

V-76 [Revised]

From Lubbock, TX, via INT Lubbock 188° and Big Spring, TX, 286° radials; Big Spring; San Angelo; Llano, TX; **Centex, TX**; Industry, TX; INT Industry 101° and Hobby, TX, 290° radials; to Hobby.

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V-306 [Revised]

From Junction, TX, via **Centex, TX**; Navasota, TX; INT Navasota 084° and Daisetta, TX, 283° radials; Daisetta; to Lake Charles, LA.

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V-550 [Revised]

From Cotulla, TX, via INT Cotulla 046° and San Antonio, TX, 183° radials; San Antonio; **INT San Antonio 032° and Centex, TX, 243° radials; Centex, TX.**

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V-558 [Revised]

From Llano, TX; via **INT Llano 088° and Centex, TX, 306° radials; Centex**; Industry, TX; Eagle Lake, TX; to Hobby, TX.

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V-565 [Revised]

From Llano, TX, via **INT Llano 128° and Centex, TX, 277° radials; Centex**; College Station, TX; to Lufkin, TX.

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V-574 [Revised]

From **Centex, TX; INT Centex 116° and Navasota, TX, 258° radials; Navasota**; Humble, TX; Daisetta, TX; Beaumont, TX; to Lake Charles, LA.

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V-583 [Revised]

From **Centex, TX; INT Centex 061° and College Station, TX, 273° radials; College Station**; Leona, TX; Frankston, TX; Quitman, TX; Paris, TX; to McAlester, OK.

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Issued in Washington, DC, on September 28, 1998.

Reginald C. Matthews,

*Acting Program Director for Air Traffic
Airspace Management.*

[FR Doc. 98-26447 Filed 10-1-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**Customs Service****19 CFR Part 4**

[T.D. 98-79]

Removal of Brazil From the List of Nations Entitled to Reciprocal Exemption From the Payment of Special Tonnage Taxes

AGENCY: U.S. Customs Service, Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Customs Regulations by removing Brazil from the list of nations whose vessels are entitled to reciprocal exemption from the payment of special tonnage taxes and light money. The Department of State has informed Customs that Brazil has implemented a law that discriminates against U.S. vessels in its preferential tax treatment of cargoes carried on certain specially-registered Brazilian vessels; thus, Brazil no longer qualifies for the exemption. Accordingly, Customs is withdrawing the exemption privileges formerly granted Brazil.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This amendment is effective, and the reciprocal privileges extended to all Brazilian-registered vessels are withdrawn, as of October 2, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gerry O'Brien, Entry Procedures and Carrier Rulings Branch, (202-927-2320).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

Generally, the United States imposes regular and special tonnage taxes, and a duty of a specified amount per ton denominated "light money", on all foreign vessels which enter U.S. ports (46 U.S.C. App. 121 and 128).

Vessels of a foreign nation, however, may be exempted from the payment of such special tonnage taxes and light money upon presentation of satisfactory proof that no discriminatory duties of tonnage or impost are imposed by that foreign nation on U.S. vessels or their cargoes (46 U.S.C. App. 141).

The list of nations whose vessels have been found to be reciprocally exempt from the payment of any higher tonnage duties than are applicable to vessels of the U.S. and from the payment of light money is found at § 4.22, Customs Regulations (19 CFR 4.22). Nations granted these commercial privileges that subsequently impose discriminatory duties are subject to retaliatory suspension of the exemption from payment of special tonnage tax and light money (46 U.S.C. App. 141).

Brazil is currently listed among the nations exempt from the payment of such special tonnage taxes and light money.

The Department of State, however, has informed Customs that Brazil implemented a new tax law, effective as of July 30, 1998, that discriminates against U.S. vessels and the vessels of other countries in its preferential tax treatment of cargoes carried by certain specially-registered Brazilian vessels. Specifically, the law establishes a second commercial shipping register

whereby the dutiable value of imported merchandise carried by Brazilian vessels so registered does not include freight charges. However, identical imports carried by U.S. vessels or the vessels of other countries are subject to duty on the freight charges as well as the value of the merchandise. Because this circumstance violates the reciprocal nature of the exemption privilege granted, Brazil no longer qualifies for the exemption.

As a result, the Department of State, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. App. 141 and Executive Order 10289 of September 17, 1951 (16 FR 9499, 3 CFR 1949-1953 Comp. p. 787, as amended, see 3 U.S.C.A. 301 note), has recommended to the Secretary of the Treasury, through Customs, that Brazil be removed from the list of nations found at § 4.22.

Finding

The Customs Service has determined that the vessels of Brazil are no longer exempt from the payment of special tonnage taxes and light money, effective as of October 2, 1998, and that § 4.22 of the Customs Regulations should be amended accordingly. The authority to amend this section of the Customs Regulations has been delegated to the Chief, Regulations Branch.

In Applicability of Public Notice and Comment and Delayed Effective Date Requirements, the Regulatory Flexibility Act and Executive Order 12866

Because this amendment concerns a foreign affairs function of the United States, merely implements a statutory mandate, and involves a matter in which the general public has no significant interest, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, notice and public procedure thereon are considered unnecessary; further, for the same reason, good cause exists for dispensing with a delayed effective date under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3). Since this document is not subject to the notice and public procedure requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553, it is not subject to the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). Nor does the amendment meet the criteria for a "significant regulatory action" under E.O. 12866.

List of Subjects in 19 CFR Part 4

Cargo vessels, Customs duties and inspection, Entry, Maritime carriers, Vessels.

Amendment to the Regulations

Part 4, Customs Regulations (19 CFR part 4), is amended as set forth below.

PART 4—VESSELS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC TRADES

1. The general authority citation for part 4 and the specific authority citation for § 4.22 continue to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 19 U.S.C. 66, 1431, 1433, 1434, 1624; 46 U.S.C. App. 3, 91.

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Section 4.22 also issued under 46 U.S.C. App. 121, 128, 141;

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§ 4.22 [Amended]

2. Section 4.22 is amended by removing "Brazil" from the list of nations entitled to exemption from special tonnage taxes and light money.

Dated: September 29, 1998.

Harold M. Singer,

Chief, Regulations Branch

[FR Doc. 98-26417 Filed 10-1-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4820-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Food and Drug Administration****21 CFR Part 520****Oral Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Lufenuron Tablets**

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval of a supplemental new animal drug application (NADA) filed by Novartis Animal Health US, Inc. The supplemental NADA provides for revising the specifications and conditions of use of lufenuron tablets for dogs and cats for control of flea populations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 2, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melanie R. Berson, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-110), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301-594-1612.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Novartis Animal Health US, Inc., P.O. Box 26402, Greensboro, NC 27404-6402, filed supplemental NADA 141-035 that provides for revising the specifications and conditions of use of Program™ (lufenuron) tablets for prevention and control of flea populations in dogs and control of flea populations in cats. The supplemental NADA is approved as of August 1, 1998, and the regulations are amended by revising 21 CFR 520.1288

to reflect the approval. The basis of approval is discussed in the freedom of information summary.

In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of 21 CFR part 20 and 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(d)(1) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 520

Animal drugs.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 520 is amended as follows:

PART 520—ORAL DOSAGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 520 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b.

2. Section 520.1288 is revised to read as follows:

§ 520.1288 Lufenuron tablets.

(a) *Specifications*—(1) *Dogs*. Each tablet contains either 45, 90, 204.9, or 409.8 milligrams (mg) of lufenuron.

(2) *Cats*. Each tablet contains either 90, 135, 204.9 or 270 mg of lufenuron.

(b) *Sponsor*. See No. 058198 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use in dogs*—(1) *Amount*. Minimum of 10 mg of lufenuron per kilogram (4.5 mg per pound (lb)) of body weight.

(2) *Indications for use*. For use in dogs and puppies, 6 weeks of age and older, for the prevention and control of flea populations. Lufenuron controls flea populations by preventing the development of flea eggs and does not kill adult fleas. Concurrent use of insecticides may be necessary for adequate control of adult fleas.

(3) *Limitations*. Administer tablet(s) after or in conjunction with a full meal to ensure adequate absorption. Administer tablet(s) once a month. All dogs and cats in a household should be treated to achieve maximum efficacy.

(d) *Conditions of use in cats*—(1) *Amount*. Minimum of 30 mg of lufenuron per kilogram (13.6 mg/lb) of body weight.

(2) *Indications for use*. For use in cats and kittens, 6 weeks of age and older, for the control of flea populations. Lufenuron controls flea populations by preventing the development of flea eggs and does not kill adult fleas. Concurrent use of insecticides may be necessary for adequate control of adult fleas.

(3) *Limitations*. Administer tablet(s) after or in conjunction with a full meal to ensure adequate absorption. Administer tablet(s) once a month. All dogs and cats in a household should be treated to achieve maximum efficacy.

Dated: September 20, 1998.

Margaret Ann Miller,

Acting Director, Office of New Animal Drug Evaluation, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 98-26423 Filed 10-1-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Food and Drug Administration****21 CFR Part 558****New Animal Drugs For Use In Animal Feeds; Tiamulin and Chlortetracycline**

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval of a supplemental new animal drug application (NADA) filed by Boehringer Ingelheim Vetmedica, Inc. The supplemental NADA provides for an additional source of chlortetracycline (CTC) Type A medicated articles used to make Type B and C medicated swine feeds containing tiamulin and CTC.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 2, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lonnie W. Luther, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-102), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301-827-0209.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Boehringer Ingelheim Vetmedica, Inc. (BIV), 2621 North Belt Hwy., St. Joseph, MO 64506-2002, has filed supplemental NADA 141-011 that provides for using an additional source of CTC Type A medicated articles (Pennfield Oil Co.'s Pennchlor®) for the feed-mixed combination use with tiamulin Type A medicated articles (BIV's Denagard®) to make tiamulin/CTC Type B or C medicated swine feeds for use as