#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

DOC has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: Bureau of the Census.
Title: American Community Survey
Group Quarters Screening Test.
Form Number(s): ACS-2(GQ).
Agency Approval Number: 0607-

*Type of Request:* Revision of a currently approved collection.

Burden: 300 hours.

Number of Respondents: 900.

Avg. Hours Per Response: 20 minutes. Needs and Uses: In 1999 the American Community Survey (ACS) will be conducted in 53 counties. Data from the ACS will determine the feasibility of a continuous measurement system that provides socioeconomic data on a continual basis throughout the decade. The Census Bureau must provide a sample of persons residing in Group Quarters (GQs) the opportunity to be interviewed for the ACS. GQs include places such as student dorms, correctional facilities, hospitals, nursing homes, shelters, and military quarters. Obtaining characteristic information from the GQs will ensure that we include the necessary people residing at GQs in the 1999 ACŠ.

A GQ screening operation is being conducted in conjunction with 1998 ACS activities. This request revises the existing GQ clearance for use in the 1999 ACS. Major changes are in the estimated number of respondents and in the estimated time per response. In 1998 we are screening a sample of the GQs in eight counties. In 1999 we will screen a sample of the GQs in 53 counties. After completing one-third of the 1998 screening, we have learned that screening averages about 20 minutes per response instead of 10 minutes as originally estimated. In 1999 we will use the same questionnaire for screening that we are using in 1998, Form ACS-2(GQ), ACS GQ Screening.

This screening operation will serve to update information we already have onhand about the GQ and its residency, tell us if the GQ is within scope for ACS enumeration, and, most importantly, allow us to determine if a mail enumeration of the residents is possible. If a mail enumeration is not possible, face-to-face interviews with GQ residents will be necessary.

Affected Public: Businesses or other for-profit organizations, not-for-profit institutions, farms.

Frequency: One time.

Respondent's Obligation: Mandatory. Legal Authority: Title 13 U.S.C., Section 182.

*OMB Desk Officer:* Nancy Kirkendall, (202) 395–7313.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Linda Engelmeier, DOC Forms Clearance Officer, (202) 482–3272, Department of Commerce, room 5327, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW. Washington, DC 20230.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to Nancy Kirkendall, OMB Desk Officer, room 10201, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: August 14, 1998.

#### Linda Engelmeier,

Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 98-22399 Filed 8-19-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-07-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### **Bureau of Export Administration**

### President's Export Council Subcommittee on Encryption; Notice of Recruitment of Private-Sector Members

**SUMMARY:** The President's Export Council Subcommittee on Encryption (PECSENC) advises the U.S. Government on matters and issues pertinent to the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended; the Export Administration Regulations; and related statutes and regulations on policies regarding commercial encryption products. The PECSENC draws on the expertise of its members to provide advice and make recommendations on ways to minimize the possible adverse impact of commercial encryption policy on U.S. industry while protecting U.S. national security and fostering U.S. foreign policy goals, including public safety of U.S. citizens at home and abroad.

The PECSENC is composed of highlevel representatives from business, academia, and law enforcement representing diverse points of view on current commercial encryption policies, laws, and regulations.

PECSENC members are appointed by the Secretary of Commerce and serve at the Secretary's discretion. The membership reflects the Department's

commitment to attaining balance and diversity. PECSENC members must obtain secret-level clearances prior to appointment. These clearances are necessary so that members can be permitted access to relevant classified information needed in formulating recommendations to the President and the U.S. Government. The PECSENC meets 4 to 6 times per year. Members of the Subcommittee will not be compensated for their services. The PECSENC is seeking approximately seven private-sector members with senior expertise in the field of commercial encryption policy. Please send a fact sheet on your firm and a resume. We will use these documents to determine your activity in the area of concern. Materials may be faxed to the number below.

*Deadline:* This request will be open for 15 days from date of publication in the **Federal Register**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Lee Ann Carpenter on (202) 482–2583. Materials may be faxed to (202) 501–8024, to the attention of Ms. Lee Ann Carpenter.

Dated: August 14, 1998.

# R. Roger Majak,

Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

[FR Doc. 98–22443 Filed 8–19–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–33–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **International Trade Administration**

#### Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

Pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301), we invite comments on the question of whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments shown below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States.

Comments must comply with 15 CFR 301.5(a) (3) and (4) of the regulations and be filed within 20 days with the Statutory Import Programs Staff, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230. Applications may be examined between 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 98–037. Applicant: Finch University of Health Sciences, The Chicago Medical School, 3333 Green Bay Road, North Chicago, IL 60064–3095. *Instrument:* Electrode Puller, Model PD–5. *Manufacturer:* Narishige Co., Japan. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for investigations of the cellular and network properties of the nervous system in the marine mollusk Tritonia diomedea that underlie decision-making and learning. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* July 20, 1998.

Docket Number: 98–038. Applicant: The Salk Institute for Biological Studies, 10010 North Torrey Pines Road, La Jolla, CA 92037. Instrument: Diffractometer and X-Ray Generator, Models DIP-2030H and MO6X. Manufacturer: MAC Science Co., Ltd., Japan. *Intended Use:* The instrument is intended to be used to collect x-ray diffraction data from crystals made with certain biological macromolecules in order to study phenomena such as signal transduction, ion conductance and protein DNA recognition. The experimental plan will consist of purifying the proteins, crystallizing them in an optimum condition in the wet bench laboratory, then recording the diffraction pattern using the x-ray instrument and imaging plates system. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: July 24, 1998.

Docket Number: 98-039. Instrument: Laser Optics, Version 2. Manufacturer: Radiant Dyes Laser Accessories, GmbH, Germany. Docket Number: 98–040. Instrument: Laser, Model SL404G–10. Manufacturer: Spectron Laser Systems, United Kingdom. Applicant: Princeton University, Purchasing Department, Armory Building, 110 Washington Road, Princeton, NJ 08544. Intended Use: The instruments will be used for studies of the atmospheric constituents sulfuric acid and water. Experiments will consist of mixing sulfuric acid and water vapors and ionizing them with multi-photon ionization using the Nd-YAG and dye lasers to determine the rate of formation of particles from sulfuric acid and water mixtures. Applications accepted by Commissioner of Customs: July 30, 1998.

# Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 98–22437 Filed 8–19–98; 8:45 am]

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **International Trade Administration**

University of California, San Diego; Notice of Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument

This decision is made pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 98–031. Applicant: University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA 92093–0358. Instrument: Electron Beam Evaporation Source. Manufacturer: Oxford Applied Research, United Kingdom. Intended Use: See notice at 63 FR 35911, July 1, 1998.

Comments: None received. Decision: Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as it is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States. Reasons: The foreign instrument provides: (1) four pockets to be used with three rods for simultaneous evaporation of three elements and (2) built-in flux monitors for each pocket. The National Institute of Standards and Technology advises that (1) these capabilities are pertinent to the applicant's intended purpose and (2) it knows of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument for the applicant's intended use (comparable case).

We know of no other instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument which is being manufactured in the United States.

#### Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 98–22438 Filed 8–19–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

Chicago Board of Trade: Proposed Amendments to the Wheat Futures Contract Regarding Vomitoxin in Deliverable Wheat

**AGENCY:** Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed contract market rule change.

**SUMMARY:** The Chicago Board of Trade (CBT or Exchange) has submitted amendments to its wheat futures contract that would permit receivers of wheat futures deliveries to require that wheat loaded out from delivery warehouses have a vomitoxin content of no more than 5 parts per million. The Commission has determined to request public comment on the proposed ĈBT rule based upon its finding that the proposed rule is of major economic significance within the meaning of section 5a(a)(12) of the Commodity Exchange Act (Act) and that its publication is in the public interest and will assist the Commission in considering the views of interested persons.

**DATE:** Comments must be received on or before September 21, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons should submit their views and comments to Jean A. Webb, Secretary, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW, Washington, DC 20581. In addition, comments may be send by facsimile transmission to facsimile number (202) 418–5521, or by electronic mail to secretary@cftc.gov. Reference should be made to the CBT wheat futures contract vomitoxin proposal.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Please contact Fred Linse of the Division of Economic Analysis, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW, Washington, DC 20581, telephone (202) 418–5273, facsimile number (202) 418–5527, or electronically at flinse@cftc.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Currently, the CBT futures contract contains no provisions relating to vomitoxin in deliverable wheat. The proposed CBT amendments would provide the parties that receive delivery of wheat under the futures contract may request that the wheat loaded out from the delivery warehouse contain no more than 5 parts per million of the fungus deoxynivalenol (vomitoxin). Under the proposed amendments, the delivery receiver would be required to pay for inspection of the delivery wheat for vomitoxin content, with such inspection being done at the time of load out by the Federal Grain Inspection Service or by a third party inspection service which is mutually agreeable to the delivery receiver and the deliverer.

The Exchange plans to implement the proposed amendments on September 1, 1999. Under the proposed implementation plan, CBT registered warehouse receipts issued prior to September 1, 1999 will be deliverable