Source of flooding and location

#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD).

*734

*752

*808

*843

*856

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance") Richard W. Krimm,

Executive Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate.

[FR Doc. 96-26911 Filed 10-18-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718-04-P

Tarrant County-Parker County Line Just downstream of Armageddon Ranch Road At Underwood Road

Approximately 150 feet upstream of Crown Road Bridge

At City of Weatherford corporate limits

Stream CF(WP)-1:

Approximately 1,200 feet downstream of East Bankhead Drive

Approximately 120 feet downstream of East Bankhead Drive

Just upstream of East Bankhead Drive

Maps are available for inspection at the Office of the County Judge, Floodplain Department, Courthouse Square, Weatherford, Texas.

Weatherford (City), Parker County (FEMA Docket No. 7181)

Clear Fork Trinity River: At the corporate limits,.

Approximately 1.000 feet downstream of West Lake Drive

Approximately 400 feet upstream of West Lake Road

Maps are available for inspection at the City of Weatherford Department of Code Enforcement, City Hall, 303 Palo Pinto Street, Weatherford, Texas.

Willow Park (City), Parker County (FEMA Docket No. 7181)

Clear Fork Trinity River:

At the corporate limits, approximately 400 feet downstream of East Bankhead Highway

Approximately 100 feet upstream of Interstate Highway

At the upstream corporate limits, approximately 6,300 feet upstream of Interstate Highway 20 westbound

Maps are available for inspection at the City of Willow Park City Hall, 101 Stage Coach Trail, Willow Park, Texas.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 951116270-5308-02; I.D. 101196C]

*827 Fisheries of the Northeastern United States: Summer Flounder Fishery: **Commercial Quota Harvested for New** *835

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries *841 Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Commercial quota harvest.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues this notification to announce that the summer flounder commercial quota available to the State of New York has been harvested. Vessels issued a commercial Federal fisheries permit for the summer flounder fishery may not land summer flounder in New York for the remainder of calendar year 1996, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer. Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery require publication of this notification to advise the State of New York that the quota has been harvested and to advise vessel and dealer permit holders that no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in New York. EFFECTIVE DATE: October 15, 1996, through December 31, 1996. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

*830 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Lucy Helvenston, 508–281–9347.

Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the states from North Carolina through Maine. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state are described in § 648.100. Amendment 7 to the FMP (November 24, 1995, 60 FR 57955) revised the fishing mortality rate reduction schedule for summer flounder, and the revised schedule was the basis for establishing the 1996 quota. The total commercial quota for summer flounder

for the 1996 calendar year is set equal to 11,111,298 lb (5,040,000 kg) (January 4, 1996, 61 FR 291). The percent allocated to vessels landing summer flounder in New York is 7.64699 percent, or 849,680 lb (385,408 kg).

Section 648.100(d)(2) provides that any overages of the commercial quota landed in any state will be deducted from that state's annual quota for the following year. In the calendar year 1995, a total of 1,248,078 lb (566,119 kg) were landed in New York. The amount allocated for New York landings in 1995 was 1,243,374 lb (563,984 kg), creating a 4,704 lb (2,133 kg) overage that was deducted from the amount allocated for landings in that state during 1996 (April 5, 1996, 61 FR 15199). The resulting quota for New York is 844,976 lb (383,275 kg).

Section 625.101(b) requires the Regional Administrator, Northeast Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), to monitor state commercial quotas and to determine when a state commercial quota is harvested. The Regional Administrator is further required to publish a document in the Federal Register advising a state and notifying Federal vessel and dealer permit holders that, effective upon a specific date, the state's commercial quota has been harvested and no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in that state. Because the available information indicates that the State of New York has attained its quota for 1996, the Regional Administrator has determined, based on dealer reports and other available information, that the State's commercial quota has been harvested.

The regulations at § 648.4(b) provide that Federal permit holders agree as a condition of the permit not to land summer flounder in any state that the Regional Administrator has determined no longer has commercial quota available. Therefore, effective October 15, 1996 further landings of summer flounder in New York by vessels holding commercial Federal fisheries permits are prohibited for the remainder of the 1996 calendar year, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer and is announced in the Federal Register. Federally permitted dealers are also advised that they may not purchase summer flounder from Federally permitted vessels that land in New York for the remainder of the calendar year, or until additional quota becomes available, effective on October 15, 1996.

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Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR Part 648 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: October 15, 1996.

Bruce Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 96–26848 Filed 10–15–96; 4:33 pm] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 951116270-5308-02; I.D. 101096C]

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery; Commercial Quota Harvested for Connecticut

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Commercial quota harvest.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues this notification announcing that the summer flounder commercial quota available to the State of Connecticut has been harvested. Vessels issued a commercial Federal fisheries permit for the summer flounder fishery may not land summer flounder in Connecticut for the remainder of calendar year 1996, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer. Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery require publication of this notification to advise the State of Connecticut that the quota has been harvested and to advise vessel and dealer permit holders that no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in Connecticut.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 15, 1996, through December 31, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lucy Helvenston, 508–281–9347.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648, subparts A and G. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the states from North Carolina through Maine. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state is described in § 648.100. Amendment 7 to the FMP (November 24, 1995, 60 FR 57955) revised the fishing mortality rate reduction schedule for summer flounder, and the revised schedule was the basis for

establishing the 1996 quota. The total commercial quota for summer flounder for the 1996 calendar year was adopted to ensure achievement of the appropriate fishing mortality rate of 0.41 for 1996, and is set equal to 11,111,298 lb (5,040,000 kg) (January 4, 1996, 61 FR 291). The percent allocated to vessels landing summer flounder in Connecticut is 2.25708 percent, or 250,791 lb (113,756 kg).

Section 625.101(b) requires the Regional Administrator, Northeast Region (Regional Administrator) to monitor state commercial quotas and to determine when a state commercial quota is harvested. The Regional Administrator is further required to publish a notification in the Federal Register advising a state and notifying Federal vessel and dealer permit holders that, effective upon a specific date, the state's commercial quota has been harvested and no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in that state. After reviewing dealer reports and other available information, the Regional Administrator has determined that Connecticut no longer has commercial quota available because the State's commercial quota for 1996 has been harvested.

The regulations at § 648.4(b) provide that Federal permit holders agree as a condition of the permit not to land summer flounder in any state that the Regional Administrator has determined no longer has commercial quota available. Therefore, effective October 15, 1996, further landings of summer flounder in Connecticut by vessels holding commercial Federal fisheries permits are prohibited for the remainder of the 1996 calendar year, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer and is announced in the Federal Register. Federally permitted dealers are also advised that they may not purchase summer flounder from Federally permitted vessels that land in Connecticut for the remainder of the calendar year, or until additional quota becomes available, effective on October 15, 1996.

Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: October 15, 1996.

Bruce Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 96–26847 Filed 10–15–96; 4:33 pm] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

101196B]
Fisheries of the Northeastern United
States: Summer Flounder Fishery:

[Docket No. 951116270-530802: I.D.

50 CFR Part 648

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery; Commercial Quota Harvested for Rhode Island

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Commercial quota harvest.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues this notification to announce that the summer flounder commercial quota available to the State of Rhode Island has been harvested. Vessels issued a commercial Federal fisheries permit for the summer flounder fishery may not land summer flounder in Rhode Island for the remainder of calendar year 1996, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer. Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery require publication of this notice to advise the State of Rhode Island that the quota has been harvested and to advise vessel and dealer permit holders that no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in Rhode Island.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 15, 1996, through December 31, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lucy Helvenston, 508–281–9347.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the states from North Carolina through Maine. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state are described in § 648.100. Amendment 7 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Summer Flounder Fishery (November 24, 1995, 60 FR 57955) revised the fishing mortality rate reduction schedule for summer flounder, and the revised schedule was the basis for establishing the 1996 quota. The total commercial quota for summer flounder for the 1996 calendar year is set equal to 11,111,298 lb (5,040,000 kg) (January 4, 1996, 61 FR 291). The percent allocated to vessels landing summer flounder in Rhode Island is 15.68298 percent, or 1,742,583 lb (790,422 kg).

Section 648.100(d)(2) provides that any overages of the commercial quota landed in any state well be deducted from that state's annual quota for the following year. In the calendar year