by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rate for reviewed firms will be the rate established in the final results of administrative review; (2) for merchandise exported by manufacturers or exporters not covered in these reviews but covered in the original less-than-fair value (LTFV) investigation or a previous review, the cash deposit will continue to be the most recent rate published in the final determination or final results for which the manufacturer or exporter received a company-specific rate; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in these reviews,

or the original investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be that established for the manufacturer of the merchandise in the final results of these reviews, or the LTFV investigation; and (4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer is a firm covered in these or any previous reviews, the cash deposit rate will be 4.82%, the "all others" rate established in the LTFV investigation.

This notice also serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 353.26(b) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during these review periods. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This administrative review and notice are in accordance with Section 751(a)(1) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1).

Dated: July 1, 1996.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 96–17464 Filed 7–8–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–M

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 070296B]

# Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (Council) will convene a public meeting of the Red Drum Stock Assessment Panel (Panel).

DATES: This meeting will begin at 1:00 p.m. on July 29, 1996, and will conclude at 5:00 p.m. on July 31, 1996.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, 75 Virginia Beach Drive, Miami, FL.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Wayne Swingle, Executive Director, 5401 West Kennedy Boulevard, Suite 331, Tampa, FL 33609; telephone: (813)

331, Tampa, FL 33609; telephone: (813) 228–2815. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Panel

will review stock assessment information prepared by NMFS for the Gulf stock and will assess whether the

stock has been restored to a level above the overfishing threshold. If the stock has been restored, the Panel will develop an estimate of the range of acceptable biological catch (ABC) for the stock. The Council will review the Panel's report at its September meeting and may specify a total allowable catch (TAC) within the range of ABC for the fishery. Implementation of a TAC will, however, require an amendment to the fishery management plan for red drum. The amendment action would require approximately 9 months for implementation.

The red drum stock was classified as overfished in 1986 and harvest and possession of red drum in Federal waters was prohibited in 1987. Most actions to restore the stock have been taken by the individual Gulf states.

#### Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Anne Alford at the Council (see ADDRESSES) by July 22, 1996.

Dated: July 2, 1996.

Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 96–17439 Filed 7–8–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

### [I.D. 070296A]

## Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council; Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council's Bluefish Advisory Panel (together with the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission's Bluefish Advisory Panel) will hold a public meeting.

**DATES:** The meeting will be held on July 24, 1996, from 1:30 p.m. until 5:30 p.m. **ADDRESSES:** The meeting will be held at the Holiday Inn at the Crossings, 801 Greenwich Avenue, Warwick, RI; telephone: (401) 732–6000.

*Council address*: Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council, 300 S. New Street, Dover, DE 19901; telephone: (302) 674–2331.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** David R. Keifer, Executive Director; telephone: (302) 674–2331.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The purpose of this meeting is for discussion of technical/assessment report, Amendment #1 overfishing definition, and Amendment #1 management measures.

### Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Joanna Davis at the Council (see ADDRESSES) at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Dated: July 2, 1996. Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 96–17438 Filed 7–8–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

### [Docket No. 960111003-6068-03; I.D. 070296C]

## Pacific Halibut Fisheries; 1996 Halibut Landing Report No. 4

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Inseason action.

SUMMARY: The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA, on behalf of the International Pacific Halibut Commission (IPHC), publishes these inseason actions pursuant to IPHC regulations approved by the U.S. Government to govern the Pacific halibut fishery. These actions are intended to enhance the conservation of the Pacific halibut stock.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Steven Pennoyer, 907–586–7221; William W. Stelle, Jr., 206–526–6140; or Donald McCaughran, 206–634–1838.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The IPHC, under the Convention between the United States of America and Canada for the Preservation of the Halibut Fishery of the Northern Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea (signed at Ottawa, Ontario, on March 2, 1953), as amended by a Protocol Amending the Convention (signed at Washington, DC, on March 29, 1979), has issued this inseason action pursuant to IPHC regulations governing the Pacific halibut fishery. The regulations have been approved by NMFS (60 FR 14651, March 20, 1995, and amended at 61 FR 11337, March 20, 1996). On behalf of the IPHC, this inseason action is published in the Federal Register to provide additional notice of its effectiveness, and to inform

persons subject to the inseason action of the restrictions and requirements established therein.

Inseason Action

1996 Halibut Landing Report No. 4

Area 2B Commercial Fishery Update

Halibut landings from Area 2B total 4.45 million pounds (2,018.50 metric tons (mt)) through June 17, leaving 5.07 million pounds (2,299.73 mt) of the catch limit to be caught. The fishery will continue until all Individual Vessel Quotas (IFQ) have been filled, or November 15, whichever is earlier. Annette Island Reserve Fishery in Area 2C.

The Metlakatla Indian community has been authorized by the U.S. Government to conduct a commercial halibut fishery within the Annette Island Reserve. Four 48-hour fishing periods occurred between April 27 and June 10, producing a total catch of 21,400 pounds (9.70 mt).

Alaskan Commercial Fishery Update

It is estimated that the following catches and number of landings were made in the Alaskan IFQ and Community Development Quota (CDQ) fisheries through June 12, 1996.

Area	Catch limit (000's pounds)	Catch (000's pounds)	Number of land- ings
2C	9,000	4,803	1,334
3A	20,000	8,196	1,139
3B	3,700	806	131
4A	1,950	268	40
4B	2,310	314	16
4C	770	1	2
4D	770	157	7
4E	20	34	45
Total	38,620	14,579	2,714

During the same time period in 1995, March 15 through June 9, 8.0 million pounds (3,628.77 mt) were landed in the Alaskan IFQ and CDQ fisheries.

Dated: July 2, 1996.

Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 96–17437 Filed 7–8–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

#### [I.D. 070196F]

### Marine Mammals; Scientific Research Permits (P607 and P614)

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.