(b) Perform a one-time eddy current and/ or dye penetrant inspection to detect cracking of the NLG main fitting, in accordance with Messier-Dowty Service Bulletin F100–32–92, dated November 14, 1997, at the applicable time specified in either paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this AD. Accomplishment of the inspection required by paragraph (b) of this AD, if accomplished prior to the inspection required by paragraph (a) of this AD, terminates the inspection requirement of paragraph (a) of this AD.

(1) For airplanes that have accumulated fewer than 15,000 total flight cycles as of the effective date of this AD: Inspect prior to the accumulation of 8,000 total flight cycles, or within 180 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later.

(2) For airplanes that have accumulated 15,000 or more total flight cycles as of the effective date of this AD: Inspect within 60 days after the effective date of this AD.

(c) If any crack is detected during the inspection required by paragraph (b) of this AD, prior to further flight, rework the NLG main fitting in accordance with Messier-Dowty Service Bulletin F100–32–92, dated November 14, 1997.

(d) Within 7 days after accomplishing the inspection required by either paragraph (a) or (b) of this AD, or within 7 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, submit a report of the inspection results (both positive and negative findings) to Fokker Services B.V., Technical Support Department, P.O. Box 75047, 1117 ZN Schiphol Airport, the Netherlands. Information collection requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and have been assigned OMB Control Number 2120-0056.

(e) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM–116.

(f) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(g) Except as provided by paragraph (d) of this AD, the actions shall be done in accordance with Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–32–112, dated November 14, 1997, and Messier-Dowty Service Bulletin F100–32–92, dated November 14, 1997. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Fokker

Services B.V., Technical Support Department, P.O. Box 75047, 1117 ZN Schiphol Airport, the Netherlands. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in Dutch airworthiness directive BLA 1997–116 (A), dated November 28, 1997.

(h) This amendment becomes effective on December 7, 1998.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on October 13, 1998.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 98–29002 Filed 10–30–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 98-AWP-12]

Revocation of Class D and Class E Airspace, Crows Landing, CA; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; confirmation of effective date and correction.

SUMMARY: This document confirms the effective date of a direct final rule which revokes the Class D and Class E airspace areas below 1200 feet above ground level (AGL) associated with Crows Landing, CA and changes the name from Crows Landing NALF to NASA Crows Landing in the legal description of the remaining controlled airspace as published in the direct final rule. The correction adds the removal of the Class D airspace area, which was inadvertently omitted from the direct final rule; request for comments.

DATES: The direct final rule published in 63 FR 45394 is effective at 0901 UTC, December 3, 1998. This correction is effective on December 3, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Debra Trindle, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Specialist, AWP–520.10, Federal Aviation Administration, 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Lawndale, California 90261: telephone: (310) 725—

California 90261; telephone: (310) 725–6613.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 26, 1998, the FAA published in the **Federal Register** a direct final rule; request for comments which revoked the Class D and Class E airspace areas below 1200 feet AGL associated with

Crows Landing Airport, CA. (FR Document 98-22749, 63 FR 45394, Airspace Docket No. 98–AWP–12). An error was subsequently discovered in the publication of the docket. The removal of the Class D airspace area was inadvertently omitted from the direct final rule; request for comments. After review of all available information related to the subject present above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require adoption of the rule. The FAA has determined that this correction will not change the meaning of the action nor add any additional burden on the public beyond that already published. This action corrects the error and confirms the effective date of the direct final rule.

The FAA uses the direct final rulemaking procedure for a noncontroversial rule where the FAA believes that there will be no adverse public comment. This direct final rule advised the public that no adverse comments were anticipated, and that unless a written adverse comment, or a written notice of intent to submit such an adverse comment, were received within the comment period, the regulation would become effective on December 3, 1998. No adverse comments were received, therefore this document confirms that this direct final rule will become effective on that date.

Correction

In rule FR Doc. 98–22749 published in the **Federal Register** on August 26, 1998, 63 FR 45394, make the following correction to the airspace description;

Paragraph 5000 Class D airspace.

AWP CAD Crows Landing NALF, CA [Removed]

Issued in Los Angeles, California on October 19, 1998.

Dawna J. Vicars,

Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Western Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 98-29298 Filed 10-30-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 98-AWP-20]

Revision of Class E Airspace, San Diego, North Island NAS, CA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; confirmation of effective date.

SUMMARY: This document confirms the effective date of a direct final rule which revise the Class E airspace extension at San Diego North Island NAS, (NZY), CA.

DATES: The direct final rule published in 63 FR 46166 is effective at 0901 UTC, December 3, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Debra Trindle, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Specialist, AWP–520.10, Federal Aviation Administration, 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Lawndale, California 90261; telephone: (310) 725–6613.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 31, 1998, the FAA published in the Federal Register a direct final rule; request for comments, which revised the effective hours of the Class E airspace extension for San Diego, North Island Naval Air Station, (NZY) Halsey Field, CA (FR Document 98-23367, 63 FR 46166, Airspace Docket No. 98-AWP-20). In April of 1998 the U.S. Navy reduced the hours of operation of the Airport Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) at NZŶ. A separate airspace docket has been published in the Federal Register amending the effective hours of the NZY Class D airspace surface area. The Class E airspace extension operates in conjunction with the Class D airspace surface area. The reduction of the ATCT hours of operation has made this action necessary. This action does not involve a change in the dimensions or operating requirements of that airspace containing Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations at NZY. The FAA uses the direct final rulemaking procedure for a noncontroversial rule where the FAA believes that there will be no adverse public comment. This direct final rule advised the public that no adverse comments were anticipated, and that unless a written adverse comment, or a written notice of intent to submit such an adverse comment, were received within the comment period, the regulation would become effective on December 3, 1998. No adverse comments were received, therefore this document confirms that this direct final rule will become effective on that date.

Issued in Los Angeles, California on October 19, 1998.

Dawna J. Vicars,

Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Western Pacific Region. [FR Doc. 98–29296 Filed 10–30–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 98-AWP-23]

Revision to Class E Airspace; Reno, NV

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; request for

comments.

SUMMARY: This action will revise the legal description for the E3 airspace area designated as an extension to the Class C airspace at Reno, NV. In view of the permanent decommissioning of Sparks Non-directional Radio Beacon (NDB), and the recent airport name change from Reno Cannon International Airport to Reno/Tahoe International Airport, a revision to the legal description for this airspace is necessary. This action will not alter the dimensions of the Reno E3 airspace. The rule is intended solely to make editorial changes to update the Reno Class E airspace legal description set forth in FAA Order 7400.9F.

DATES: Effective date: 0901 UTC January 28, 1999. Comment date: Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before December 2, 1998. ADDRESSES: Send comments on the direct final rule in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Attn: Manager, Airspace Branch, AWP–520, Docket No. 98–AWP–23, Air Traffic Division, P.O. Box 92007, Worldway Postal Center, Los Angeles, California 90009.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Western-Pacific Region, Federal Aviation Administration, Room 6007, 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Lawndale, California 90261.

An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours at the Office of the Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jeri Carson, Air Traffic Division Airspace Specialist, AWP–520.11, Western-Pacific Region, Federal Aviation Administration, 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Lawndale, California 90261, telephone (301) 725–6611.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Direct Final Rule Procedure

The FAA anticipates that this regulation will not result in adverse or negative comment and therefore is

issuing it as a direct final rule. Unless a written adverse or negative comment or a written notice of intent to submit an adverse or negative comment is received within the comment period, the regulation will become effective on the date specified above. After the close of the comment period, the FAA will publish a document in the Federal Register indicating that no adverse or negative comments were received and confirming the effective date of the final rule. If the FAA does receive, within the comment period, an adverse or negative comment, or written notice of intent to submit such a comment, a document withdrawing the direct final rule will be published in the Federal Register, and a notice of proposed rulemaking may be published with a new comment period.

Comments Invited

Although this action is in the form of a final rule and was not preceded by a notice of proposed rulemaking, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments, as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rule Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption **ADDRESSES.** All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended or withdrawn in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of this action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this action will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 98–AWP–23." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.