

and turned over to the Department of Historic Resources in 1985. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present in the Department of Historic Resources' collections.

During 1981–1982, human remains representing seven individuals were recovered during legally authorized excavations by the Virginia Department of Historic Resources. No known individuals were identified. The five associated funerary objects include a ceramic pipe with tobacco residue, three copper pendants, and one copper bead.

During 1981–1982, human remains representing five individuals were recovered from another component of the Great Neck site during legally authorized excavations by the Virginia Department of Historic Resources. No known individuals were identified. These individuals are represented by one infant burial and the previously disturbed remains of a minimum four individuals. The approximately 100 associated funerary objects with the infant burial are shell disc beads.

The Great Neck site has been identified as a Chesapeake village site, possibly the village known as "Chesepiooc", based on historical documents dating back to the 15th century. The presence of shell-tempered Townsend and Roanoke ceramics indicate this village site was continuously occupied by the same culture from the Late Woodland period through protohistoric times (900—late 1500s AD). All these burials appear to date to this time, and the site appears to have been abandoned until settlement by English colonists in 1635.

By 1607, historical documents indicate Chesapeake people were attached and suffered heavy losses from the Powhatan Confederacy. The last mention of the Chesapeake in historical document was in 1627 concerning a proposed attack by the English on the Chesapeake and other coastal Virginia tribes. There are no known descendants of the Chesapeake tribe, however, historical documents and consultation evidence indicates the Nansemond tribe was allied with the Chesapeake during the 16th and early 17th century. The Nansemond Tribal Association is a non-Federally recognized Indian group.

On October 28, 1994, the Virginia Department of Historic Resources requested a finding from the NAGPRA Review Committee concerning the Nansemond request for repatriation for these 64 individuals listed as "culturally unidentifiable" on the Department's NAGPRA inventory. At its October, 1994 meeting, the NAGPRA Review Committee recommended that

the Department consult with the seven other non-Federally recognized Indian groups recognized by the State of Virginia to identify any other possibly culturally affiliated Indian tribes or non-Federally recognized Indian groups. This recommendation was provided to the Department by the National Park Service in a letter of March 22, 1995. Representatives of Chickahominy, Eastern Chickahominy, Mattaponi, Monacan, Pamunkey, United Rappahannock, and Upper Mattaponi have all stated unanimous support of the Nansemond Tribal Association request for repatriation of these human remains and associated funerary objects.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Virginia Department of Historic Resources have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of 64 individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Virginia Department of Historic Resources have also determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(A), the 105 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Virginia Department of Historic Resources have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), no relationship of shared group identity can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and a Federally recognized Indian tribe. However, officials of the Virginia Department of Historic Resources have determined that a relationship of shared group identity can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Nansemond Tribal Association, a non-Federally recognized Indian group.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Chickahominy, Eastern Chickahominy, Mattaponi Tribal Association, Monacan, Nansemond Indian Tribal Association, Pamunkey, United Rappahannock, Upper Mattaponi, all non-Federally recognized Indian groups. Representatives of any Federally recognized Indian tribe or other valid claimant under NAGPRA that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact M. Catherine Slusser, State Archeologist, Department of Historic Resources, 221 Governor St., Richmond, VA 23219; telephone: (804) 225-3556, before April 28, 1997. Repatriation of the human remains and associated

funerary objects to the Nansemond Tribal Association may begin after that date if no Federally recognized Indian tribes or other valid claimant under NAGPRA makes a claim.

The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

Dated: March 19, 1997.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography
Program.*

[FR Doc. 97-7798 Filed 3-26-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

Bureau of Reclamation

Bay-Delta Advisory Council Meeting

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meetings.

SUMMARY: The Bay-Delta Advisory Council (BDAC) will meet to discuss several issues including: an update on the development of the Levee System Integrity component, the Water Use Efficiency component, the Ecosystem Restoration component, and the Storage and Conveyance component; an overview of the activities of the Ecosystem Roundtable; a description of two draft Alternative configurations; and other issues. The Ecosystem Roundtable (a subcommittee of the BDAC) will meet to discuss the following issues: proposal evaluation criteria, progress on the Workplan, the proposal solicitation package, emerging issues, needs assessment, and updates on other items. Interested persons may make oral statements to the BDAC or to the Ecosystem Roundtable or may file written statements for consideration.

DATES: The Bay-Delta Advisory Council meeting will be held from 9:30 am to 5:00 pm on Thursday, April 10, 1997. The Ecosystem Roundtable will meet from 9:30 am to 12:30 pm on Friday, April 11, 1997.

ADDRESSES: The Bay-Delta Advisory Council will meet at the Sacramento Convention Center, 1400 J Street, Room 204, Sacramento, CA. The Ecosystem Roundtable will meet in Room 1131, 1416 Ninth Street, Sacramento, CA.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: For the BDAC meeting, contact Sharon Gross, CALFED Bay-Delta Program, at (916) 657-2666. For the Ecosystem Roundtable meeting contact Cindy Darling, CALFED Bay-Delta Program, at (916) 657-2666. If reasonable accommodation is needed due to a disability, please contact the Equal

Employment Opportunity Office at (916) 653-6952 or TDD (916) 653-6934 at least one week prior to the meeting.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The San Francisco Bay/Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Estuary (Bay-Delta system) is a critically important part of California's natural environment and economy. In recognition of the serious problems facing the region and the complex resource management decisions that must be made, the state of California and the Federal government are working together to stabilize, protect, restore, and enhance the Bay-Delta system. The State and Federal agencies with management and regulatory responsibilities in the Bay-Delta system are working together as CALFED to provide policy direction and oversight for the process.

One area of Bay-Delta management includes the establishment of a joint State-Federal process to develop long-term solutions to problems in the Bay-Delta system related to fish and wildlife, water supply reliability, natural disasters, and water quality. The intent is to develop a comprehensive and balanced plan which addresses all of the resource problems. This effort, the CALFED Bay-Delta Program (Program), is being carried out under the policy direction of CALFED. The CALFED Bay-Delta Program is exploring and developing a long-term solution for a cooperative planning process that will determine the most appropriate strategy and actions necessary to improve water quality, restore health to the Bay-Delta ecosystem, provide for a variety of beneficial uses, and minimize Bay-Delta system vulnerability. A group of citizen advisors representing California's agricultural, environmental, urban, business, fishing, and other interests who have a stake in finding long term solutions for the problems affecting the Bay-Delta system has been chartered under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) as the Bay-Delta Advisory Council (BDAC) to advise CALFED on the program mission, problems to be addressed, and objectives for the CALFED Bay-Delta Program. BDAC provides a forum to help ensure public participation, and will review reports and other materials prepared by CALFED staff. BDAC has established a subcommittee called the Ecosystem Roundtable to provide input on annual work plans to implement ecosystem restoration projects and programs.

Minutes of the meetings will be maintained by the CALFED Bay-Delta Program, Suite 1155, 1416 Ninth Street, Sacramento, CA 95814, and will be available for public inspection during

regular business hours, Monday through Friday within 30 days following the meeting.

Dated: March 21, 1997.

Kirk C. Rodgers,
Acting Regional Director, Mid-Pacific Region.
[FR Doc. 97-7774 Filed 3-26-97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310-94-M

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Notice of Acceptance of the American Schools and Hospitals Abroad (ASHA) Application for Assistance

SUMMARY: This applicant notice is for private U.S. organizations requesting grant assistance for overseas institutions under Section 214 of the Foreign Assistance Act. "Applicant" refers to the United States founder or sponsor of the overseas institution.

The Office of American Schools and Hospitals (ASHA) will accept applications for assistance in fiscal years 1997/1998, if received by ASHA on or before June 30, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The Office of American Schools and Hospitals Abroad (ASHA), (703) 351-0232.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: American Schools and Hospitals Abroad.

Form No.: A.I.D.1010-2.

OMB No.: 0512-0011.

Type of Submission: Acceptance of Application for Assistance.

Abstract: The application was used by U.S. founders and sponsors in applying for grant assistance from ASHA on behalf of their institutions overseas. ASHA is a competitive grant program. Decisions are based on an annual comparative review of all applications requesting assistance in the fiscal year, pursuant to Section 214 of the Foreign Assistance Act, as amended.

ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN:

Respondents: U.S. Not-for-profit organizations.

Number of Respondents: 85.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden on Respondents: 12.

Dated: March 18, 1997.

Mable S. Meares,
Acting Director, Office of American Schools and Hospitals Abroad, Bureau for Humanitarian Response.
[FR Doc. 97-7748 Filed 3-26-97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6116-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Advanced Target/Threat Assessment Code Project

Notice is hereby given that, on March 6, 1997, pursuant to § 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. § 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), the Advanced Target/Threat Assessment Code ("ATTAC") Project has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) the identities of the parties and (2) the nature and objectives of the venture. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances.

Pursuant to § 6(a) of the Act, the identities of the parties are: Nuclear Metals, Inc., Concord, MA; Southwest Research Institute, San Antonio, TX; and TNO Prins Maurits Laboratory, Rijswijk, NETHERLANDS.

The area of planned activity is to create an Advanced Target/Threat Assessment Code ("ATTAC") to provide armor engineers and vulnerability analysts with a computer tool which can be used to perform detailed assessment of armor systems at all stages of development but utilizing advanced analytical penetration/perforation modeling procedures using a PC platform with extensive graphics capabilities by merging PMC software with penetration models previously developed by Southwest Research Institute.

Membership in the ATTAC Project will remain open and the ATTAC will file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

Constance K. Robinson,
Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.
[FR Doc. 97-7749 Filed 3-26-97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410-11-M

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—The Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line Forum

Notice is hereby given that, on February 10, 1997, pursuant to § 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), the Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line Forum ("ADSL") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney