persons to provide DEA with any information on the manner of manufacturing, distribution, consumption, storage, disposal and uses of GBL by industry and others. Both quantitative and qualitative data is sought.

Such information may be submitted to the Drug and Chemical Evaluation Section and is requested by December 22, 1998. Information designated as confidential or proprietary will be treated accordingly. The release of confidential business information that is protected from disclosure under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4) (FOIA), is governed by section 310(c) of the CSA (21 U.S.C. 830(c)) and the Department of Justice procedures set forth in 28 CFR 16.7.

Dated: October 16, 1998.

John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control.

[FR Doc. 98–28417 Filed 10–22–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34,566]

Rosbro Plastics Company (a/k/a School House Candy Company), Pawtucket, RI; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on September 22, 1998, applicable to workers of Rosbro Plastics Company located in Pawtucket, Rhode Island. The notice will soon be published in the who adversely **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers produced plastic bottles for the health and beauty industry. The State has provided information showing that the workers of Rosbro State separated from employment at the Pawtucket plant have had their wages reported under the unemployment insurance (UI) tax account for School House Candy Company. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include those workers of Rosbro Plastics Company who were adversely affected by the increase by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–34,566 is hereby make issued as follows:

All workers of Rosbro Plastics Company, also known as School House Candy Company, Pawtucket, Rhode Island, who were engaged in employment related to the production of plastic bottles and who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after May 6, 1997 through September 22, 2002, are eligibile to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 2d day of October, 1996.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–28447 Filed 10–22–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) issued during the period of October, 1998.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or sub-division have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

- TA-W-34,867; Owens Corning Fiberglass Co., Windows and Patio Doors Div., Martinsville, VA
- TA-W-34,997; Hudson I.C.S., San Leandro, CA
- TA–W–34,884; Pioneer Finishing Duro Industries, Fall River, MA
- TA-W-34,681; Raytheon Systems Co., Fort Wayne, IN
- TA-W-34,583 & TA-W-34, 584; Quantegy, Inc., Opelika, AL and Peachtree City, GA
- TA-W-34,977; IEC Electronics, Arab, AL
- TA-W-34,865; KAO Infosystem Co., Canyon Park Facility Bothell, WA In the following cases, the

investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

- TA-W-34,849 & TA-W-34, 850; Coats North America, Denver, PA and Monroeville, AL
- TA–W–34,863; National Oil Well, Fairfield and Crossville, IL
- TA-W-34,713; NCC Industries, Inc., Cortland, NY

The workers firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

- TA-W-35,012; Warn Industries, International Business Unit, Milwaukee, OR
- TA-W-34,953; Stewart Superior Corp., Chicago, IL
- TA–W–34,548; Champlain Industries, Clifton, NJ
- TA-W-34,014; Terry Logging, Inc., Elgin, OR
- TA–W–34,493; Warwick Dyeing Corp., West Warwick, RI

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

- TA-W-34,944; Somaber Corp., Miami, FL: August 17, 1997.
- TA–W–34,819; Harris Semiconductor, Mountain Top, PA: July 10, 1997.
- TA-W-34,892; Philips Semiconductors, Albuquerque, NM: August 6, 1997.
- TA–W–34,898; Calblelink, Inc., Kings Mountain, NC: July 25, 1997.
- TA-W-35,045; Summit Station, MFG, Inc., Pine Grove, PA: September 22, 1997.
- TA-W-34,978; Remington Products Co L.L.C., Bridgeport, CT: September 2, 1997.

- TA-W-34,924; Native Textile Carisbrook Co., Glens Falls, NY: August 21, 1997.
- TA-W-34,853; Stibnite Mine, Inc., McCall, ID: August 3, 1997.
- TA-W-34,807; A & B; Philomath Forest Product, A Div. OF W.T.D.
 Industries, Cutting Mill, Philomath, OR, W.T.D. Industries, Control Saw Div., Corvallis, OR, Sedro-Wooley Lumber Co., A Div. Of W.T.D.
 Industries, Sedro-Wooley, WA: July 29, 1997.
- TA-W-34,943; Profiles, New York, NY: August 24, 1997.
- TA-W-34,961; Interfrost, Inc., Holley, NY: August 27, 1997.
- TA-W-34,962; Koszegi Industries, Inc., South Bend, IN: August 25, 1997.
- TA-W-34,690; Imation Corp., Wahpeton, ND: June 1, 1997.
- TA-W-34,604; Master Lock Door, Hardware Div., Auburn, AL: May 21, 1997.
- TA-W-35,013; Acme Electric Corp., Electronics Div., Cuba, NY: September 9, 1997.
- TA-W-34,933; G.H. Bass & Co., Wilton, ME: October 11, 1998.
- TA-W-34,805; Kern Manufacturing, Inc., Flora, IL: July 9, 1997.
- TA-W-34,951; Schlumberger Anadrill, Casper, WY: August 18, 1997.
- TA-W-35,006; TexMex Trim, Inc., Los Indios, TX: September 16, 1997.
- TA-W-34,873; Eaton Corp., Cutler-Hammer Industrial Controls Div., Bowling Green, KY: March 21, 1998 & before September 30, 1998.
- TA-W-34,856 & A; Ademco Group, Syosset, NY and El Paso, TX: August 8, 1997.
- TA-W-34,921; L.C. Neely Drilling, Inc., Robinson, IL: August 18, 1997.
- TA-W-34,976; Excel Garment Manufacturing Co., Inc., El Paso, TX: August 26, 1997.
- TA-W-34,916; Donora Sportswear Co., Inc., Donora, PA: October 14, 1997.

Also, pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance hereinafter called (NAFTA– TAA) and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act as amended, the Department of Labor presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA issued during the month of October, 1998.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA the following group eligibility requirements of Section 250 of the Trade Act must be met:

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—

(2) That sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,

(3) That imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases in imports contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

(4) That there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

NAFTA-TAA-02556; Decorative Home Accents, Home Innovations a/k/a Draymore Manufacturing, Morresville, NC

- NAFTA-TAA-02614; Terry Logging, Inc., Elgin, OR
- NAFTA-TAA-02581; Donora Sportswear Co., Inc., Donora, PA

NAFTA-TAA-02561; Pioneer Finishing, Duro Industries, Fall River, MA

- NAFTA-TAA-02562; Philips SemiConductors, Albuquerque, NM
- NAFTA-TAA-02542; Dash America, Okie Apparel Plant, Hugo, OK
- NAFTA-TAA-02594; Stewart Superior Corp., Chicago, IL

The investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

NAFTA-TAA-02642; The Banana Tree, El Paso, TX

NAFTA-TAA-02635; Smith Corona Corp., Cortland, NY

The investigations revealed that the workers of the subject firm did not

produce an article within the meaning of Section 250(a) of the Trade Act, as amended.

Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

- NAFTA-TAA-02611; Lane Punch Corp., New Berlin, WI: September 10, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02616; Santa's Best, Millville, NJ: September 8, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02572 & Al Ademco Group, Syosset, NY and El Paso, TX: August 17, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02582; Schlumberger Anadrill, Casper, WY: August 18, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02601; Excel Garment Manufacturing, Inc., El Paso, TX: August 26, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAS-02605; TexMex Trim., Inc., Los Indios, TX: August 28, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02443; Raytheon Systems Co., Fort Wayne, IN: June 12, 1997
- NAFTA-TAA-2598; Interfrost, Inc., Holley, NY: August 27, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02589; Native Textiles, Carisbrook Co., Glens Falls, NY: August 26, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02546; Stibnite Mine, Inc., McCall, ID: August 10, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02565; Philomath Forest Products, A Div., of W.T.D. Industries, Cutting Mill, Philomath, OR, W.T.D. Industries, Central Saw Div., Corvallis, OR and Sedro-Wolley Lumber Co., A Div. of W.T.D. Industries, Sedro-Wooley, WA: July 27, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02643; Summit Station Mfg., Inc., Pine Grove, PA: September 22, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02625; Eastman Kodak Co., Health Imaging Digital Systems Platform, Rochester, NY: September 14, 1997.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of October 1998. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C– 4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: October 14, 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–28449 Filed 10–22–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M