to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, S.W., Room 112, Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone 202–205–1802. Hearing-impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William F. Heinze, Esq., Office of Unfair Import Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, telephone 202–205–2574.

AUTHORITY: The authority for institution of this investigation is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and in section 210.10 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 19 CFR 210.10.

SCOPE OF INVESTIGATION: Having considered the complaint, the U.S. International Trade Commission, on July 31, 1996, ordered That—

- (1) Pursuant to subsection (b) of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, an investigation be instituted to determine whether there is a violation of subsection (a)(1)(B) of section 337 in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain transport vehicle tires by reason of infringement of claims 1–5 or 6 of United States Letters Patent 4,480,671; and whether there exists an industry in the United States as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337.
- (2) For the purpose of the investigation so instituted, the following are hereby named as parties upon which this notice of investigation shall be served:
- (a) The complainant is—Michelin North America, Inc., 1 Parkway South, Greenville, SC 29615–5022.
- (b) The respondents are the following companies alleged to be in violation of section 337, and are the parties upon which the complaint is to be served:
- Kumho & Co., Inc., 10–1, Hoehyun-Dong 2–GA, Chung-Gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea 100–052.
- Kumho USA Inc., 14605 Miller Avenue, Fontana, CA 92336–1695.
- (c) William F. Heinze, Esq., Office of Unfair Import Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, S.W., Room 401–M, Washington, D.C. 20436, shall be the Commission investigative attorney, party to this investigation; and
- (3) For the investigation so instituted, the Honorable Paul J. Luckern is designated as the presiding administrative law judge.

Responses to the complaint and the notice of investigation must be submitted by the named respondents in accordance with section 210.13 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 19 CFR 210.13, Pursuant to §§ 201.16(d) and 210.13(a) of the Commission's Rules, 19 CFR 201.16(d) and 210.13(a), such responses will be considered by the Commission if received not later than 20 days after the date of service by the Commission of the complaint and the notice of investigation. Extensions of time for submitting responses to the complaint will not be granted unless good cause therefor is shown.

Failure of a respondent to file a timely response to each allegation in the complaint and in this notice may be deemed to constitute a waiver of the right to appear and contest the allegations of the complaint and this notice, and to authorize the administrative law judge and the Commission, without further notice to the respondent, to find the facts to be as alleged in the complaint and this notice and to enter both an initial determination and a final determination containing such findings, and may result in the issuance of a limited exclusion order or a cease and desist order or both directed against such respondent.

Issued: July 31, 1996.
By order of the Commission.
Donna R. Koehnke,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-20126 Filed 8-6-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

[Investigation No. 731–TA–750 (Preliminary)]

Vector Supercomputers From Japan

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution and scheduling of a preliminary antidumping investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the institution of preliminary antidumping Investigation No. 731-TA-750 (Preliminary) under section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1673b(a)) (the Act) to determine whether there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports from Japan of vector supercomputers that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value. Unless the Department of

Commerce extends the time for initiation pursuant to section 732(c)(1)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. § 1673a(c)(1)(B)), the Commission must complete preliminary antidumping investigations in 45 days, or in this case by September 12, 1996. The Commission's views are due at the Department of Commerce within five business days thereafter, or by September 19, 1996.

For further information concerning the conduct of this investigation and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 207).

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 29, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Valerie Newkirk (202-205-3190), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearingimpaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (http:// www.usitc.gov or ftp://ftp.usitc.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—This investigation is being instituted in response to a petition filed on July 29, 1996, by Cray Research, Inc., Eagan, MN.

Participation in the investigation and public service list.—Persons (other than petitioners) wishing to participate in the investigation as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in sections 201.11 and 207.10 of the Commission's rules, not later than seven days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to this investigation upon the expiration of the period for filing entries of appearance.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and BPI service list.—Pursuant to section 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI gathered in this preliminary investigation available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the investigation, provided that the

application is made not later than seven days after the publication of this notice in the Federal Register. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Conference.—The Commission's Director of Operations has scheduled a conference in connection with this investigation for 9:30 a.m. on August 20, 1996, at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC. Parties wishing to participate in the conference should contact Valerie Newkirk (202-205-3190) not later than August 16, 1996, to arrange for their appearance. Parties in support of the imposition of antidumping duties in this investigation and parties in opposition to the imposition of such duties will each be collectively allocated one hour within which to make an oral presentation at the conference. A nonparty who has testimony that may aid the Commission's deliberations may request permission to present a short statement at the conference.

Written submissions.—As provided in sections 201.8 and 207.15 of the Commission's rules, any person may submit to the Commission on or before August 23, 1996, a written brief containing information and arguments pertinent to the subject matter of the investigation. Parties may file written testimony in connection with their presentation at the conference no later than three days before the conference. If briefs or written testimony contain BPI, they must conform with the requirements of sections 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules.

In accordance with sections 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the rules, each document filed by a party to the investigation must be served on all other parties to the investigation (as identified by either the public or BPI service list), and a certificate of service must be timely filed. The Secretary will not accept a document for filing without a certificate of service.

Authority: This investigation is being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to section 207.12 of the Commission's rules.

Issued: July 30, 1996.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-20128 Filed 8-6-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

In accordance with Departmental policy, 28 CFR § 50.7, notice is hereby given that, on or about July 29, 1996, a proposed Consent Decree in United States v. Russell Martin Bliss, et al., Civil No. 89-375C-1, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri. The Decree represents a settlement with landowner defendant Antimony Corporation of claims under Sections 106 and 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. 9606 and 9607, arising out of the release by Russell Martin Bliss of the hazardous substance dioxin at the East Texas Motor Freight Company Site, located at 119 Douglas Street in St. Louis, Missouri. Civil No. 89-357C-1 is one of the consolidated actions known collectively as the Missouri Dioxin Litigation, which was brought by the United States to obtain injunctive relief and recover response costs arising out of the release of dioxin at 28 sites in eastern Missouri. The East Texas Motor Freight Company Site is one of those 28 sites.

Under the settlement, Antimony will reimburse the Hazardous Waste Trust Fund (the Superfund) \$300,000 and will assure continued access to the Site to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the proposed Decree.

Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530, and should refer to *United States* v. *Russell Martin Bliss*, et al., Civil No. 89–357C–1, D.J. Ref. 90–11–2–41.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Eastern District of Missouri, 1114 Market Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101; EPA-Region VII's offices at 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 66101; and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005, (202) 624-0892. A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of \$7.75

(25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library. Bruce S. Gelber.

Deputy Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 96–20089 Filed 8–6–96; 8:45 am]

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Clean Water Act

Pursuant to 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a Consent Decree in United States and the State of Montana v. Pegasus Gold Corporation and Zortman Mining, Inc., Civil Act No. 95-95-BLG-JDS (D. Mont.), entered into by the United States on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the State of Montana on behalf of the Montana Department of Environmental Quality, and Pegasus Gold Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary Zortman Mining, Inc. (collectively "Defendants"), was lodged on July 22, 1996 with the United States District Court for the District of Montana. The Fort Belknap Community Council, on behalf of the Assiniboine Tribe and the Gros Ventre Tribe (the ''Tribes''), and Island Mountain Protectors Association ("IMP"), are also parties to the Consent Decree. The Tribes and IMP asserted claims against Defendants and Pegasus Gold, Inc. in Civil Action No. 95-96 BLG-JDS (D. Mont.), which will be consolidated with Civil Action No. 95-95 BLG-JDS upon entry of the Consent Decree. The proposed Consent Decree resolves claims of the United States against the Defendants under section 301(a) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1311(a), claims of the State of Montana against the Defendants under Mont. Code Ann. section 75-5-631, and claims of the Tribes and IMP against the Defendants under section 505 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1365, relating to the discharge of mine drainage and other mine wastewaters at or from the Defendants' Zortman and Landusky mines located next to the Fort Belknap Indian Reservation in northcentral Montana prior to the date of the lodging of the Consent Decree.

The decree includes injunctive relief addressing all discharges of mine wastewaters at or from the Zortman and Landusky mines. Defendants will pay a civil penalty in the amount of \$2 million split equally between the United States and the State of Montana, and pay \$1 million to the Tribes in partial satisfaction of the Tribes' common law aboriginal water rights claim. Defendants will perform three