Swanson lakes in the Basin in the 1940's and 1950's pursuant to the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program of the Flood Control Act of 1944. During this same period, the Corps of Engineers constructed Harlan County Lake and Milford Reservoir on the Republican River pursuant to the same authority. Only Milford Reservoir near the confluence of the Republican and Kansas rivers has no storage allocated to irrigation.

Prior to initiating construction on the individual projects, Reclamation negotiated and entered into long-term water service contracts with the irrigation districts. The initial long-term water service contracts were issued for 40-year terms, became effective upon completion of the respective projects, and began to expire in December of 1996.

The location of the reservoirs and irrigation districts within a common watershed and similar expiration dates for the water service contracts provided Reclamation an opportunity to evaluate the direct, indirect, and cumulative effects of long-term water service contract renewal from a watershed perspective. Reclamation initiated its watershed analysis by preparing the RMA to identify water-related resources within the Basin, document their historic and existing conditions, identify resource trends and/or predict future conditions, propose goals and objectives for resource management, and provide a framework for development of the range of alternatives necessary for the comprehensive EIS. Much of the information gathered for, and incorporated into, the RMA will be used to prepare the draft EIS.

Prior to beginning the RMA, Reclamation held seven public information meetings in Nebraska and Kansas in March of 1995 to disseminate information about the environmental compliance and contract renewal processes and to identify existing sources of information, data gaps, and issues. Information obtained at these meetings helped identify concerns about resource management in the Basin, Indian trust assets, and data gaps which must be addressed during the NEPA compliance process.

An extensive range of management scenarios will be formulated for the RMA that are unconstrained by existing law or regulation. The initial range of management scenarios includes over 40 options and varies from no change from current management to optimizing deliveries of water for irrigation at the expense of other beneficial uses to optimizing reservoir management for fisheries and recreation at the expense

of irrigation to restoring the natural hydrograph to the degree possible under constraint of reduced base flows. All of the preliminary management scenarios will be evaluated in the RMA process through hydrologic modeling and other techniques to identify those scenarios which are considered feasible. It should be recognized that some of the management scenarios ultimately identified in the RMA may include actions beyond Reclamation's authority to implement. The RMA process will conclude with the identification of resource management goals and objectives and a broad range of feasible management scenarios. Further screening and evaluation during the environmental compliance process will produce an ultimate range of reasonable alternatives that will be considered and evaluated in detail in the EIS. Both the RMA and EIS will assess potential impacts to Indian trust assets.

A special edition of the Republican River Roundup, a public information newsletter, is available from Ms. Judy O'Sullivan at the above address. The special edition of the newsletter includes an abstract of the draft RMA, information concerning management scenarios under consideration, and sample graphs and tables found in the RMA. The draft RMA is expected to be completed and available for review and comment at the scoping meetings or from Ms. O'Sullivan in late March. A draft EIS is expected to be completed and available for review and comment early in 1997.

Anyone interested in additional information concerning the environmental compliance or water service contract renewal processes, having suggestions regarding significant environmental issues, or having input about concerns or issues related to Indian trust assets should contact Ms. Manring at the above address.

Dated: February 23, 1996. Neil Stessman, Regional Director. [FR Doc. 96–4670 Filed 2–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–94–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

# **Antitrust Division**

# Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Corporation for Open Systems International

Notice is hereby given that, on June 21, 1995, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301

et seq. ("the Act"), Corporation for Open Systems International ("COS") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission reflecting changes in certain existing COS Executive Interest Groups ("EIGS") and the termination of an EIG. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. There are changes in three EIGS. First, the changes in the organizations participating in SONET Interoperability Forum ("The Forum"), an existing COS EIG, are as follows: Motorola, Inc., currently a COS member, became a member of The Forum, effective March 31, 1995; SunSoft, a division of Sun Microsystems, Mountain View, CA, became an Associate of The forum, effective May 17, 1995; Retix, an Associate of the Forum, transferred its membership to its subsidiary, Telegenics, Santa Monica, CA, effective April 19, 1995. Second, AT&T, a current COS member, became a member of Digital Video Home Terminal DVHT EIG, effective April 16, 1995. Third, the X.500 Integration Pilot Project, which was a COS EIG, was completed and terminated effective March 31, 1995.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of COS. Membership in COS remains open, and COS intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On May 14, 1986, COS filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the Federal Register pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on June 11, 1986 (51 FR 21260).

The last notification was filed with the Department on March 31, 1995. A notice was published in the Federal Register pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on June 28, 1995 (60 FR 33431). Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 96–4655 Filed 2–28–96; 8:45 am]

### Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Joint Industry Underwater Welding Research and Development Program

Notice is hereby given that, on July 11, 1995, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. § 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), Global Industries, Ltd. has filed written

notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing a change in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Exxon Production Research Company, Houston, TX has become a party to the group research project.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and Global Industries, Ltd. intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On January 25, 1993, Global Industries, Ltd. filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the Federal Register pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on March 9, 1993 (58 FR 13091).

The last notification was filed with the Department on October 26, 1993. A notice was published in the Federal Register pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on December 28, 1993 (58 FR 68663).

Constance K. Robinson, *Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.*[FR Doc. 96–4656 Filed 2–28–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

#### Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Mid Atlantic Regional Consortium for Advanced Vehicles (MARCAV)

Notice is hereby given that, on July 24, 1995, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. § 4301 et seq. "the Act"), the Participants in the Mid Atlantic Regional Consortium for Advanced Vehicles ("MARCAV") have filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing: (1) the identities of the parties to MARCAV; and (2) the nature and objectives of the venture. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the identities of the current parties participating in MARCAV are: Concurrent Technologies Corporation, Johnstown, PA; Ergenics, Inc., Ringwood, NJ; Keystone Consortium, Allentown, PA; Sigma Labs, Inc.,

Tucson, AZ; Synkinetics, Inc., Bedford, MA; and United Defense LP, Santa Clara, CA.

The nature and objectives of this venture include the pursuit of research and development of electronic hybrid vehicles to address military missions, functions and requirements. It will also provide direct commercial applications for an increasingly significant technology area with great market potential both in the United States and abroad. This effort will assist defensedependent companies to diversify their work and encourage economic development in an advanced technology area. It will improve air quality through reduction of conventional vehicle pollution and increase the options of transportation planners. The areas of technology research and development will include: (1) composite vehicle manufacturing; (2) advanced drive train components; (3) energy management systems; (4) advanced energy storage; (5) advanced motor controllers; (6) efficient battery charging; and (7) crash-test simulation and verification. The purpose of the MARCAV venture does not include the production of a product, process or service as referred to in 15 U.S.C. § 4301(a)(6)(D).

Information regarding participation in this venture may be obtained from Marion Walthall, Concurrent Technologies Corporation, 1450 Scalp Avenue, Johnstown, PA 15904. Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 96–4653 Filed 2–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

### Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Petroleum Environmental Research Forum Project 94–07

Notice is hereby given that, on January 29, 1996, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 et seq. ("the Act"), Petroleum Environmental Research Forum ("PERF") Project No. 94-07, titled "E&P Cooperative Program: Soils/ Sediments/Sludges", has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) the identities of the parties and (2) the nature and objectives of the venture. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the identities of the parties are: Amoco Exploration & Production

Technology Group, Tulsa, OK; Chevron Research and Technology Co., Richmond, CA; Phillips Petroleum Company, Bartlesville, OK; and Texaco Inc., Bellaire, TX. The general area of planned activity is to develop, apply and transfer technology and information which will assist in cost-effective management of soils, sediments and sludges in Exploration and Production Operations.

Participation in this venture will remain open to any and all interested parties until the date upon which work on the program has been completed and a final written report summarizing each of the projects has been provided to the participants. This is anticipated to occur approximately twenty-four (24) months after the Project commences. The participants intend to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in its memberships.

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 96–4654 Filed 2–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

## Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Rapid Object Application Development Consortium

Notice is hereby given that, on July 14, 1995, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 et seq. ("the Act"), the Rapid Object **Application Development Consortium** has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) the identities of the parties and (2) the nature and objectives of the Consortium. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the identities of the parties are: Andersen Consulting LLP, Chicago, IL; Raytheon Company, Lexington, MA; CoGenTex Inc., Ithaca, NY; and Expersoft Corporation, San Diego, CA.

The purpose of the Consortium is to design, develop, and demonstrate architecture, tools and applications in the area of distributed object-oriented software systems, pursuant to a Cooperative Agreement with the Advanced Research Project Agency