Area Field Office Manager at (435) 587–1500.

Dated: May 28, 1998. G. William Lamb,

State Director.

[FR Doc. 98–14659 Filed 6–2–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–DQ–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[CA-930-1430-01; CACA 7545, CACA 7882, CACA 7903, and CACA 7987]

Public Land Order No. 7332; Revocation of Executive Orders Dated July 2, 1910, November 23, 1911, and April 17, 1926; Secretarial Orders Dated August 18, 1894, and December 20, 1909; and Public Land Order No. 6073; California

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order revokes: (a) an Executive order and a public land order which withdrew land for Public Water Reserve No. 107; (b) a Secretarial order and an Executive order, which withdrew land for Power Site Reserve No. 87; (c) an Executive order which withdrew land for Power Site Reserve No. 234; and (d) a Secretarial order which withdrew lands for Reservoir Site Reserve No. 18. The lands are no longer needed for the purposes for which they were withdrawn. This order will open 160.10 acres of the lands to surface entry, and 40 acres of the same lands to mining, unless closed by overlapping withdrawals or temporary segregations of record. This is a record-clearing action only for 159.91 acres, which have been conveyed out of Federal ownership. All of the lands that are still in Federal ownership have been and will remain open to mineral leasing.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 6, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Duane Marti, BLM California State Office (CA–931.4), 2135 Butano Drive, Sacramento, California 95825, 916–978– 4675.

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (1994), it is ordered as follows:

1(a). The Executive Order dated April 17, 1926, and Public Land Order No. 6073 (CACA 7545), which established Public Water Reserve No. 107, are hereby revoked insofar as they affect the following described lands:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 9 N., R. 6 W.,

Sec. 17, SW¹/₄NE¹/₄. The area described contains 40 acres in Napa County.

(b). The Secretarial Order dated December 20, 1909, and the Executive Order dated July 2, 1910 (CACA 7882), which established Power Site Reserve No. 87, are hereby revoked insofar as they affect the following described lands:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 6 N., R. 14 E.,

Sec. 7, SW1/4SE1/4.

The area described contains 40 acres in Calaveras County.

(c). The Executive Order dated November 23, 1911 (CACA 7903), which established Power Site Reserve No. 234, is hereby revoked insofar as it affects the following described lands:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 28 N., R. 7 E.,

Sec. 8, lots 2, 3, and 4 (originally described as SW¹/4SW¹/4);

Sec. 17, W¹/₂NW¹/₄ and NW¹/₄SW¹/₄.

The area described contains 160.01 acres in Plumas County.

(d). The Secretarial Order dated August 18, 1894 (CACA 7987), which established Reservoir Site Reserve No. 18, is hereby revoked insofar as it affects the following described lands:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 9 N., R. 21 E.,

Sec. 3, SE1/4SW1/4 and SE1/4SE1/4.

The areas described aggregate 80 acres in Alpine County.

2. The following described lands have been conveyed out of Federal ownership:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 28 N., R. 7 E.,

Sec. 8, lots 2 and 4;

Sec. 17, SW¹/₄NW¹/₄ and NW¹/₄SW¹/₄. *T. 9 N., R. 21 E.,*

Sec. 3, SE1/4SW1/4.

The areas described aggregate 159.91 acres in Plumas and Alpine Counties. This is a record-clearing action only.

3. At 10 a.m. on July 6, 1998, the

s. At to a.m. on Jury 6, 1998, the lands described in paragraph 1(a)–(d), except those described in paragraph 2, will be opened to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 10 a.m. on July 6, 1998, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

4. At 10 a.m. on July 6, 1998, the lands described in paragraph 1(d), except those described in paragraph 2, will be opened to location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of any of the lands described in this order under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1994), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determination in local courts.

5. The lands described above in paragraphs 1(b) and 1(c) have been open to mining under the provisions of the Mining Claims Rights Restoration Act of 1955, 30 U.S.C. 621 (1994). However, since this act applies only to lands withdrawn for power purposes, the provisions of the act are no longer applicable.

6. For the land described above in paragraph 1(b), the State of California has waived its right of selection in accordance with the provisions of Section 24 of the Federal Power Act of June 10, 1920, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 818 (1994).

Dated: May 14, 1998.

Bob Armstrong,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior. [FR Doc. 98–14628 Filed 6–2–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–40–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[NV-930-1430-01; NV-19622]

Notice of Proposed Extension of Withdrawal and Opportunity for Public Meeting; Nevada

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Navy has filed an application to extend the withdrawal of 21,576.40 acres of public land for the Bravo-20 Bombing Range. The land was originally withdrawn by Pub. L. 99–606 of November 6, 1986. The withdrawal will expire on November 5, 2001, unless extended. This withdrawal extension requires legislative action by Congress pursuant to the Act of February 28, 1958, 43 U.S.C. 155–158, commonly known as the Engle Act. The land is currently withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, the mining laws, the mineral leasing laws, and the geothermal leasing laws pursuant to Pub. L. 99–606.

DATES: Comments and requests for meeting should be received on or before September 1, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Comments and meeting requests should be sent to the Nevada State Director, BLM, 1340 Financial Blvd., P.O. Box 12000, Reno, Nevada 89520.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis J. Samuelson, BLM Nevada State Office, 702–861–6532.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 8, 1998, the Department of the Navy filed an application to extend the withdrawal for the Bravo-20 Bombing Range. The Navy has determined there is a continuing military need for the land and filed the application for extension in accordance with Section 8(a)(1) and (2) of Public Law 99–606. The legal description for Bravo-20 is as published in the 52 FR 3176, February 2, 1987, FR Doc. 87–1928, and the 52 FR 6227, March 2, 1987, FR Doc. 87–4232. The area described contains 21,576.40 acres in Churchill County.

A copy of the legal description is available by contacting Dennis J. Samuelson at the address or phone number listed above.

Bravo-20 is used by the Navy for testing and training for aerial bombing, missile firing, tactical maneuvering and air support, and other defense related purposes. There is a also a need to protect the public's health and welfare from the hazardous operations conducted by the Navy. The land is contaminated with unexploded ordnance.

This withdrawal extension requires legislative action by Congress pursuant to the Act of February 28, 1958, 43 U.S.C. 155–158.

For a period of 90 days from the date of publication of this notice, all persons who wish to submit comments, suggestions, or objections in connection with the proposed withdrawal extension may present their views in writing to the Nevada State Director of the Bureau of Land Management.

Notice is hereby given that an opportunity for a public meeting is afforded in connection with the proposed withdrawal extension. The objective of a public meeting is to solicit public comments and meet the regulatory requirement for proposed extension of withdrawals that exceed 5,000 acres (43 CFR 2310.3–1(b)(2)(v)). A notice of the time and place will be published in the **Federal Register** and a newspaper in the general vicinity of the lands to be withdrawn at least 30 days before the scheduled date of the meeting.

Three public meetings were held in December 1997 for the purpose of scoping the environmental documentation to meet National Environmental Policy Act requirements for the proposed withdrawal extension. A draft environmental impact statement is expected to be released by the Navy for public review in the near future.

For a period of 2 years from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the land will be segregated from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, the mining laws, the mineral leasing laws, and the geothermal leasing laws.

Dated: May 28, 1998.

William K. Stowers,

Lands Team Lead. [FR Doc. 98–14654 Filed 6–2–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–HC–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Final Environmental Impact Statement for Visitor Services Plan, Crater Lake National Park, Oregon

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice of Availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to § 102(2)C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (Pub. L. 91–190, as amended), the National Park Service has prepared a Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) assessing the potential impacts of the Visitor Services Plan for Crater lake National Park, Oregon. Once approved, the plan will guide the management and use of the developed areas of the park.

The Draft Environmental Impact Statement/Visitor Services Plan (DEIS) was released for public review on December 12, 1997. A Notice of Availability was published in the **Federal Register** on December 12, 1997, to formally initiate a 45-day public review period (which closed on January 26, 1998). The FEIS contains responses to the comments received and minor modifications or clarifications to the document as needed in response to comments.

Alternative A (the proposed action) is a mix of proposals that are intended to protect park resources and enhance the visitor experience. Alternative B (no action) would continue the existing conditions at the park and would allow for the completion of any facilities currently under construction. Alternative C would offer more selfdirected visitor experiences that would be less facility-dependent and less structured than at present. Alternative D would enhance interpretation and provide a wider variety of commercial and NPS visitor services. Alternative E is primarily based on the planning direction presented in the Record of Decision for the 1995 Development Concept Plan/Environmental Impact Statement, which focused on concentrating visitor facilities at Rim Village.

The environmental consequences of the proposed action and the alternatives were fully documented in the DEIS, and mitigation provided as appropriate to minimize impacts. The FEIS states that the removal of the parking lot north of the cafeteria building will have an adverse effect on the Rim Village Historic District. However, a programmatic agreement has been developed among the National Park Service, the state historic preservation office, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation to provide measures for mitigating the adverse effects.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: It should be noted that this FEIS is an "abbreviated" final environmental impact statement (changes from the DEIS are minor, with no new information which might have a significant effect on the environment). The FEIS was prepared in accordance with environmental regulations set forth at 40 CFR 1503.4(c). It is recommended that readers of the FEIS have available a copy of the DEIS. The "no-action" period for this FEIS will end thirty (30) days after the Environmental Protection Agency has listed the availability of the document in the Federal Register. For further information, please contact the Superintendent, Crater Lake National Park, P.O. Box 7, Crater Lake, Oregon, 97064; telephone (541) 594-2211.

Copies of the FEIS will be available for public inspection at the park headquarters, as well as at area libraries.