

a few series of records, and many are updates of previously approved schedules. Such schedules also may include records that are designated for permanent retention.

Destruction of records requires the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted after a thorough study of the records that takes into account their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government's activities, and historical or other value.

This public notice identifies the Federal agencies and their subdivisions requesting disposition authority, includes the control number assigned to each schedule, and briefly describes the records proposed for disposal. The record schedule contains additional information about the records and their disposition. Further information about the disposition process will be furnished to each requester.

#### Schedules Pending

1. Administrative Office of the United States Courts (N1-116-96-6). Computer output microfiche of docket information stored in the Courtran system, 1978-93.

2. Department of the Army (N1-AU-96-2). Committee management files pertaining to committees for which Army is not the lead agency.

3. Department of Energy, Coordination and Information Center (N1-434-91-7). Records that are routine or duplicative of those proposed as permanent in microform or electronic media.

4. Department of Justice, Bureau of Prisons (N1-129-1). Records documenting routine and facilitative correctional services, maintained in the Guard Captain and Unit Manager's offices.

5. Department of State, Bureau of Administration (N1-59-96-16). Routine and facilitative records relating to property management.

6. Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (N1-436-94-1). Ad hoc management reports and labels generated by the Firearms Licensing System. The master file for this system has been determined to have sufficient archival value to warrant permanent retention by the National Archives.

7. Department of the Treasury, Office of Thrift Supervision (N1-483-93-1). Comprehensive schedule for the Dissemination Branch (corporate records).

8. Bonneville Power Administration (N1-305-96-1). Routine records covering waste management, system operations and human resources.

9. Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (N1-465-96-1). Records of the Financial Operations Division.

10. United States Information Agency, Office of Personnel and Training (N1-306-96-2). Routine and facilitative records relating to training matters.

Dated: August 29, 1996.

Michael W. Anderson,

*Acting Assistant Archivist for Records Administration.*

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#### Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

**AGENCY:** National Archives and Records Administration, Office of Records Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice at least once monthly of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records schedules). Records schedules identify records of sufficient value to warrant preservation in the National Archives of the United States. Schedules also authorize agencies after a specified period to dispose of records lacking administrative, legal, research, or other value. Notice is published for records schedules that (1) propose the destruction of records not previously authorized for disposal, or (2) reduce the retention period for records already authorized for disposal. NARA invites public comments on such schedules, as required by 44 USC 3303a(a).

**DATES:** Request for copies must be received in writing on or before November 4, 1996. Once the appraisal of the records is completed, NARA will send a copy of the schedule. The requester will be given 30 days to submit comments.

**ADDRESSES:** Address requests for single copies of schedules identified in this notice to the Records Appraisal and Disposition Division (NIR), National Archives and Records Administration, College Park, MD 20740. Requesters must cite the control number assigned to each schedule when requesting a copy. The control number appears in the parentheses immediately after the name of the requesting agency.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Each year U.S. Government agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. In order to control this accumulation, agency

records managers prepare records schedules specifying when the agency no longer needs the records and what happens to the records after this period. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. These comprehensive schedules provide for the eventual transfer to the National Archives of historically valuable records and authorize the disposal of all other records. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records, and many are updates of previously approved schedules. Such schedules also may include records that are designated for permanent retention.

Destruction of records requires the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted after a thorough study of the records that takes into account their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government's activities, and historical or other value.

This public notice identifies the Federal agencies and their subdivisions requesting disposition authority, includes the control number assigned to each schedule, and briefly describes the records proposed for disposal. The records schedule contains additional information about the records and their disposition. Further information about the disposition process will be furnished to each requester.

#### Schedules Pending

1. Executive Office of the President, Office of the United States Trade Representative (N1-364-96-2). Electronic and textual records created after July 14, 1994, that are duplicative or deal with routine administrative matters. (Master file of e-mail messages will be preserved.)

2. Executive Office of the President, Office of the United States Trade Representative (N1-364-96-3). Electronic and textual records created after August 14, 1991 and before July 15, 1994, that are duplicative or deal with routine administrative matters. (Master file of e-mail messages will be preserved.)

3. Department of Health & Human Services, Health Care Financing Administration (N1-440-94-1). Medicaid state waivers program files and state ADP systems plan files.

4. Defense Intelligence Agency (N1-373-94-1). Routine and facilitative records.

Dated: September 12, 1996.

James W. Moore,

*Assistant Archivist for Records  
Administration.*

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## NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

### Collection of Information; Submission for OMB Review: Comment Request

*Title of Proposed Collection:* Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering.

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the National Science Foundation (NSF) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. Such a notice was published at Federal Register 38228, Dated July 23, 1996. No public comments were received.

The materials are now being sent to OMB for review. Send any written comments to Desk Officer: OMB No. 3145-0062, OIRA, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. Comments should be received by October 18, 1996.

Comments are invited on (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

*Proposed Project:* Graduate Students in science, engineering, and health fields in U.S. colleges and universities, by source and mechanism of support and by demographic characteristics—A mail survey, the Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering originated in 1966 and has been conducted annually since 1972.

The survey is the academic graduate enrollment components of the NSF statistical program that seeks to "provide a central clearinghouse for the collection, interpretation, and analysis of data on the availability of, and the current and projected need for, scientific and technical resources in the United States, and to provide a source of information for policy formulation by other agencies of the Federal government" as mandated in the

National Science Foundation Act of 1950. The proposed project will continue the current survey cycle for three to five years. The annual Fall surveys for 1996 through 2000 will survey the universe of approximately 725 institutions offering accredited graduate programs in science, engineering, or health. The survey has provided continuity of statistics on graduate school enrollment and support for graduate students in all science and engineering and health fields, with separate data requested on demographic characteristics (race/ethnicity and gender by full-time and part-time enrollment status). Statistics from the survey are published in NSF's annual publication series Academic Science and Engineering Graduates, in NSF publications Science and Engineering Indicators, Women, Minorities, and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering, and are available electronically on the World Wide Web.

The survey will be mailed primarily to the administrators at the Institutional Research Offices. To minimize burden the NSF is exploring possibilities for using an automatic survey questionnaire (ASQ) diskette, on which institutions would receive their previous year's data and a complete program for editing and trend checking. Respondents will be encouraged to participate in this initiative should they so wish. Traditional paper questionnaires will also be available, with edition and trend checking performed as part of the survey processing. The public response burden is estimated to be one hour and forty-five minutes per response.

Dated: September 16, 1996.

Herman G. Fleming,

*NSF Reports Clearance Officer.*

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## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-255]

### Consumers Power Company; Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendment to Facility Operating License, Proposed No Significant Hazards Consideration Determination, and Opportunity for a Hearing

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering issuance of an amendment to Facility Operating License No. DPR-20 issued to Consumers Power Company (the licensee) for operation of the Palisades Plant located in Van Buren County, Michigan.

The proposed amendment would revise the Palisades Technical Specifications (TS) Administrative Controls section (Section 6) to adopt the format of NUREG-1432, "Standard Technical Specifications, Combustion Engineering Plants." The proposed amendment would also revise definition, safety limit, limiting condition for operation, and surveillance requirement TS associated with the revision of the administrative controls section, and would make editorial revisions to references throughout the TS to 10 CFR Part 20 requirements.

The proposed amendment classified the changes as Less Restrictive, More Restrictive, Relocated, or Administrative.

Proposed changes classified as less restrictive include revision of surveillance intervals for inservice inspection (ISI) of the chemical and volume control system regenerative heat exchanger, inspection of containment spray nozzles, and containment integrated leak rate testing; and revision or deletion of several administrative and reporting requirements.

In addition to these less restrictive changes, the proposed amendment would also add new requirements, or revise certain existing requirements to result in additional operational restrictions (classified as "More Restrictive" changes); relocate selected requirements from the TS to other licensee-controlled documents (classified as "Relocated" changes); and move or clarify requirements within the TS without affecting their technical content (classified as "Administrative" changes).

Before issuance of the proposed license amendment, the Commission will have made findings required by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations.

The Commission has made a proposed determination that the amendment request involves no significant hazards consideration. Under the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 50.92, this means that operation of the facility in accordance with the proposed amendment would not (1) involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated; or (2) create the possibility of a new or different kind of accident from any accident previously evaluated; or (3) involve a significant reduction in a margin of safety. As required by 10 CFR 50.91(a), the licensee has provided its analysis of the issue of no significant hazards consideration. The NRC staff has reviewed the licensee's analysis