resided in Bosnia-Hercegovina) must comply in order to re-register for TPS.

In addition to timely re-registrations and late re-registrations authorized by this notice's extension of Bosnia-Hercegovina's TPS designation, late initial registrations are possible for some Bosnians under 8 CFR 244.2(f)(2). Such late initial registrants must have been "continuously physically present" in the United States since August 10, 1992, must have had a valid immigrant or nonimmigrant status during the original registration period or have an application for status pending during the initial registration period, and must register no later than 30 days from the expiration of such status. Any national of Bosnia-Hercegovina who has already applied for, or plans to apply for, asylum but whose asylum application has not yet been approved may also apply for TPS. An application for TPS does not preclude or adversely affect an application for asylum or any other immigration benefit.

Nationals of Bosnia-Hercegovina (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Hercegovina) who have been continuously physically present and have continuously resided in the United States since August 10, 1992, may reregister for TPS within the registration period which begins on August 24, 1998, and ends on September 22, 1998.

Nationals of Bosnia-Hercegovina may register for TPS by filing an Application for Temporary Protected Status, Form I-821, which requires a filing fee (instructions regarding the payment of fees for re-registration are contained in paragraph 5 of this notice). The Application for Temporary Protected Status, Form I-821, must always be accompanied by an Application for Employment Authorization, Form I-765, which is required for datagathering purposes. TPS applicants who already have employment authorization, including some asylum applicants, and those who have no need for employment authorization, including minor children, need only pay the I-821 fee although they must complete and file the I-765. In all other cases, the appropriate filing fee must accompany Form 1–765, unless a properly documented fee waiver request is submitted under 8 CFR 244.20 to the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Notice of Extension of Designation of Bosnia-Hercegovina Under the Temporary Protected Status Program

By the authority vested in me as Attorney General under section 244 of the Act (8 U.S.C. 1254), and pursuant to subsections 244(b)(3)(A) and (C) of the Act, I had consultations with the appropriate agencies of the Government concerning (a) the conditions in Bosnia-Hercegovina; and (b) whether permitting nationals of Bosnia-Hercegovina (and aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Hercegovina) to remain temporarily in the United States is contrary to the national interest of the United States. As a result, I determine that the conditions for the original designation of Temporary Protected Status for Bosnia-Hercegovina continue to be met. Accordingly, it is ordered as follows:

(1)) The designation of Bosnia-Hercegovina under subsection 244(b) of the Act is extended for an additional 12month period from August 11, 1998, to August 10, 1999.

(2) I estimate that there are approximately 400 nationals of Bosnia-Hercegovina (and aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Hercegovnia) who have been granted Temporary Protected Status and who are eligible for re-registration.

(3) In order to maintain current registration for Temporary Protected Status, a national of Bosnia-Hercegovina (or an alien having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Hercegovina) who received a grant of TPS during the initial period of designation, from August 10, 1992, to August 10, 1993, must comply with the re-registration requirements contained in 8 CFR 244.17, which are described in pertinent part in paragraphs (4) and (5) of this notice.

(4) A national of Bosnia-Hercegovina (or an alien having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Hercegovina) who previously has been granted TPS, must re-register by filing a new Application for Temporary Protected Status, Form I-821, along with an Application for Employment Authorization, Form I-765, within the 30-day period beginning on August 24, 1998, and ending on September 22, 1998, in order to be eligible for Temporary Protected Status during the period from August 11, 1998, until August 10, 1999. Late re-registration applications will be allowed pursuant to 8 CFR 244.17(c).

(5) There is no fee for Form I–821 filed as part of the re-registration application. A Form I–765 must be filed with the Form I–821. If the alien requests employment authorization for the extension period, the fee prescribed in 8 CFR 103.7(b)(1), currently seventy dollars (\$70), or a properly documented fee waiver request pursuant to 8 CFR 244.20, must accompany the Form I– 765. An alien who does not request employment authorization must nonetheless file Form I–765 along with Form I–821, but in such cases no fee will be charged.

(6) Pursuant to subsection 244(b)(3)(A) of the Act, the Attorney General will review, at least 60 days before August 10, 1999, the designation of Bosnia-Hercegovina under the TPS program to determine whether the conditions for designation continue to be met. Notice of that determination, including the basis for the determination, will be published in the **Federal Register.**

(7) Information concerning the TPS program for nationals of Bosnia-Hercegovina (and aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Hercegovina) will be available at local Immigration and Naturalization Service offices upon publication of this notice.

Dated: August 14, 1998.

Janet Reno,

Attorney General. [FR Doc. 98–22580 Filed 8–21–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

August 17, 1998.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection requests (ICRs) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of each individual ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor, Departmental Clearance Officer, Todd R. Owen ({202} 219–5096 ext. 143) or by E-Mail to Owen-Todd@dol.gov.

Comments should be sent to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, *Attn:* OMB Desk Officer for BLS, DM, ESA, ETA, MSHA, OSHA, PWBA, or VETS, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 ({202} 395–7316), by September 23, 1998. The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

* Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

* Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information,

including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

* Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

* Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Benefits, Timeliness and Quality (BTQ) Review System.

OMB Number: 1205–0359 (extension). Frequency: Monthly, Quarterly. Affected Public: State, Local or Tribal government.

Number of Respondents: 53. Estimated Time Per Respondent: 726.15.

Total Burden Hours: 38,486.

Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: Unemployment Insurance (UI) and State Employment Security Agencies (SESAs) use the BTQ Review System to assess and evaluate timeliness and quality of UI benefit operations. The results help to determine operating areas that need Corrective Action Plans (CAPS) to meet achievement standards in State's annual program and Budget Plan (PBP).

Agency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Internal Fraud Activities. *OMB Number:* 1205–0187 (extension). *Form Number:* ETA 9000. *Frequency:* Annual. *Affected Public:* State or Local Government.

Number of Respondents: 53. Estimated Time Per Respondent: 3 hours. Total Burden Hours: 159. Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: Form ETA 9000 is the State Employment Security Agencies, ETA's sole data collection instrument for identifying continuing activity involving internal fraud and assessing fraud prevention effectiveness. Resulting analysis will be communicated to SESAs to enhance management efforts in controlling false representation and fraud. Negative trends could result in ETA requesting OIG audits.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Benefit Appeals Report. *OMB Number:* 1205–0172 (extension). *Form Number:* ETA 5130. *Affected Public:* States.

Version	Frequency	Respond- ents	Average time per re- spondent (hours)
Regular	Monthly	53	2.5
Extended Benefits	Six Times	2	2.5

Total Burden Hours: 1,620. Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: Data from this report is used to monitor the benefit appeals

process and to develop plans for remedial action. The report is also needed for budgeting and for workload data.

Agency: Employment Standards Administration.

Title: 29 CFR Part 4, Labor Standards for Federal Service Contracts.

OMB Number: 1215–0150 (extension). *Frequency:* On Occasion.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit; Federal government.

Number of Respondents: 61,789.

Requirement	Number of respondents	Average time per response	Burden hours
Vacation Benefit Seniority List Conformance Record	204	.5 hour	102
Collective Bargaining Agreements	2,530	5 minutes	211

Total Burden Hours: 59,368.

Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: The Service Contract Act (SCA) imposes certain recordkeeping and incidental reporting requirements applicable to employers performing on service contracts with the Federal government. The basic payroll recordkeeping requirements contained in this regulation (sections 4.6(g)(1)(I) through (I)(iv)) have been previously approved under OMB number 1215– 0017, which constitutes the basic

recordkeeping regulations for all laws administered by the Wage and Hour Division, and the remaining SCA requirements under 1215–0150. This information collection contains three additional requirements not cleared under either of the above information collections. They are: a vacation benefit seniority list, which is used by the contractor to determine vacation fringe benefits entitlements earned and accrued by service employees who were employed by predecessor contractors; a conformance record report, which is used by Wage and Hour to determine the appropriateness of the conformance and compliance with the SCA and its

regulations; and a collective bargaining agreement, submitted by the contracting agency to Wage and Hour to be used in the issuance of wage determinations for successor contracts subject to section 2(a) and 4^{\odot} of SCA.

Agency: Occupational Safety and Health.

Title: Cotton Dust 29 CFR 1910.1043. *OMB Number:* 1218–0061 (extension). *Frequency:* On Occasion.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit: Federal Government; State, local or tribal governments.

Number of Respondents: 597 Estimated Time Per Respondent: Ranges from 5 minutes to maintain a record to 1.5 hours for an employee to have a medical exam

Total Burden Hours: 138,134 Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual cost (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$12,111,320

Description: The Cotton Dust standard and its information collection requirements provide protection for employees from the adverse health effects associated with occupational exposure to Cotton Dust. The standard requires that employers establish a compliance program, including exposure monitoring and medical records. These records are used by employees, physicians, employers and OSHA to determine the effectivess of the employers' compliance efforts. Also the standard requires that OSHA have access to various records to ensure that employers are complying with the disclosure provisions.

Agency: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Title: Acrylonitrile (29 CFR 1910.1045).

OMB Number: 1218–0126 (extension). *Frequency:* On Occasion.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit; Federal Government; local or tribal government.

Number of Respondents: 26. Estimated Time Per Respondent: Ranges from 5 minutes to maintain a record to 1.5 hours for an employee to have a medical exam.

Total Burden Hours: 6,867. Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$311,360.

Description: The Acrylonitrile (AN) standard and its information collection requirements provide protection for employees from the adverse health effects associated with occupational exposure to Acrylonitrile. The Standard requires employers to monitor employee exposure, establish and maintain a compliance program, provide medical surveillance, to train employees about the hazards of AN, and to establish and maintain accurate records of employee exposure to AN. These records are used by employees, physicians, employers and the OSHA to determine the effectiveness of the employers' compliance efforts. Also the standard requires that OSHA have access to various records to ensure that employers are complying with the disclosure provisions of the AN standard.

Agency: Mine Safety and Health Administration.

Title: Escape and Evacuation Plans. *OMB Number:* 1219–0046 (extension).

Frequency: On Occasion. *Affected Public:* Business or other forprofit.

Number of Respondents: 270. Estimated Time Per Respondent: 24 hours.

Total Burden Hours: 6,480. Total annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$2,430.

Description: Requires operators of underground coal mines to keep records of the results of mandatory weekly examinations of emergency escapeways. The records are used to determine that the integrity of the escapeway is being maintained.

Todd R. Owen,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 98–22599 Filed 8–21–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–M

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Lab Test On Kennedy Assassination Evidence

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration. ACTION: Notice.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) will work with the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Review Board (Review Board) to arrange the analysis in an FBI laboratory of a piece of evidence from the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

The evidence item is Warren Commission Exhibit (CE) #567, which is the nose portion of a bullet from the limousine seat in which the President was riding and which consists of five fragments-one larger copper and lead fragment and four smaller pieces of possibly organic material. The larger fragment still has "fibrous/plant debris" adhering to it. The testing will be done on the fibrous debris, not the fragment itself, and on the four small pieces of possibly organic material. The purpose of the test will be to determine specifically the composition of the fibrous material and the small fragments.

The testing of the fiber was recommended by the Firearms Examination Panel of the House Select Committee on Assassinations (HSCA) in 1979. This recommendation was not in the published Final Report of the Committee and thus the testing was never done. NARA agrees with the Review Board that conducting limited testing to complete this "unfinished business" is in the public interest.

The fibrous material may be from clothing the president was wearing, or the fiber may be from material in which the bullet was wrapped after the assassination, or the tests may be inconclusive. NARA chose the FBI laboratories for the analysis as the best equipped and most expertly staffed for the purpose. To assure objectivity, the Review Board will select one or more independent observers to verify the appropriateness of the procedure and to be present throughout the testing, each phase of which will be thoroughly documented. The report on the results of the testing will be made public.

Dated: August 17, 1998.

John W. Carlin,

Archivist of the United States. [FR Doc. 98–22674 Filed 8–21–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7515–01–P

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR LITERACY

Notice of Meeting

AGENCY: National Institute for Literacy Advisory Board, National Institute for Literacy.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This Notice sets forth the schedule and proposed agenda for a forthcoming meeting of the National Institute for Literacy Advisory Board (Board). This notice also describes the function of the Board. Notice of this meeting is required under Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. This document is intended to notify the general public of their opportunity to attend the meeting.

DATE AND TIME: September 10, 1998 from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. and September 11, 1998 from 9:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

ADDRESSES: National Institute for Literacy, 800 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 200, Washington, DC 20006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carolyn Staley, Deputy Director, National Institute for Literacy, 800 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 200, NW 20006. Telephone (202) 632–1526.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Board is established under Section 384 of the Adult Education Act, as amended by Title I of P.L. 102–73, the National Literacy Act of 1991. The Board consists of ten individuals appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Board is established to advise and make recommendations to the Interagency Group, composed of the Secretaries of Education, Labor, and