G. Submission to Congress and the Comptroller General

The Congressional Review Act 5 U.S.C. 801 et Seq., as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2). This rule will be effective December 21, 1998. unless EPA receives adverse written comments on or before November 19, 1998.

H. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act

Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 ("NTTAA"), Public Law 104-113, section 12(d) (15 U.S.C. 272 note) directs EPA to use voluntary consensus standards in its regulatory activities unless to do so would be inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impractical. Voluntary consensus standards are technical standards (e.g., materials specifications, test methods, sampling procedures, and business practices) that are developed or adopted by voluntary consensus standards bodies. The NTTAA directs EPA to provide Congress, through OMB, explanations when the Agency decides not to use available and applicable voluntary consensus standards. This proposed rulemaking does not involve technical standards. Instead, it merely approves the Florida's pre-existing Accidental Release Prevention Program. Therefore, EPA is not considering the use of any voluntary consensus standards.

I. Executive Order 13045

Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), applies to any rule that: (1) Is determined to be "economically significant" as defined under Executive Order 12866, and (2) concerns an environmental health or safety risk that EPA has reason to believe may have a disproportionate effect on children. If the regulatory action meets both criteria, the Agency must evaluate the environmental health or safety effects of the planned rule on children, and explain why the planned regulation is preferable to other potentially effective and reasonably feasible alternatives considered by the Agency.

This rule is not subject to E.O. 13045 because it is not an economically significant rule as defined by E.O. 12866, and because it does not involve decisions based on environmental health or safety risks.

Dated: September 9, 1998.

A. Stanley Meiburg,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region 4. [FR Doc. 98–27926 Filed 10–19–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 64

[Docket No. FEMA-7699]

Suspension of Community Eligibility

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule identifies communities, where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), that are suspended on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this rule, the suspension will be withdrawn by publication in the Federal Register. **EFFECTIVE DATES:** The effective date of

each community's suspension is the third date ("Susp.") listed in the third column of the following tables.

ADDRESSES: If you wish to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date, contact the appropriate FEMA Regional Office or the NFIP servicing contractor.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert F. Shea Jr., Division Director, Program Implementation Division, Mitigation Directorate, 500 C Street, SW., Room 417, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3619.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP enables property owners to purchase flood insurance which is generally not otherwise available. In return,

communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management aimed at protecting lives and new construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage as authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq., unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59 et seq. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the community. However, some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities will not be suspended and will continue their eligibility for the sale of insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of the communities will be published in the Federal Register.

In addition, the Federal Emergency Management Agency has identified the special flood hazard areas in these communities by publishing a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). The date of the FIRM if one has been published, is indicated in the fourth column of the table. No direct Federal financial assistance (except assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act not in connection with a flood) may legally be provided for construction or acquisition of buildings in the identified special flood hazard area of communities not participating in the NFIP and identified for more than a year, on the Federal **Emergency Management Agency's** initial flood insurance map of the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column.

The Associate Director finds that notice and public comment under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives a 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification addressed to the Chief Executive Officer that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are met prior to the effective suspension date. Since these notifications have been made, this final rule may take effect within less than 30 days.

National Environmental Policy Act

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Considerations. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Associate Director has determined that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed no longer comply with the statutory requirements, and after the effective date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the communities unless they take remedial action.

Regulatory Classification

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not involve any collection of information for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, October 26, 1987, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 252.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778, October 25, 1991, 56 FR 55195, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp., p. 309.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 64

Flood insurance, Floodplains.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 64 is amended as follows:

PART 64—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 64 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

§64.6 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of \S 64.6 are amended as follows:

State/location	Community No.	Effective date of eligibility	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assist- ance no longer available in spe- cial flood hazard areas
Region I				
Connecticut: Fairfield, town of, Fairfield County.	090007	April 7, 1972, Emerg.; August 15, 1978, Reg; October 6, 1998, Susp.	Oct. 6, 1998	Oct. 6, 1998
Region V				
Illinois: Glenview, village of, Cook County	170096	January 26, 1973, Emerg.; June 15, 1979, Reg; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do
Indiana: Huntingburg, city of, Dubois County	180362	April 1, 1976, Emerg.; September 16, 1988, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Ohio:				
Springboro, city of, Warren County	390564	May 5, 1975, Emerg.; February 4, 1981, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Warren County, unincorporated areas	390757	January 3, 1975, Emerg.; April 15, 1981, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Wisconsin: Boscobel, city of, Grant County.	550148	November 27, 1981, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Region VI				
Louisiana: Robeline, village of, Natchitoches Parish.	220133	August 11, 1975, Emerg.; August 5, 1985, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Region IX				
California:				
Tulare County, unincorporated areas	065066	January 29, 1971, Emerg.; September 29, 1986, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Visalia, city of, Tulare County	060409	August 23, 1974, Emerg.; July 5, 1984, Reg.; October 6, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Region V				
Illinois: Northbrook, village of, Cook County	170132	December 12, 1973, Emerg.; January 17, 1979, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	Oct. 20, 1998	Oct. 20, 1998.
Ohio: Clark County, unincorporated areas	390732	May 14, 1976, Emerg.; July 2, 1987, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Region VI				
Louisiana:				
Evangeline Parish, unincorporated areas.	220064	January 12, 1976, Emerg.; August 1, 1988, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Ville Platte, town of, Evangeline County	220070	April 13, 1976, Emerg.; October 15, 1985, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Texas:		-		

State/location	Community No.	Effective date of eligibility	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assist- ance no longer available in spe- cial flood hazard areas
Ector County, unincorporated areas	480796	September 11, 1981, Emerg.; March 4, 1991, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Greenville, city of, Hunt County	485473	December 31, 1970, Emerg.; August 13, 1971, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Hunt County, unincorporated areas	480363	June 15, 1990, Emerg.; September 4, 1991, Reg.: October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Odessa, city of, Ector County	480206	March 27, 1980, Emerg.; March 4, 1991, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.
Region VIII				
Colorado: Wellington, town of, Larimer County.	080104	January 17, 1975, Emerg.; February 15, 1979, Reg.; October 20, 1998, Susp.	do	do.

Code for reading third column: Emerg.—Emergency; Reg.—Regular; Rein.—Reinstatement; Susp.—Suspension.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance") Issued: October 9, 1998.

Michael J. Armstrong,

Associate Director for Mitigation.

[FR Doc. 98–28082 Filed 10–19–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–05–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 98-101; RM-9289]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Yuma, CO

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document allots FM Channel 233A to Yuma, Colorado, as that community's second local FM transmission service, in response to a petition for rule making filed on behalf of Ronald L. Zahller and Kent Sager. *See* 63 FR 36199, July 2, 1998. Coordinates used for Channel 233A at Yuma, Colorado, are the city reference location at 40–07–30 NL and 102–43–24 WL. With this action, the proceeding is terminated.

DATES: Effective November 23, 1998. A filing window for Channel 233A at Yuma, Colorado, will not be opened at this time. Instead, the issue of opening a filing window for this channel will be addressed by the Commission in a subsequent Order.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Nancy Joyner, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418–2180. Questions related to the application filing process should be addressed to the Audio Services Division, (202) 418–2700.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's Report and Order, MM Docket No. 98-101, adopted September 30, 1998, and released October 9, 1998. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC's Reference Center (Room 239), 1919 M Street, NW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Part 73 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 73—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 73 reads as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303, 334, 336.

§73.202 [Amended]

2. Section 73.202(b), the Table of FM Allotments under Colorado, is amended by adding Channel 233A at Yuma.

Federal Communications Commission.

John A. Karousos,

Chief, Allocations Branch, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 98–27986 Filed 10–19–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712-01-U

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

Radio Broadcasting Services; Various Locations

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission, on its own motion, editorially amends the Table of FM Allotments to specify the actual classes of channels allotted to various communities. The changes in channel classifications have been authorized in response to applications filed by licensees and permittees operating on these channels. This action is taken pursuant to Revision of Section 73.3573(a)(1) of the Commission's Rules Concerning the Lower Classification of an FM Allotment, 4 FCC Rcd 2413 (1989), and the Amendment of the Commission's Rules to permit FM Channel and Class Modifications [Upgrades] by Applications, 8 FCC Rcd 4735 (1993).

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 20, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Scheuerle, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418–2180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Report and Order, adopted September 30, 1998, and released October 9, 1998. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the Commission's Reference Center (Room 239), 1919 M Street, NW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Service, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW, Washington,