submitted by the States must be based solely on a determination of whether the submittal is consistent with SMCRA and its implementing Federal regulations and whether the other requirements of 30 CFR Parts 730, 731, and 732 have been met.

National Environmental Policy Act

No environmental impact statement is required for this rule since section 702(d) of SMCRA (30 U.S.C. 1292(d)) provides that agency decisions on proposed State regulatory program provisions do not constitute major Federal actions within the meaning of section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)).

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not contain information collection requirements that require approval by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3507 *et seq.*).

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of the Interior has determined that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). The State submittal which is the subject of this rule is based upon corresponding Federal regulations for which an economic analysis was prepared and certification made that such regulations would not have a significant economic effect upon a substantial number of small entities. Accordingly, this rule will ensure that existing requirements previously promulgated by OSM will be implemented by the State. In making the determination as to whether this rule would have a significant economic impact, the Department relied upon the data and assumptions for the corresponding Federal regulations.

Unfunded Mandates

This rule will not impose a cost of \$100 million or more in any given year on any governmental entity or the private sector.

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 938

Intergovernmental relations, Surface mining, Underground mining.

Dated: October 15, 1997.

Allen D. Klein,

Regional Director, Appalachian Regional Coordinating Center.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, Title 30, Chapter VII, Subchapter T of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as set forth below:

PART 938—PENNSYLVANIA

1. The authority citation for Part 938 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.

2. Section 938.15 is amended in the table by adding a new entry in chronological order by "Date of Final Publication" to read as follows:

§ 938.15 Approval of Pennsylvania regulatory program amendments.

Original amendment Date of final submission publication date Citation/description

January 23, November 7, Chapters 86 1995. 1997. through 90.

3. Section 938.16 is amended by removing and reserving paragraphs (g), (l), (q), (s), (t), (u), (v), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (bb), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (ii), (jj), and (ddd); and by adding paragraphs (ppp) through (uuu) to read as follows:

§ 938.16 Required regulatory program amendments.

(ppp) By January 6, 1998, Pennsylvania shall submit a proposed amendment to section 86.5(m), or otherwise amend its program, to provide for notification of the operator and any intervenors of a decision not to revoke an exemption.

(qqq) By January 6, 1998, Pennsylvania shall submit a proposed amendment to subsection 86.55(j), or otherwise amend its program, to require that any applications for permit renewal be submitted at least 120 days before the permit expiration date.

(rrr) By January 6, 1998, Pennsylvania shall submit a proposed amendment to subsections 87.108(c), 89.24(c), and 90.108(c), or otherwise amend its program, to require, without exception, that sedimentation ponds cannot be removed sooner than two years after the last augmented seeding.

(sss) By January 6, 1998, Pennsylvania shall submit proposed amendments to subsections 88.105(c), 88.201(c) and 88.305(c), or otherwise amend its program, to require additional hydrologic testing whenever the PHC determination indicates that adverse impacts may occur to the hydrologic balance, or that acid-forming or toxic-forming material is present that may result in the contamination of surface or ground water supplies.

(ttt) By January 6, 1998, Pennsylvania shall submit a proposed amendment to

sections 88.321 and 90.133, or otherwise amend its program, to require that no noncoal waste be deposited in a coal refuse pile or impounding structure.

(uuu) By January 6, 1998, Pennsylvania shall submit a proposed amendment to provide counterparts to the Federal regulations at 30 CFR 702.15 (d), (e), (f) and 702.17 (c)(2) and (c)(3) to require that authorized representatives have the right to enter operations conducting incidental coal extraction and that administrative reviews of the State's determinations be conducted.

[FR Doc. 97–29475 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–05–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 100

[CGD07-97-047]

RIN 2115-AE46

Special Local Regulations; City of Augusta, GA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

summary: Temporary special local regulations are being adopted for the Augusta Port Authority's Head of the South Rowing Regatta. The event will be held from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m. Eastern Standard Time (EST) on November 7 and 8, 1997, on the Savannah River at Augusta, GA.

DATES: This rule becomes effective from 6:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. EST on November 7 and 8, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: LTJG M.J. DaPonte, Project Manager, Coast Guard Group Charleston at (803) 724–7621.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory History

On September 26, 1997, the Coast Guard published a notice of proposed rulemaking entitled Head of the South Rowing Regatta, in the **Federal Register** (62 FR 50544). The Coast Guard received no comments during the notice of proposed rulemaking. A public hearing was not requested, and none was held.

Background and Purpose

These regulations are needed to provide for the safety of life during the Head of the South Rowing Regatta. The regulations are intended to promote safe navigation on the Savannah River immediately before, during, and after the race by controlling the traffic entering, exiting, and traveling within the regulated area.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553, good cause exists for making these regulations effective in less than 30 days after Federal Register publication. Delaying its effective date would be contrary to national safety interests since immediate action is needed to minimize potential danger to the public. The permit request to hold this event was received by the Coast Guard in late September, leaving insufficient time for a full comment period and delayed effective date. The anticipated number of participants and spectator vessels poses a safety concern which is addressed in these special local regulations. There will be approximately 6000 participants racing singles, doubles, four, and eight person rowing shells on a fixed course. The event will take place on the Savannah River at Augusta, GA between mile marker 200.20 and marker 197.0.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553, good cause exists for making these regulations effective in less than 30 days after Federal Register publication. Delaying its effective date would be contrary to national safety interests since immediate action is needed to minimize potential danger to the public. The permit request to hold this event was received by the Coast Guard in late September, leaving insufficient time for a full comment period and delayed effective date.

Regulatory Evaluation

This rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of executive order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that order. It has been exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget under that order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10(e) of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary. The regulated area encompasses less than 3 nautical miles on the Savannah River between mile markers 200.2 and 197.0, entry into which is prohibited for only twelve hours on each day of the event.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). The Coast Guard must consider whether this rule will

have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. "Small entities" include small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their field and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. For the reasons stated above in the Regulatory Evaluation, the believes this rule not have a significant effect upon a substantial number of small entities. Therefore, the Coast Guard certifies under section 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant effect upon a substantial number of small entities, because these regulations will only be in effect for two days in a limited area of the Savannah River that is seldom used for commerce.

Collection of Information

These regulations contain no collection of information requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

Federalism

This action has analyzed in accordance with the principals and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612 and it has been determined that this rulemaking does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Environmental Assessment

The Coast Guard has considered the environmental impact of this action, and has determined pursuant to Section 2.B.2.e(34)(h) of Commandant Instruction M16475.1B, that it is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A Categorical Exclusion Determination and Environmental Analysis Checklist has been prepared and are available in the docket for inspection or copying.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 100

Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Waterways.

Temporary Regulations:

In consideration of the foregoing, the Coast Guard amends Part 100 of Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:

PART 100—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 100 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1233; 49 CFR 1.46 and 33 CFR 100.35.

2. A temporary section 100.35T-07-047 is added to read as follows:

§100.35T-07-047 Head of the South Rowing Regatta; Savannah River, Augusta,

- (a) Definitions:
- (1) Regulated area. A regulated area is established on that portion of the Savannah River at Augusta, GA, between mile markers 200.2 and 197.0. The regulated area encompasses the width of the Savannah River between these two points.
- (2) Coast Guard Patrol Commander. The Coast Guard Patrol Commander is a commissioned, warrant, or petty officer of the Coast Guard who has been designated by the Commander, Coast Guard Group Charleston, SC.
- (b) Special Local Regulations. Entry into the regulated area by other than event participations is prohibited, unless otherwise authorized by the Coast Guard Commander. After termination of the Head of the South Rowing Regatta on November 7–8, 1997, all vessels may resume normal operations.
- (c) Effective Date. This section is effective from 6:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. EST on November 7 and 8, 1997.

Dated: October 27, 1997.

Norman T. Saunders,

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander, Seventh Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 97-29509 Filed 11-6-97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-14-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Parts 100 and 165 [CGD 97-071]

Safety Zones, Security Zones, and **Special Local Regulations**

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of temporary rules issued.

SUMMARY: This document provides required notice of substantive rules adopted by the Coast Guard and temporarily effective between July 1, 1997 and September 30, 1997, which was not published in the Federal Register. This quarterly notice lists temporary local regulations, security zones, and safety zones, which were of limited duration and for which timely publication in the Federal Register may not have been possible.

DATES: This notice lists temporary Coast Guard regulations that became effective and were terminated between July 1, 1997 and September 30, 1997, as well as several regulations which were not included in the previous quarterly list.