- (1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—
- (2) That sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,
- (3) That imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases in imports contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or
- (4) That there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

NAFTA-TAA-01899; Remington Apparel Co., Inc., Graham, TX NAFTA-TAA-01705; Best Power, Div. of General Signal Power Systems, Inc., Necedah. WI

NAFTA-TAA-01718; Jet Farms, Loxahatchee, FL

NAFTA-TAA-01760; Brooks Tropicals, Inc., Homestead, FL

NAFTA-TAA-01789; Barnett Farms, Immokalee, FL

NAFTA-TAA-01781; RCM Converters, Inc., El Paso, TX

NAFTA-TAA-01729; J.E.M., West Palm Beach, FL

NAFTA-TAA-01757; Richard Miller, d.b.a. Miller Contracting & Management Belle Glade, FL

NAFTA-TAA-01885; Ramsay Fabrics, Inc., New York, New York

NAFTA-TAA-01930; Anvil Knitwear, Inc., Gibson Plant, Gibson, NC

NAFTA-TAA-01859; Stanwood Mills, Inc., Slatington, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01732; Pero Family Farms, Del Ray Beach, FL

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

NAFTA-TAA-01932; Trans World Airlines, Inc., Kansas City Overhaul Base, Kansas City, MO

NAFTA-TAA-01924; Echo Bay Management Corp., Englewood, CO

NAFTA-TAA-01911; Doran Texiles, Inc., Fox Wells Sales Div., New York, NY

NAFTA-TAA-01836; McCrory Corp., York, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01872; Philips Components, A Div. of Philips Electronics North America Corp., Jupiter, FL

NAFTA-TAA-01964; Payless Cashways, Inc., Wichita Falls, TX

NAFTA-TAA-01928; Lummi Casino, A Div. of Lummi Indian Business Council, Bellingham, WA

The investigation revealed that the workers of the subject firm did not produce an article within the meaning of Section 250(a) of the Trade Act, as amended.

NAFTA-TAA-01874; Wyeth-Ayerst Laboratories, American Home Products Corp., Bound Brook, NJ

A significant number or proportion of the workers (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision) did not become totally or partially separated as required for certification.

NAFTA-TAA-01731; Mecca Farms, Inc., Lantana, FL

A significant number or proportion of the workers (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision) did not become totally or partially separated as required for certification. Sales or production did not decline during the relevant period as required for certification.

Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name & location for each determination references the impact date for all workers for such determination.

NAFTA-TAA-01910; Heinz Bakery Products, Buffalo, NY: August 26, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01775; General Cable Corp. Montoursville, PA: June 17, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01782; Flexel, Inc., Covington, IN: June 23, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01841; Norton Co., Coated Abrasives, Watervliet, NY: July 22, 1996.

NAFTĂ-TAA-01907 & A,B,C,D; Dana Design Limited, Bozeman, MT, Livingston, MT, Lewistown, MT, and Belgrade, MT: August 26, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01832; Magna Interior Systems, Del Rio, TX: May 22, 1996. NAFTA-TAA-01917; Seymour Housewares Corp., Mooresville, NC: August 28, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01864; Chase Packaging Corp., Portland, OR: July 31, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01870: Editorial America, Virginia Gardens, FL: July 24, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01865; SSF Building Materials, Inc., Northport, WA: August 11, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01937 & A; Sweetheart Cup Co., Springfield , MO and Riverside, CA: September 22, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01912; Collegiate Sportswear, Inc., Kingston, TN: August 27, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01903; Bassett-Walker, Inc., North Wilkesboro Div., North Wilkesboro, NC: August 26, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01925; Nukote International, Inc., Franklin, TN: September 17, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01882; Target Components, Inc., Kentwood, MI: August 5, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01908; Malone Manufacturing, Inc., Malone, NY: August 22, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01814; Chesterfield Manufacturing, Chesterfield, SC: August 9, 1996.

NAFTA-TAA-01223; Johnson & Johnson Medical, Inc., El Paso, TX: August 29, 1995.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of October, 1997. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C–4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: October 21, 1997.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–29227 Filed 11–4–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-33,665; TA-W-33,665A]

Anvil Knitwear, Incorporated; Aynor, SC and Gibson, NC; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on July 24, 1997, applicable to all workers of Anvil Knitwear, Incorporated, Aynor, South Carolina. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on September 4, 1997 (62 FR 46775).

At the request of the petitioners, the Department reviewed the certification for workers on the subject firm. The workers are engaged in employment related to the production of T-shirts and tank tops. New information provided by the company shows that worker separations occurred at the subject firm's Gibson, North Carolina facility when it closed in September, 1997. The workers are engaged in employment related to the production of T-shirts. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to cover workers of Anvil Knitwear, Incorporated, Gibson, North Carolina.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Anvil Knitwear, Incorporated adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–33,665 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Anvil Knitwear, Incorporated, Aynor, South Carolina (TA–W–33,665) and Gibson, North Carolina (TA–W–33,665A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after May 24, 1996 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 14th day of October, 1997.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–29220 Filed 11–4–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-32,949; TA-W-32,950]

Barclay Home Products; Cherokee, North Carolina and Robbinsville, North Carolina; Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration

On June 13, 1997, the Department issued an Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration, applicable to workers and former workers of Barclay Home Products located in Cherokee and Robbinsville, North Carolina. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on June 27, 1997 (62 FR 34712).

The petitioner presented evidence that the Department's survey of the

subject firm's customers was incomplete.

The initial determination reported that the workers at the subject firm produced quilted comforters. New information provided to the Department on reconsideration reveals that the workers at the subject firm plants in Cherokee and Robbinsville, North Carolina were also producing quilts and quilt ensembles. The workers producing quilted comforters, quilts and quilt ensembles are not separately identifiable by product.

New information provided by the subject firm show that sales and production of quilts and quilt ensembles declined during the time period relevant to the investigation. Employment declined to zero when the subject firm plants closed in December 1996.

The quantity of aggregate U.S. imports of quilts increased from 1995 to 1996 and in the twelve month time period of July through June 1997 compared to the same twelve month time period of 1996. The value of aggregate U.S. imports of quilts declined from 1995 to 1996, but increased in the twelve month time period of July through June 1997 compared to the same twelve month time period of 1996.

On reconsideration, the Department conducted a survey of the subject firm's major declining customers. Survey findings show that from 1995 to 1996, a major customer stopped purchasing quilts and quilt ensembles from Barclay Home Products in favor of increased purchases of quilts and quilt ensembles from other domestic sources that were wholly manufactured in other foreign countries.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reconsideration, I conclude that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with quilts and quilt ensembles contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of Barclay Home Products, Cherokee and Robbinsville, North Carolina.

In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

All workers of Barclay Home Products, Cherokee, North Carolina (TA–W–32,949) and Robbinsville, North Carolina (TA–W–32,950), who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 7, 1995, are eligible to apply for worker adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 16th day of October 1997.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–29222 Filed 11–4–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-33,430]

Bijur Lubricating Corporation, a Subsidiary of Vesper Corporation, Bennington, Vermont; Notice of Revised Determination on Reopening

On June 24, 1997, the Department issued a Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, applicable to workers and former workers of Bijur Lubricating Corporation, a subsidiary of Vesper Corporation, located in Bennington, Vermont. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on July 18, 1997 (62 FR 38584).

By letter of August 1, 1997, the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America (UE) Local 295, requested administrative reconsideration regarding the Department's denial of trade adjustment assistance for workers of the subject firm.

Workers at the subject firm were engaged in employment related to the production of automotive drive shafts, and lubrication equipment and accessories. The workers are separately identifiable by produce line.

New information provided by Bijur Lubricating Corporation shows that company sales of lubrication equipment and accessories decreased from May through June 1997 compared to May through June 1996. During this same time period, company imports of lubrication equipment and accessories increased relative to sales.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reopening, I conclude that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with lubrication equipment and accessories contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of Bijur Lubricating Corporation, Bennington, Vermont. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

All workers of Bijur Lubricating Corporation, a subsidiary of Vesper Corporation, Bennington, Vermont, engaged