- Conduct a well test at least once every 2 months unless the Regional Supervisor approved a different frequency;
- (2) Follow the well test procedures in § 250.173; and
- (3) Retain the well test data at the field location for 2 years.

§ 250.185 Site Security.

- (a) What are the requirements for site security? Lessees must:
- (1) Protect Federal production against production loss or theft;
- (2) Post a sign at each storage tank that MMS uses to determine royalty. The sign must contain the name of the facility operator, the size of the tank, and the tank number;
- (3) Not bypass MMS-approved liquid hydrocarbon royalty meters and tanks; and
- (4) Report the following to the Regional Supervisor as soon as possible, but no later than the next business day after discovery:
- (i) Theft or mishandling of production;
- (ii) Tampering or bypassing of meter or prover devices; and
- (iii) Falsifying production measurements.
- (b) What are the requirements for using seals? Lessees must:
- (1) Seal the following components of liquid hydrocarbon royalty installations to ensure that tampering cannot occur without destroying the seal:
- (i) Meter stack component connections from the base of the stack to the register;
- (ii) Sampling systems including packing device, fittings, chains, sight glass, and container lid;
- (iii) Temperature and gravity compensation device components;
- (iv) All valves on lines leaving an oil storage tank including load-out line valves, drain-line valves, and connection-line valves between royalty and non-royalty tanks; and
- (v) Any additional components required by the Regional Supervisor.
- (2) Number and track the seals and keep the record at the field location for 2 years; and
- (3) Make the record of seals available for MMS inspection.

§ 250.186 Measuring gas lost or used on a lease.

What are the requirements for measuring gas lost or used on a lease?

(a) Lessees must either measure or estimate the volume as required by the Regional Supervisor.

(b) If the Regional Supervisor requires you to measure the volume, document the measurement equipment used and include the volume measured.

- (c) If the Regional Supervisor requires you to estimate the volume, document the estimating method and the data used and include the volume estimated.
- (d) Lessees must keep the volume estimates and documentation at the field location for 2 years.
- (e) If the Regional Supervisor requests, lessees must provide copies of the records.

[FR Doc. 97-4534 Filed 2-25-97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-MR-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[WA50-7123b; FRL-5692-9]

Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plans: Washington

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving in part, and disapproving in part, and taking no action in part on the Regulations of the Southwest Air Pollution Control Authority (SWAPCA) for the control of air pollution in Clark, Cowlitz, Lewis, Skamania and Wahkiakum Counties, Washington, as revisions to the Washington State Implementation Plan (SIP). These revisions pertain to General Regulations for Air Pollution Sources administered by SWAPCA. In the final rules section of this Federal Register, the EPA is approving the State's SIP revision as a direct final rule without prior proposal because the Agency views this as a noncontroversial revision amendment and anticipates no adverse comments. A detailed rationale for the approval is set forth in the direct final rule. If no adverse comments are received in response to this proposed rule, no further activity is contemplated in relation to this rule. If the EPA receives adverse comments, the direct final rule will be withdrawn and all public comments received will be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action.

DATES: Comments on this proposed rule must be received in writing by March 28, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to Montel Livingston, Environmental Protection Specialist (OAQ-107), Office of Air Quality, at the EPA Regional Office listed below. Copies of the documents relevant to this proposed rule are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the following locations. The interested persons wanting to examine these documents should make an appointment with the appropriate office at least 24 hours before the visiting day.

Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10, Office of Air Quality, 1200 6th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101.

Washington State Department of Ecology, P.O. Box 47600, PV-11, Olympia, WA, 98504-7600.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Wayne Elson, Office of Air Quality (OAQ-107), EPA, 1200 6th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101, (206) 553-1463.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: See the information provided in the Direct Final action which is located in the rules section of this Federal Register.

Dated: February 14, 1997.

Charles Findley,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 97-4660 Filed 2-25-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Parts 52 and 64

[CC Docket No. 92-105; FCC 97-51]

The Use of N11 Codes and Other Abbreviated Dialing Arrangements

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Proposed Rule.

SUMMARY: On February 19, 1997, the Commission released a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (*FNPRM*) addressing N11 codes. The FNPRM is intended to obtain comment on the technical feasibility of implementing 711 for access to telecommunications relay services (TRS) and on several other issues related to N11 code administration.

DATES: Comments must be filed on or before March 31, 1997, and reply comments must be filed on or before April 30, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 1919 M Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Nightingale, Attorney, Network Services Division, Common Carrier Bureau, (202) 418–2352.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This summarizes the Commission's Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the matter of The Use of N11 Codes and Other Abbreviated Dialing

Arrangements, FCC 97–51, adopted February 18, 1997, and released February 19, 1997. The Commission concurrently released a First Report and Order in the same docket. The file is available for inspection and copying during the weekday hours of 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. in the Commission's Reference Center, room 239, 1919 M St., N.W., Washington D.C., or copies may be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, ITS, Inc. 2100 M St., N.W., Suite 140, Washington, D.C. 20037, phone (202) 857–3800.

Analysis of Proceeding

The FNPRM asks for comment on the technical feasibility of implementing 711 for TRS access. The FNPRM also ask parties: (1) if it would be possible to develop within a reasonable time an N11 "gateway" offering access to multiple TRŠ providers; (2) whether, with such gateway access, TRS calls would still be answered within our mandatory minimum standards for TRS answer times; (3) whether such a gateway would be consistent with Section 255 of the Act; and (4) whether any other important disability services could be accessed through the same gateway. Regarding TRS, the FNPRM also requests comment from interested parties, particularly TRS providers, about the possibility of providing both voice and text TRS services through the same abbreviated N11 code. The FNPRM also asks for comment on the technical feasibility and time needed to make network changes to ensure that all telecommunications carriers have the same access that LECs have to certain N11 codes. Finally, the FNPRM asks for comment on the proprietary nature of N11 codes and on our proposal to transfer the administration of N11 codes at the local level from the incumbent LECs to the NANP administrator.

Ordering Clauses

It is further ordered, pursuant to Sections 1, 4(i) and (j), 201–205, 218 and 251(e)(1) of the Communications Act as amended, 47 U.S.C. Sections 151, 154(i), 151(j), 201–205, 218 and 251(e)(1), that the Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking is hereby ADOPTED.

List of Subjects

47 CFR Part 52

Local exchange carrier, Numbering, Telecommunications.

47 CFR Part 64

Communications common carriers, Individuals with disabilities, Telecommunications relay services, and related customer premises equipment for persons with disabilities, Telephone.

Federal Communications Commission William F. Caton,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–4786 Filed 2–25–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 630

[I.D. 010897A]

RIN 0648-AE09

Atlantic Swordfish Fisheries; Notice of Availability of Amendment 1

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of availability of an amendment to a fishery management plan; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the Highly Migratory Species Division has submitted Amendment 1 to the Fishery Management Plan for Atlantic Swordfish (FMP) for review, approval, and implementation by NMFS. Written comments are requested from the public. Amendment 1 would implement limited access measures for the Atlantic swordfish fisheries.

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before April 28, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to William Hogarth, Acting Chief, Highly Migratory Species Management Division (F/SF1), NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910. Requests for copies of Amendment 1, which includes an environmental assessment and a regulatory impact review, should be sent to James Chambers, Fishery Management Specialist, Highly Migratory Species Management Division (F/SF1), NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James Chambers or John Kelly, 301–713–2347; fax: 301–713–1917.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Atlantic swordfish fishery is managed under the FMP and its implementing regulations found at 50 CFR part 630 and issued under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act)(16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) and the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act (ATCA) (16 U.S.C. 971

et seq.). Regulations issued under the authority of ATCA carry out the recommendations of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT). The FMP was implemented on September 18, 1985.

If approved, Amendment 1 would redefine permits as directed or incidental, develop eligibility criteria for these permits based on historical participation, and specify rules for transferability of permits. NMFS has determined that the Atlantic swordfish fishery is overfished and overcapitalized, with an excessive number of permitted vessels relative to the harvest level prescribed by ICCAT. The objective of this Amendment is to take a first and significant step towards reducing fleet capacity to levels more closely aligned with resource production by implementing limited access, substantially reducing latent harvesting capacity, and implementing measures to prevent further overcapitalization while allowing traditional hand-gear fishers to participate fully as the stock recovers.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.* and 16 U.S.C. 971 *et seq.*

Dated: February 19, 1997.
Rolland A. Schmitten,
Assistant Administrator for Fisheries,
National Marine Fisheries Service.
[FR Doc. 97–4657 Filed 2–20–97; 2:46 pm]
BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

50 CFR Part 630

[Docket No. 970206023-7023-01; I.D. 010897A]

RIN 0648-AE09

Atlantic Swordfish Fisheries; Limited Access Program

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Proposed rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS proposes to implement the limited access system contained in Amendment 1 to the Fishery Management Plan for Atlantic Swordfish (FMP). If approved, Amendment 1 would establish a two-tiered permit system for the Atlantic swordfish commercial fishery, set forth eligibility criteria for these permits based on historical participation, and limit the transferability of these permits. NMFS has determined that the Atlantic swordfish fishery is overfished and overcapitalized, with an excessive number of permitted vessels relative to