Acting Director of the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance for workers at Pinnacle Micro, Incorporated, Colorado Springs, Colorado. The review indicated that the application contained no new substantial information which would bear importantly on the Department's determination. Therefore, dismissal of the application was issued.

TA-W-34,156; Pinnacle Micro, Incorporated, Colorado Springs, Colorado (May 18, 1998) Signed at Washington, D.C. this 19th day of May, 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–14984 Filed 6–4–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34, 489]

The Proctor and Gamble Manufacturing Company, Health Care Division, Greenville, SC; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on April 27, 1998 in response to a worker petition which was filed on April 15, 1998 on behalf of workers at Proctor & Gamble, Health Care Division, Greenville, South Carolina.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, D.C. this 27th day of May, 1998

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance

[FR Doc. 98–14981 Filed 6–4–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-33,637B]

Universal-Rundle Corporation, Corporate Headquarters, New Castle, PA; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification Regarding Eligibility to

Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on April 28, 1998, applicable to workers of Universal-Rundle Corporation located in New Castle, Pennsylvania. The notice will be published soon in the **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. Review of the certification shows that the Department incorrectly identified the worker certification to read "all workers of Universal-Rundel, New Castle, Pennsylvania." The company reports that worker separations occurred at "Corporate Headquarters", New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification determination to limit the certification coverage to the corporate headquarters, in New Castle, Pennsylvania. The workers are engaged in employment related to china sanitary fixtures (sinks and toilets).

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Universal-Rundle Corporation who were affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–33,637 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Universal-Rundle Corporation, Corporate Headquarters, New Castle, Pennsylvania (TA–W–33,637B) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after June 20, 1996 through October 31, 1999, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 15th day of May 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–14986 Filed 6–4–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-02127]

Omak Wood Products Incorporated, Omak, WA; Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration

On March 27, 1998, the Department issued an Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration for the workers and former workers of the subject firm. The notice will soon be published in the **Federal Register**.

The initial investigation findings showed that the petitioning group of workers produced 6/4 industrial shop and moulding grade ponderosa pine lumber. The workers were denied NAFTA–TAA based on the finding that there was no shift in production to Mexico or Canada, nor were there company or customers imports of 6/4 industrial shop and moulding grade ponderosa pine lumber from Mexico or Canada.

The Washington State Labor Council, AFL–CIO, submitted additional information showing that the workers' firm is a fully integrated wood products facility producing soft wood dimension lumber, plywood panel products, pine dimension stock and wood chips. Accordingly, the Department expanded the petition investigation on reconsideration to all workers of Omak Wood Products Incorporated.

On reconsideration, Omak submitted data to the Department regarding the articles produced at the Omak, Washington location in 1996 and 1997. Findings on reconsideration show that the workers are separately identifiable by the production of lumber, plywood, veneer and wood chips. Other findings reveal that the primary output at the Omak facility is plywood.

Sales and production of lumber, veneer and wood chips increased from 1996 to 1997. Therefore, criterion (2) of the group eligibility requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of Section 250(2) of the Trade Act of 1974 was not met for workers of Omak Wood Products Incorporated, Omak, Washington producing lumber, veneer and wood chips.

Sales, production and employment of workers producing plywood at Omak declined from 1996 to 1997.

The Washington State Labor Council, AFL-CIO, asserted that increased import competition from foreign made oriented strand board (OSB) contributed to worker separations at the Omak Wood Products production facility. A survey of Omak's major declining customers was conducted to determine if they increased import purchases of plywood or OSB. Survey results showed that from 1996 to 1997 none of the respondents imported plywood from Mexico or Canada. Some respondents, however, reported continued reliance on or increases in import purchases of OSB from Canada, while reducing purchases of plywood from Omak.

Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reconsideration, it is concluded that the workers of Omak Wood Products Incorporated, Omak, Washington were adversely affected by increased imports of articles from Canada like or directly competitive with plywood produced at the subject firm.

All workers of Omak Wood Products Incorporated, Omak, Washington engaged in employment related to the production of plywood, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 18, 1996 through two years from the date of the certification, are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974; and

All workers of Omak Wood Products Incorporated, Omak, Washington engaged in employment related to the production of lumber, veneer and wood chips, are denied eligibility to apply for NAFTA-TAA Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 5th day of May 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98-14987 Filed 6-4-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and **Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions**

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, **Employment Standards Administration**, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room S-3014, Washington, DC 20210.

New General Wage Determination Decision

The number of the decisions added to the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts" are listed by Volume and States:

Volume II

Pennsylvania

PA980022 (June 5, 1998)

Modifications to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed in the **Government Printing Office document** entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis—Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the Federal Register are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

Volume I

Connecticut

CT980001 (Feb. 13, 1998) CT980003 (Feb. 13, 1998) CT980004 (Feb. 13, 1998)

CT980005 (Feb. 13, 1998)

CT980008 (Feb. 13, 1998)

Volume II

District of Columbia

DC 980001 (Feb. 13, 1998) DC 980002 (Feb. 13, 1998) DC 980003 (Feb. 13, 1998)

Maryland

MD980002 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980008 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980015 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980017 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980019 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980021 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980023 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980026 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980031 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980034 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980035 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980036 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980042 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980046 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980047 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980048 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980055 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980056 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980057 (Feb. 13, 1998) MD980058 (Feb. 13, 1998)

MD980059 (Feb. 13, 1998)

Pennsylvania

PA980004 (Feb. 13, 1998) PA980007 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980009 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980010 (Feb. 13, 1998) PA980012 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980016 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980017 (Feb. 13, 1998) PA980018 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980020 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980021 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980027 (Feb. 13, 1998) PA980028 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980029 (Feb. 13, 1998) PA980052 (Feb. 13, 1998)

PA980060 (Feb. 13, 1998)

Virginia

VA980012 (Feb. 13, 1998)

VA980013 (Feb. 13, 1998) VA980014 (Feb. 13, 1998)

VA980022 (Feb. 13, 1998)

VA980025 (Feb. 13, 1998)

VA980029 (Feb. 13, 1998) VA980030 (Feb. 13, 1998)