

Docket Number: 95-126. *Applicant:* University of Florida, Department of Chemistry, PO Box 117200, Gainesville, FL 32611-7200. *Instrument:* Electron Paramagnetic Resonance Spectrometer, Model ESP 300E-10/2.7. *Manufacturer:* Bruker Analytische Messtechnik GmbH, Germany. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for studies of the local structure of the transient paramagnetic centers in diverse materials and the kinetics of electron and energy transfer. This will be done by studying relaxation time T_1 and T_2 and coherent quantum beats with 10 ns time-resolution. The range of materials includes but is not limited to: organic electron and energy transfer couples, organic and inorganic thin films, polymers, biological macromolecules, organic and inorganic conductors and semiconductors. In addition, the instrument will be used in the course CHM 6580 special topics in physical chemistry to train students in state-of-the-art techniques in modern magnetic resonance. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 21, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-127. *Applicant:* Armstrong Laboratory, 2509 Kennedy Circle, Brooks AFB, TX 78235-5118. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model CM 120. *Manufacturer:* Philips, The Netherlands. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for analysis of water, air, and bulk samples for the presence of asbestos and evaluation of biological materials in support of in-house research. Experiments will be conducted using animal models of human disease or conditions to determine the harmful effects of lasers, microwaves, radiation, and to evaluate the efficacy of protective devices. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 27, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-128. *Applicant:* University of Maryland at College Park, Microbiology Department, Building #231, College Park, MD 20742. *Instrument:* Extended SpectraKinetics Photomultiplier, Model SK.1E. *Manufacturer:* Applied Photophysics, United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to modify an existing spectro-fluorimeter in order to monitor the kinetics of a variety of different biochemical reactions, all of which involve interactions of proteins with other proteins or with a variety of smaller substrates. The instrumentation will make it possible to monitor the time course of such reactions by monitoring the fluorescence intensities of either the proteins involved or the small substrates. The goal of this research is to understand the interactions among a set of proteins that together enable bacteria to control their

swimming movements. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 27, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-129. *Applicant:* Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Department of Chemistry, 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02129. *Instrument:* Rapid Scanning Diode Array, Model MG 6040. *Manufacturer:* Hi-Tech Scientific, United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for the study of reactions of reduced iron systems with oxygen using stopped flow visible spectroscopy. In the experiments, an anaerobic solution of a diferrous compound (enzyme or model complex) is mixed rapidly in a closed system with a solution containing dioxygen. The changes which take place are followed by observing changes in the absorbance of light at different wavelengths. The objective of these experiments is to understand better the reaction cycle of this very interesting and important enzyme system and to tune the reactivity of relevant small molecule models to do useful chemistry. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 27, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-130. *Applicant:* University of Wisconsin-Madison, Integrated Microscopy Resource, 1525 Linden Drive, Madison, WI 53706. *Instrument:* Upgraded Pulse Compressor, Model DMP-100. *Manufacturer:* Microlase Optical Systems Ltd., United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used with an existing laser that serves as a fluorescence excitation source for the study of the dynamics of the internal cellular architecture of living biological specimens. Cells and developing embryos will be examined with the enhanced microscope system over extended periods of time in order to study the changes in internal structure that occur during development. In addition, the instrument will be used for educational purposes in courses in advanced microscopy techniques for undergraduates, graduate students and visiting academic research workers. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 29, 1995.

Frank W. Creel

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff
[FR Doc. 96-3760 Filed 2-20-96; 8:45 am]

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[C-201-003]

Ceramic Tile from Mexico; Amended Revocation of the Countervailing Duty Order

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Amended Revocation of the Countervailing Duty Order.

SUMMARY: On September 6, 1995, the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit (the CAFC) held that the Department of Commerce (the Department) lacks statutory authority to impose countervailing duties on dutiable goods imported by Mexico after April 23, 1985. Pursuant to this decision, on January 31, 1996, the Court of International Trade (CIT) ordered the Department to revoke the countervailing duty order on ceramic tile from Mexico effective April 23, 1985, and to instruct the U.S. Customs Service to refund any estimated countervailing duties at issue in this case that were deposited by plaintiffs during the period January 1, 1986 through December 31, 1986. In accordance with the CIT's order, we are hereby amending the revocation of the countervailing duty order on ceramic tile from Mexico to be effective April 23, 1985, instead of January 1, 1995 (60 FR 40568; August 9, 1995).

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 21, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gayle Longest or Kelly Parkhill at the Office of Countervailing Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-2786.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On May 9, 1989 (54 FR 19930), the Department published the final results of administrative review of the countervailing duty order on ceramic tile from Mexico, covering the period January 1, 1986, through December 31, 1986. (54 FR 19930) On May 5, 1994, the CIT upheld the Department's final results of administrative review with respect to the issue whether the Department had authority to impose countervailing duties on ceramic tile from Mexico after April 23, 1985 when Mexico was designated as a "country under the agreement," pursuant to its commitments under a bilateral agreement, Understanding between the United States and Mexico Regarding Subsidies and Countervailing Duties. However, the CIT remanded the case to

the Department to recalculate the country-wide countervailing duty rate. *Ceramica Regiomontana S.A., et al. v. United States*, Court No. 89-06-00323, Slip Op. 94-74 (May 5, 1994). On September 14, 1994, the CIT affirmed the Department's redetermination upon remand. Slip Op. 94-142. On September 6, 1995, the CAFC reversed the CIT's decision regarding the issue of whether the Department had authority to impose duties on entries of subject merchandise made after Mexico became a "country under the Agreement." *Ceramica Regiomontana S.A., et al. v. United States*, 64 F.3d 1579 (Fed. Cir. 1995). The CAFC held that, absent an injury determination by the International Trade Commission, the Department lacks statutory authority to impose countervailing duties on dutiable goods imported by Mexico after April 23, 1985.

Accordingly, the CIT ordered the Department to revoke the 1982 Order effective April 23, 1985. According to that order, the Department is to "instruct the U.S. Customs Service to refund any estimated countervailing duties that were deposited with the U.S. Customs Service during the period January 1, 1986 through December 31, 1986 with respect to ceramic tile from Mexico manufactured by (1) Ceramica Regiomontana, S.A.; (2) Ceramics Y Pisos Industriales De Culiacan, S.A. de C.V.; and (3) Industrias Intercontinental, S.A., covered by entries that remained unliquidated at the close of business on February 2, 1995, together with interest calculated as provided in 19 U.S.C. § 1677g." Slip Op. 96-28.

Amended Revocation

Pursuant to the CIT's order of January 31, 1996, the Department is hereby amending the revocation of the countervailing duty order on ceramic tile from Mexico to be effective for all entries made on or after April 23, 1985. We will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to refund cash deposits for entries of this merchandise manufactured by (1) Ceramica Regiomontana, S.A.; (2) Ceramics Y Pisos Industriales De Culiacan, S.A. De C.V.; and (3) Industrias Intercontinental, S.A., during the period January 1, 1986 through December 31, 1986. Certain other entries of the subject merchandise are the subject of related litigation. Upon issuance of appropriate court orders in those cases, we will issue liquidation instructions covering those entries.

This notice is in accordance with section 516(a)(e) of the Act.

Dated: February 12, 1996.
Susan G. Esserman,
Assistant Secretary for Import
Administration.
[FR Doc. 96-3757 Filed 2-20-96; 8:45 am]
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National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 020696E]

Marine Mammals

Pursuant to provisions of the Marine Mammal Protection Act, as amended, (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*, specifically, 1374(c)(3)(C)) and the Regulations Governing the Taking and Importing of Marine Mammals (50 CFR 216.45), letters of confirmation that authorize level B harassment of marine mammals in the wild under authority of the General Authorization for Scientific Research, have been issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service. Level B harassment, as defined in 50 CFR 216.3, means any act of pursuit, torment, or annoyance that has the potential to disturb a marine mammal or marine mammal stock in the wild by causing disruption of behavioral patterns, including, but not limited to migration, breathing, nursing, breeding, feeding, or sheltering but that does not have the potential to injure a marine mammal or marine mammal stock in the wild. The following letters of confirmation were issued to the individuals or organizations from November 1994 through calendar year 1995.

Dr. John G. Morris, Department of Biological Sciences, Florida Institute of Technology, 150 West University Boulevard, Melbourne, FL 32905 (GA No. 1);

Dr. David J. St. Aubin, Director, Research and Veterinary Services, Mystic Marinelife Aquarium, 55 Coogan Blvd., Mystic, CT 06355-1997 (GA No. 2);

Ms. Susan L. McAlear Baker, 11061 Bootjack Court, North Potomac, Maryland 20878 (GA No. 3);

Mr. Stephen T. Viada, Staff Scientist, Continental Shelf Associates, Inc., 759 Parkway Street, Jupiter, FL 33477-9596 (GA No. 4);

Dr. Denise Herzing, Florida Atlantic University, and Wild Dolphin Project, P.O. Box 8436, Jupiter, FL 33468 (GA No. 10);

Dr. John E. Reynolds, III, Professor of Marine Science, Eckerd College, 4200

54th Avenue, South, St. Petersburg, FL 33711 (GA No. 5);

Dr. John H. Schacke, Science Director, The Dolphin Project, 110 Keystone Court, Athens, GA 30605-4942 (GA No. 6);

Dr. Whitlow W.L. Au, Chief Scientist, Marine Mammal Research Program, Hawaii Institute of Marine Biology, University of Hawaii, P.O. Box 1106, Kailua, HI 96734 (GA No. 11);

Dr. James T. Harvey, Moss Landing Marine Laboratories, P.O. Box 450, Moss Landing, CA 95039-0450 (GA No. 7);

Nancy Black, Pacific Cetacean Group, P.O. Box 52001, Pacific Grove, CA 93950 (GA No. 8);

Mr. W. Mark Swingle, Virginia Marine Science Museum, 717 General Booth Blvd., Virginia Beach, VA 23451 (GA No. 9);

Mr. Patrick J. Miller, Schiverick House, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Woods Hole, MA 02543 (GA No. 12);

Dr. Ken Marten, Director of Research, Project Delphis, Earthtrust, 25 Kaneohe Bay Drive, Kailua, HI 96764 (GA No. 13);

Dr. Hidehiro Kato, Head of Large Cetacean Section, National Research Institute of Far Seas Fisheries, c/o Mr. Joji Morishita, Embassy of Japan, 2520 Massachusetts Ave., NW., Washington, D.C. 20008 (GA No. 14);

Mr. James M. Brady, Superintendent, Glacier Bay National, Park and Preserve, National Park Service, P.O. Box 140, Gustavus, AK 99826-0140 (GA No. 15);

Dr. David E. Bain, Friday Harbor Laboratories, University of Washington, 620 University Road, Friday Harbor, WA 98250 (GA No. 16);

Dr. Laela S. Sayigh, Assistant Professor, Biological Sciences and Center for Marine Science Research, University of North Carolina, Wilmington, NC 28403 (GA No. 17);

Ms. Daniela M. Feinholz, Pacific Cetacean Group, P.O. Box 378, Moss Landing, CA 95039 (GA No. 18);

Dr. James R. Gilbert, Professor and Chairperson, Department of Wildlife Ecology, University of Maine, Orono, ME 04469-5755 (GA No. 19); and

Dr. Michael Tillman, Science and Research Director, National Marine Fisheries Service, Southwest Fisheries Science Center, P.O. Box 271, La Jolla, CA 92038 (GA No. 20).

These authorizations and related documents are available for review upon written request or by appointment, in the Permits Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service, 1315 East-West Highway, Room 13130, Silver Spring, MD 20910 (301/713-2289).

For further information contact: Ruth Johnson (F/PR1), Permits Division,