

gold and silver, expansion of the existing heap leach and tailings facilities, and continued use of existing and development of new ancillary mining facilities. Dewatering was proposed in order to mine several of the proposed open pits. The BLM conducted scoping with respect to BMG's proposed Plan of Operations in 1995. Based on the scoping comments, the BLM identified the following issues to be addressed in the EIS: air quality, hydrology and water quality, surface and ground water resources, geochemistry, reclamation, social and economic values, and cumulative impacts.

Since the original Plan of Operations was submitted and scoping was conducted, BMG has continued to conduct development operations at the property. Through exploration, BMG has identified additional gold and silver ore beyond the extent of the mine plan on which the Plan of Operations was based. Exploration also has identified ore containing gold, silver, and copper that BMG intends to mine and mill using a modified milling and beneficiation process that makes more ore amenable to gold, silver, and copper recovery.

Based on this additional information, BMG has revised the Plan of Operations to include additional disturbance on private and public land that might occur if the gold, silver, and copper deposits identified by exploration to date are fully developed. The Plan of Operations includes expanding the development of three existing open pits and one new open pit, expanding the existing heap leach and tailings facilities, constructing a new mill, and further developing existing waste rock disposal areas. Dewatering (approximately 1,000 gallons per minute) would be necessary to mine three of the proposed pits. BMG proposes to use all of the water produced by open pit dewatering in its mining and beneficiation operations. BMG proposes to place a substantial portion of the mined waste rock over existing copper leach and waste rock facilities. Approximately two-thirds of the disturbance described by the Plan of Operations would occur on private land. The Plan of Operations also proposes to schedule mine development so that waste rock mined from active open pits would be used to backfill previously mined open pits. Under the proposed Plan of Operations all open pits that would be mined below existing ground water elevations would be backfilled above post-mining groundwater levels, and; as a result, no pit lakes would form.

Total existing disturbance at the project site is 2,704 acres, (2,224 acres of private land and 480 acres of public land). Under the Plan of Operations, an additional 4,387 acres of land (1,914 acres of private land and 2,473 acres of public land) would be disturbed.

Dated: March 8, 1999.

Leonard F. Brouse,

Acting Battle Mountain Field Manager.

[FR Doc. 99-6349 Filed 3-15-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-HC-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[OR-030-09-1220-00: GP9-0130]

Notice of Meeting of the Oregon Trail Interpretive Center Advisory Board

AGENCY: National Historic Oregon Trail Interpretive Center, Vale District, Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Notice is given that a meeting of the Advisory Board for the National Historic Oregon Trail Interpretive Center will be held on Thursday, April 1, 1999 from 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. at the Best Western Sunridge Inn, One Sunridge Lane, Baker City, Oregon 97814.

At an appropriate time, the Board will recess for approximately one hour for lunch. Public comments will be received from 12:00 p.m. to 12:15 p.m., April 1, 1999. Topics to be discussed are the Re-chartering the Advisory Board and Staggering Board Members' Terms and reports from Coordinators of Subcommittees.

DATES: The meeting will begin at 7:00 a.m. and run to 3:00 p.m. April 1, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David B. Hunsaker, Bureau of Land Management, National Historic Oregon Trail Interpretive Center, P.O. Box 987, Baker City, OR 97814, (Telephone 541-523-1845).

Lynn P. Findley,

ADM Operations/Field Support.

[FR Doc. 99-6341 Filed 3-15-99; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations

Nominations for the following properties being considered for listing in the National Register were received by the National Park Service before

March 6, 1999. Pursuant to section 60.13 of 36 CFR Part 60 written comments concerning the significance of these properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation may be forwarded to the National Register, National Park Service, 1849 C St. NW, NC400, Washington, DC 20240. Written comments should be submitted by March 31, 1999.

Patrick Andrus,

Acting Keeper of the National Register.

CONNECTICUT

Litchfield County

Moore Jr., William, House, 5 Mountain Rd., Barkhamsted vicinity, 99000406

New London County

Ashland Mill Bridge, Over Pachaug R., near Ashland St., Griswold, 99000407

Windham County

Glen Falls Bridge, Brunswick Ave. over Moosup R., Plainfield, 99000408

FLORIDA

Columbia County

Goodbread—Black Farm Historic District, Off Corinth Rd., S of Suwannee R., E of US 41, W of US 44, Lake City vicinity, 99000409

Pinellas County

Anclote Key Lighthouse, Southern end of Anclote Key Island, Anclote Key Island, 99000410

GEORGIA

Bartow County

Smith and Douglas Family Houses, MacJohnson Rd., Cassville, 99000412

Colquitt County

Mother Easter Baptist Church and Parsonage, 400 Second Ave., NW, Moultrie, 99000413

Troup County

West Point Public School, Jct. of Ave. F and E. 8th St., West Point, 99000411

IDAHO

Ada County

Lilyquist—Christianson Building, 459 W. Third, Kuna, 99000415

Bear Lake County

Scotfield, Anna Nielsen, House, 2788 US 89, Fish Haven, 99000417

Bonner County

Settlement School, Settlement Rd., 0.5 E of jct. with E. Side Rd., Priest River vicinity, 99000418

Latah County

Kirby, Thomas, House, 102 N. 9th St., Kendrick, 99000414

Shoshone County

St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, 104 Hunter Ave., Mullan, 99000419

Valley County

North Fork Payette River Bridge, ID 55,
Approx. 2.5 mi. N of Smiths Ferry, Smiths
Ferry vicinity, 99000416

KANSAS**Johnson County**

Turner, William Thomas, Barn, 19805 S.
Moonlight Rd., Gardner vicinity, 99000420

MARYLAND**Anne Arundel County**

Chance Boatyard, 222 Seventh Ave.,
Annapolis, 99000421

Prince George's County

Hazelwood, 18611 Queen Anne Rd., Upper
Marlboro vicinity, 99000422

NEBRASKA**Douglas County**

Simon Brothers Company, 1024 Dodge St.,
Omaha, 99000423

NORTH CAROLINA**Anson County**

Wadesboro Downtown Historic District,
Roughly bounded by Martin, Rutherford,
Morgan, Lee, and Brent Sts., Wadesboro,
99000425

Beaufort County

Bowers—Tripp House, 1040 N. Market St.,
Washington, 99000424

OKLAHOMA**Oklahoma County**

Merchants Transfer and Storage, 19 E.
California Oklahoma City, 83004655

PENNSYLVANIA**Blair County**

Roosevelt, F. D., Grade School—Greenfield
High School, Bedford St., Greenfield
Township, 99000426

TENNESSEE**Bradley County**

Blue Springs Encampments and
Fortifications (Civil War Historic and
Historic Archeological Resources in
Tennessee MPS) Address Restricted,
Cleveland, 99000427

WISCONSIN**Dane County**

Bedrud—Olson Farmstead, 996 E. Church
Rd., Christiana, 99000429
A Request for REMOVAL has been made
for:

INDIANA**Spencer County**

Brown-Kercheval House, 315 S. 2nd St.,
Rockport, 73000045

[FR Doc. 99-6305 Filed 3-15-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service**

**Notice of Inventory Completion for
Native American Human Remains and
Associated Funerary Objects from
Ness City and Rawlins County, KS in
the Possession of the Kansas State
Historical Society, Topeka, KS**

AGENCY: National Park Service

ACTION: Notice

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Kansas State Historical Society, Topeka, KS.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Kansas State Historical Society (KSHS) professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribes of Oklahoma, and the Northern Cheyenne Tribe of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, Montana.

During the 1890s, human remains representing two individuals from site 14NS320 along Walnut Creek southeast of Ness City, KS were placed as part of an indefinite loan to the Fort Hays State University (FHSU) by the Maranville family, owners of the site. In 1990, these individuals were transferred to KSHS by Fort Hays University as required by the Kansas Unmarked Burials Sites Preservation Act. Efforts to contact the Maranville family regarding this loan have been unsuccessful. No known individuals were identified. The 401 associated funerary objects include a mirror, two knives, two files, a bell, a comb, 44 glass and metal buttons, eleven brass circlets, three metal cone clusters, three metal buckles, on length of brass wire, one silver plaque, 39 silver conchos, five metal arrowheads, and 287 glass beads.

According to the FHSU museum exhibit label, the grave of these individuals was lined with cedar poles. In a written 1973 statement, a member of the Maranville family described the burial as an "Indian grave" consisting of two seated skeletons. Based on the associated funerary objects and reported manner of interment, these individuals have been identified as Native American. The FHSU museum exhibit label also states that local legend indicates these were Cheyenne individuals killed in the Sand Creek Massacre in 1864 and brought to Walnut Creek for burial.

In 1912, human remains representing one individual were donated to KSHS by R. K. Farrar. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Donor information indicates this individual was removed from the 1875 Cheyenne Massacre site derived from the Cheyenne Hole or Sappa Creek Battle on the Middle Fork of Sappa Creek, Rawlins County, KS and identified by the donor as Cheyenne. In 1980, archeological investigations identified not only the 1875 component, but also a precontact habitation site dating to the Great Bend Aspect (1400—1600 A.D.). Based upon condition of the human remains and donor information, this individual has been identified as Cheyenne.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Kansas State Historical Society have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of three individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Kansas State Historical Society have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the 401 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Kansas State Historical Society have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribes of Oklahoma.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribes of Oklahoma, and the Northern Cheyenne Tribe of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, Montana. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Randall Thies, Archeologist, Kansas State Historical Society, 6425 SW Sixth Avenue, Topeka, KS 66606-1099; telephone: (913) 272-8681, ext. 267, before April 15, 1999. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribes of Oklahoma may begin