ROG from the NFE on the receive-side is no longer required.

### II. Discussion

Section  $17A(b)(3)(F)^7$  of the act requires that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to assure the safeguarding of securities and funds which are in the custody or control of the clearing agency or for which it is responsible. The Commission believes that PTC's proposed rule change is consistent with PTC's obligation under the Section 17A of the Act. Elimination of the NFE deduction for receive-side ROG is consistent with the prior repeal of PTC's authority to reverse transactions. Because PTC no longer can reverse transactions and because the receive-side participant initiates any reversal due to erroneous delivery or other permitted circumstances and thus controls the availability of NFE in its account, the ROG deduction is no longer necessary. As a result, participants with receive-side ROG should benefit from the increased liquidity resulting from the release of NFE previously encumbered by PTC should not incur any additional risks by such release. Moreover, by maintaining the NFE ROG deduction for deliver-side participants, PTC should be able to continue to protect itself from the risks associated with permitted reversals initiated by receive-side participants by ensuring that sufficient NFE exists in delivering participants' accounts. The exclusion of deliver-side ROG from NFE also should continue to dissuade deliver-side participant from taking actions to artificially inflate their NFE.

### III. Conclusion

On the basis of the foregoing, the Commission finds that the proposal is consistent with the requirements of the Act and in particular with the requirements of Section 17A of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

It is therefore ordered, pursuant to section 19(b)(2) of the Act, that the proposed rule change (File No. SR– PTC–96–01) be and hereby is approved.

For the Commission by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.<sup>8</sup>

Margaret H. McFarland, *Deputy Secretary.* [FR Doc. 96–17928 Filed 7–12–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

### SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

### [License No. 04/74-0263]

### Javelin Capital Fund, L.P.; Notice of Issuance of a Small Business Investment Company License

On Tuesday, June 20, 1995, a notice was published in the Federal Register (Vol. 60, No. 118, FR 32193) stating that an application had been filed by Javelin Capital Fund, L.P., at 1075 13th Street, South, Birmingham, Alabama 35205, with the Small Business Administration (SBA) pursuant to Section 107.300 of the Regulations governing small business investment companies (13 CFR 107.300 (1996)) for a license to operate as a small business investment company.

Interested parties were given until close of business Wednesday, July 5, 1995 to submit their comments to SBA. No comments were received.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended, after having considered the application and all other pertinent information, SBA issued License No. 04/74–0263 on August 28, 1995, to Javelin Capital Fund, L.P. to operate as a small business investment company.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 59.011, Small Business Investment Companies)

Dated: July 10, 1996.

Don A. Christensen,

Associate Administrator for Investment. [FR Doc. 96–17949 Filed 7–12–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

#### [Declaration of Disaster Loan Area #2871]

### Florida; Declaration of Disaster Loan Area

Manatee County and the contiguous counties of DeSoto, Hardee, Hillsborough, Polk, and Sarasota in the State of Florida constitute a disaster area as a result of damages caused by severe storms and flooding which occurred on June 20, 1996. Applications for loans for physical damage as a result of this disaster may be filed until the close of business on September 3, 1996 and for economic injury until the close of business on April 3, 1997 at the address listed below: U.S. Small Business Administration, Disaster Area 2 Office, One Baltimore Place, Suite 300, Atlanta, GA 30308 or other locally announced locations.

The interest rates are:

	Percent
For Physical Damage:	
Homeowners with Credit	
Available Elsewhere	7.625
Homeowners without Credit	
Available Elsewhere	3.875
Businesses with Credit Avail-	
able Elsewhere	8.000
Businesses and Non-Profit	
Organizations Without	
Credit Available Elsewhere	4.000
Others (including Non-Profit	
Organizations) with Credit	
Available Elsewhere	7.125
For Economic Injury:	
Businesses and Small Agri-	
cultural Cooperatives with-	
out Credit Available Else-	
where	4.000

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 287106 and for economic injury the number is 895300.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 59002 and 59008) Dated: July 3, 1996.

Dated: July 5, 199

## Ginger Lew,

Acting Administrator. [FR Doc. 96–17947 Filed 7–12–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

[Declaration of Disaster Loan Area #2870]

# New Jersey; Declaration of Disaster Loan Area

Mercer County and the contiguous counties of Burlington, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, and Somerset in the State of New Jersey constitute a disaster area as a result of damages caused by severe storms and flooding which occurred June 12 through June 24, 1996. Applications for loans for physical damage may be filed until the close of business on September 3, 1996 and for economic injury until the close of business on April 2, 1997 at the address listed below: U.S. Small Business Administration, Disaster Area 1 Office, 360 Rainbow Boulevard South, 3rd Floor, Niagara Falls, New York 14303 or other locally announced locations.

The interest rates are:

	Percent
For Physical Damage:	
Homeowners with Credit	
Available Elsewhere	7.625
Homeowners without Credit	
Available Elsewhere	3.875
Businesses with Credit Avail-	
able Elsewhere	8.000

security interests). In the notice of proposed rule change pertaining to this order, the Commission erroneously referred to Release No. 27193 (August 29, 1989), 54 FR 37065 [File No. SR–PTC–89–02] (order approving proposed rule change) as the rule change that removed PTC's reversal capability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F) (1988).

<sup>817</sup> CFR 200.30-3(a)(12) (1995).

	Percent
Businesses and Non-Profit organizations without Cred- it Available Elsewhere Others (Including Non-Profit Organizations) with Credit Available Elsewhere For Economic Injury: Businesses and Small Agri-	4.000 7.125
cultural Cooperatives with- out Credit Available Else- where	4.000

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 287006 and for economic injury the number is 895200.

Any county contiguous to the abovenamed county and not listed herein has been previously declared in a separate declaration for the same occurrence.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 59002 and 59008)

Dated: July 2, 1996.

Ginger Lew,

Acting Administrator.

[FR Doc. 96–17946 Filed 7–12–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

### [Declaration of Disaster Loan Area #2867]

### Pennsylvania; Declaration of Disaster Loan Area (Amendment #1)

In accordance with notices from the Federal Emergency Management Agency, effective June 28, 1996, the above-numbered Declaration is hereby amended to include Adams, Beaver, Bedford, and Franklin Counties in the State of Pennsylvania as a disaster area. This declaration is further amended to expand the incident type for this disaster to include damages resulting from severe storms as well as flooding, and to establish the incident period as June 12 through June 19, 1996.

In addition, applications for economic injury loans from small businesses located in the following contiguous counties may be filed until the specified date at the previously designated location: Allegheny, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Cumberland, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lawrence, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, Perry, Philadelphia, Somerset, Washington, and York Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Hunterdon, Mercer, and Warren Counties in New Jersey; Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, and Washington Counties in Maryland; and Columbiana and Hancock Counties in Ohio

All other information remains the same, i.e., the termination date for filing applications for physical damage is August 17, 1996, and for loans for

economic injury the deadline is March 18, 1997. The economic injury numbers assigned to this are 894700 for Pennsylvania; 894800 for New Jersey; 895400 for Maryland; and 895500 for Ohio. (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 59002 and 59008) Dated: July 8, 1996. Bernard Kulik, Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance. [FR Doc. 96–17948 Filed 7–12–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025–01–P

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

### Adjustment of an Import Limit for Certain Cotton Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Pakistan

July 10, 1996.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs increasing a limit.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 11, 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482– 4212. For information on the quota status of this limit, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of of each Customs port or call (202) 927–6714. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Uruguay Round Agreements Act.

The current limit for Category 360 is being increased by recrediting unused carryforward.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 60 FR 65299, published on December 19, 1995). Also see 60 FR 62393, published on December 6, 1995.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions. Troy H. Cribb,

*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.* 

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

July 10, 1996.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on November 29, 1995, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton and manmade fiber textile products, produced or manufactured in Pakistan and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 1996 and extends through December 31, 1996.

Effective on July 11, 1996, you are directed to amend the November 29, 1995 directive to increase the limit for Category 360 to 4,300,000 numbers<sup>1</sup>, as provided for under the terms of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that this action falls within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C.553(a)(1).

Sincerely, Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. [FR Doc.96–17942 Filed 7–12–96: 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-F

### Adjustment of an Import Limit for Certain Cotton Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Singapore

July 10, 1996.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs increasing a limit.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** July 11, 1996. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Janet Heinzen, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of this limit, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–6716. For information on

<sup>1</sup> The limit has not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1995.