§ 864.1860 Immunohistochemistry reagents and kits.

(a) Identification.

Immunohistochemistry test systems (IHC's) are in vitro diagnostic devices consisting of polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies labeled with directions for use and performance claims, which may be packaged with ancillary reagents in kits. Their intended use is to identify, by immunological techniques, antigens in tissues or cytologic specimens. Similar devices intended for use with flow cytometry devices are not considered IHC's.

(b) Classification of immunohistochemistry devices—(1) Class I (general controls). Except as described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, these devices are exempt from the premarket notification requirements in part 807, subpart E of this chapter. This exemption applies to IHC's that provide the pathologist with adjunctive diagnostic information that may be incorporated into the pathologist's report, but that is not ordinarily reported to the clinician as an independent finding. These IHC's are used after the primary diagnosis of tumor (neoplasm) has been made by conventional histopathology using nonimmunologic histochemical stains, such as hematoxylin and eosin. Examples of class I IHC's are differentiation markers that are used as adjunctive tests to subclassify tumors, such as keratin.

(2) Class II (special control, guidance document: "FDA Guidance for Submission of Immunohistochemistry Applications to the FDA," Center for Devices and Radiologic Health, 1998). These IHC's are intended for the detection and/or measurement of certain target analytes in order to provide prognostic or predictive data that are not directly confirmed by routine histopathologic internal and external control specimens. These IHC's provide the pathologist with information that is ordinarily reported as independent diagnostic information to the ordering clinician, and the claims associated with these data are widely accepted and supported by valid scientific evidence. Examples of class II IHC's are those intended for semiquantitative measurement of an analyte, such as hormone receptors in breast cancer.

(3) Class III (premarket approval). IHC's intended for any use not described in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section.

(c) Date of PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. As of May 28, 1976, an approval under section 515 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act is required for any

device described in paragraph (b)(3) of this section before this device may be commercially distributed. See § 864.3.

Dated: February 6, 1998.

D.B. Burlington,

Director, Center for Devices and Radiological Health.

[FR Doc. 98-14605 Filed 6-2-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 100

[CGD 05-98-035]

RIN 2115-AE46

Special Local Regulations for Marine Events; The Great Chesapeake Bay Swim Event, Chesapeake Bay, MD

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of implementation.

SUMMARY: This notice implements 33 CFR 100.507 for the Great Chesapeake Bay Swim Event to be held on June 14, 1998. These special local regulations are needed to provide for the safety of participants and spectators on the navigable waters during this event. The effect will be to restrict general navigation in the regulated area for the safety of participants in the swim and their attending personnel.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 33 CFR 100.507 is effective from 10 a.m. until 4 p.m., on June 14, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

LT J. Driscoll, Marine Events Coordinator, Commander, Coast Guard Activities Baltimore, 2401 Hawkins Point Rd., Baltimore, MD 21226–1797, (410) 576–2676.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The March of Dimes will sponsor the Great Chesapeake Bay Swim Event on Chesapeake Bay in the vicinity of the William P. Lane Jr. Memorial Twin Bridges. Approximately 600 swimmers will start from Sandy Point State Park and swim between the William P. Lane Jr. Memorial Twin Bridges to the Eastern Shore. A large fleet of support vessels will be accompanying the swimmers. Therefore, to ensure the safety of the participants and support vessels, 33 CFR 100.507 will be in effect for the duration of the event. Under provisions of 33 CFR 100.507, no vessels may enter the regulated area without permission of the Coast Guard patrol commander. Vessel traffic will be permitted to transit the regulated area as the swim progresses. As a result,

maritime traffic should not be significantly disrupted.

Dated: May 20, 1998.

Roger T. Rufe, Jr.

Vice Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 98-14705 Filed 6-2-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-15-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 100

[CGD01-98-057]

RIN 2115-AE46

Special Local Regulation: Fireworks Displays Within the First Coast Guard District

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of Implementation.

SUMMARY: This document provides notice of the dates and times of the special local regulations contained in 33 CFR 100.114, Fireworks Displays Within the First Coast Guard District. All vessels will be restricted from entering the area of navigable water within a 500-yard radius of the fireworks launch platform for each event listed in the table below. Implementation of these regulations is necessary to control vessel traffic within the regulated area to ensure the safety of spectators.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The regulations in 33 CFR 100.114 are effective from one hour before the scheduled start of the event until thirty minutes after the last firework is exploded for each event listed in the table below. The events are listed chronologically by month with their corresponding number listed in the special local regulations, 33 CFR 100.114.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be mailed to Commander (osr), First Coast Guard District, Captain John Foster Williams Federal Building, 408 Atlantic Ave., Boston, MA 02110–3350, or may be hand delivered to Room 734 at the same address, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except federal holidays. Comments will become part of this docket and will be available for inspection or copying at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant Commander Mark A. Cawthorn, Office of Search and Rescue Branch, First Coast Guard District at (617) 223–8460.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice implements the special local

regulations in 33 CFR 100.114 (62 FR 30988; June 6, 1997). All vessels are prohibited from entering a 500-yard radius of navigable water surrounding the launch platform used in each fireworks display listed below.

Table 1—Fireworks Displays

May

1. Hull Memorial Day Festival, Date: May 30, 1998, Time: 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. Location: Off Nantasket Beach, Lat: 42°16.6′ N., Long: 070°51.5′ W. (NAD 1983)

June

 Barnum Festival Fireworks, Date: June 26, 1998, Time: 9 p.m. to 9:30 p.m., Location: Seaside Park, Bridgeport Harbor, Lat: 43°11.5′ N., Long: 073°.09.5′ W. (NAD 1983)

Dated: May 24, 1998.

James D. Garrison,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Acting Commander, First Coast Guard District. [FR Doc. 98–14703 Filed 6–2–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-15-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[CGD01-98-009]

RIN 2121-AA97

Safety Zone; Coney Island Air Show Days, Coney Island Channel, Brooklyn, New York

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone in the vicinity of Coney Island Channel for the Coney Island Air Show Days. The safety zone is in effect from 10:30 a.m. until 2:00 p.m. on June 5, 6, and 7, 1998. This action is necessary to provide for the safety of life on navigable waters during the event. It is intended to restrict vessel traffic approximately ½ mile from the beach at Coney Island, NY.

DATES: This rule is effective from 10:30 a.m. until 2:00 p.m. on June 5, 6, and 7, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to Commander (wob) (CGD01–98–009), Coast Guard Activities New York, 212 Coast Guard Drive, Staten Island, New York 10305–5005, or deliver them to room 205 at the same address between 8 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The Waterways Oversight Branch of Coast Guard Activities New York maintains the public docket for this rulemaking. Comments, and documents as indicated in this preamble, will become part of this docket and will be available for inspection or copying in room 205 at the same address between 8 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant (Junior Grade) A. Kenneally,

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant (Junior Grade) A. Kenneally, Waterways Oversight Branch, Coast Guard Activities New York, at (718) 354–4195.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory History

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) was not published for this regulation. Good cause exists for not publishing an NPRM and for making this regulation effective less than 30 days after Federal Register publication. Due to the date this application was received, there was insufficient time to draft and publish an NPRM. Any delay encountered in this regulation's effective date would be contrary to public interest. Immediate action is needed to close a portion of the waterway and protect the maritime public from the hazards associated with this airshow, which is intended for public entertainment.

Background and Purpose

Astroland Amusement Park has submitted an Application for Approval of Marine Event to hold the Coney Island Air Show Days over the waters in the vicinity of Coney Island Channel. This regulation establishes a safety zone, rectangular in shape; the borders of which are marked by buoys in the following positions:

Latitude	Longitude
40° 34.03′ N	073° 59.81' W, then
	south to
40° 33.69′ N	073° 59.75′ W, then
	east to
40° 33.94′ N	073° 57.19′ W, then
	north to
40° 34.30′ N	073° 57.25′ W, then
	west to the starting
	point.

The safety zone is in effect from 10:30 a.m. until 2 p.m. June 5, 6, and 7, 1998. The safety zone prevents vessels from transiting an area adjacent to Coney Island. This safety zone is needed to provide unobstructed flight lines for the U.S. Navy Blue Angels Jet Demonstration Team and to protect mariners from the hazards associated with military aircraft flying high speed maneuvers at low altitudes. No more

than 100 spectator crafts are expected for the event.

Regulatory Evaluation

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order. It has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under that Order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this final rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10e of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary. This finding is based on the following: pleasure craft desiring to view the event will be able to do so outside the safety zone; commercial and recreational vessels navigating Coney Island Channel can alter their route south of the affected area; the minimal time that vessels will be restricted from the zone, and the extensive advance notifications which will be made.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Coast Guard considered whether this rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. "Small entities" include small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000.

For the reasons discussed in the Regulatory Evaluation section above, the Coast Guard certifies under section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Collection of Information

This final rule does not provide for a collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Federalism

The Coast Guard has analyzed this final rule under the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612, and has determined that this final rule does not have sufficient implications for federalism to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.