States District Court for the Southern District of Texas.

The Consent Decree settles an action brought under Sections 309(b) and (d) of the Clean Water Act ("the Act"), 33 U.S.C. 1319(b) and (d). The consent Decree provides for Texmark's payment of a civil penalty to the United States in the amount of \$129,816, requires injunctive relief to bring Texmark into compliance with the Clean Water Act, and requires Texmark to implement and complete two Supplemental Environmental Projects ("SEPs") costing in the aggregate \$95,790 at its Galena Park, Harris County, Texas facility.

The Vacuum Pumps SEP involves the replacement of its two steam jets in the DCPD Distillation Process with two vacuum pumps thereby eliminating process wastewater in its process system. Because process wastewater will no longer be generated in the production of DCPD, the proposed SEP will reduce the average flow through outfall 001 by between 50% and 78%; process wastewater flow would concurrently be reduced by between 55% and 87%.

The Rail Car Overfill Prevention SEP will augment Texmark's existing rail car loading process to prevent the inadvertent overfilling of rail cars at the facility. The SEP will employ a micromotion meter system which consists of a senor, transmitter, totalizer and probe. The sensor will measure mass, volume, density and temperature. The SEP will prevent spills occurring as the result of rail car filling thus benefitting the environment.

The Department of Justice will receive, for a period of thirty (30) days from the ate of this publication, comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General for the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530, and should refer to *United States* v. *Texmark Chemicals, Inc.,* DOJ Ref. #90–5–1–1–4527.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the office of the United States Attorney, Southern District of Texas, 910 Travis Suite 1500, Houston, Texas 77208; the Region VI Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas, and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 3rd Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005, (202) 624–0892. A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may be

obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 3rd Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005. In requesting a copy please refer to the referenced case and enclose a check in the amount of \$6.75 (25 cents per page reproduction costs), payable to the Consent Decree Library.

Joel M. Gross,

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 99–20746 Filed 8–10–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Immigration and Naturalization Service

[INS No. 2006-99; AG Order No. 2240-99]

RIN 1115-AE26

Extension of Designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina Under the Temporary Protected Status Program

AGENCY: Immigration and Naturalization Service, Justice. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice extends the Attorney General's designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina under the Temporary Protected Status (TPS) program until August 10, 2000. Eligible nationals of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) may re-register for TPS and an extension of employment authorization. Re-registration is limited to persons who registered for the initial period of TPS, which ended on August 10, 1993, or who registered after that date under the late initial registration provision. Persons who are eligible for late initial registration may register for TPS during this extension.

EFFECTIVE DATES: The extension of the TPS designation for Bosnia-Herzegovina is effective August 11, 1999, and will remain in effect until August 10, 2000. The 30-day re-registration period begins August 11, 1999 and will remain in effect until September 10, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Valverde, Residence and Status Services Branch, Adjudications, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Room 3214, 425 I Street, NW, Washington, DC 20536, telephone (202) 514–4754.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

What Authority Does the Attorney General Have To Extend the Designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina Under the TPS Program?

Section 244(b)(3)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (the Act), states that at least 60 days before the end of an extension or a designation, the Attorney General must review conditions in the foreign state for which the designation is in effect. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(A). Under section 244(b)(3)(C), the Attorney General may extend the initial TPS period based on a determination that the foreign state continues to meet the conditions for designation. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(C). Through such an extension, TPS continues to be available only to persons who have been continuously physically present and have continuously resided in the United States from the effective date of the initial designation, in this case since August 10, 1992.

Why Is the Attorney General Extending the TPS Designation for Bosnia-Herzegovina

On August 10, 1992, the Attorney General designated Bosnia-Herzegovina for TPS for a period of 12 months. 57 FR 35604. Since that date, the Department of State and the Department of Justice have annually reviewed conditions within Bosnia-Herzegovina and the Attorney General, based on these reviews, has extended TPS for that country each year. Based on this year's review, the Attorney General finds that extraordinary and temporary conditions that prevent nationals of Bosnia-Herzegovina from returning to their country in safety persist, and that, due to such conditions, extension of the designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina under the TPS program is warranted. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(1)(C).

If I Currently Have TPS, How Do I Register for an Extension?

Persons previously granted TPS under the Bosnia-Herzegovina program may apply for an extension by filing a Form I–821, without the fee, during the reregistration period that begins August 11, 1999 and ends September 10, 1999. Additionally, you must file a Form I–765. See the chart below to determine whether or not you must submit the one-hundred dollars (\$100) filing fee with the Form I–765.

Then

If	Then
You already have employment authorization or do not require employment authorization You are applying for employment authorization and are requesting a fee waiver	ment Authorization, with no fee.

To re-register for TPS, you also must include two identification photographs $(1\frac{1}{2}" \times 1\frac{1}{2}")$ and supporting evidence, as provided in

8 CFR 244.9 (evidence of identity and nationality, and proof or residence).

Is Late Registration Possible?

Yes. In addition to timely reregistration, late initial registration is possible for some persons from Bosnia-Herzegovina under 8 CFR 244.2(f)(2). The requirements for late initial registration specify that an applicant for late initial registration must—

- (1) Be a national of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or an alien having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina);
- (2) Have been continuously physically present in the United States since August 10, 1992;
- (3) Have continuously resided in the United States since August 10, 1992; and
- (4) Be admissible as an immigrant, except as otherwise provided in section 244(c)(2)(A), and not ineligible under section 244(c)(2)(B) of the Act. 8 CFR 244.2(f)(2).

Additionally, the applicant must be able to demonstrate that, during the initial registration period from August 10, 1992, through August 10, 1993, he or she—

- Was in valid immigrant or nonimmigrant status, or had been granted voluntary departure status of any relief from removal;
- (2) Had an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal pending or subject to further review or appeal;
- (3) Was a parolee or had a pending request for reparole; or
- (4) Was the spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

An applicant for late initial registration must register no later than sixty (60) days from the expiration or termination of the qualifying condition. Id

Where Should I File for an Extension of TPS?

Persons seeking to extend their TPS must submit an application and accompanying materials to the Immigration and Naturalization local office that has jurisdiction over the applicant's place of residence.

When Can I File for an Extension of TPS?

The 30-day re-registration period begins August 11, 1999 and will remain in effect until September 10, 1999.

How Does an Application for TPS Affect My Application for Asylum or Other Immigration Benefits?

An application for TPS does not preclude or affect an application for asylum or any other immigration benefit. Any national of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or alien having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) who is otherwise eligible for TPS and has applied for, or plans to apply for, asylum, but who has not yet been granted asylum or withholding of removal, may also apply for TPS. Denial of an application for asylum or any other immigration benefit does not affect an applicant's ability to register for TPS, although the grounds of denial may also lead to denial of TPS. For example, a person who has been convicted of an aggravated felony is not eligible for asylum or TPS.

Does This Extension Allow Nationals of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or Aliens Having No Nationality Who Last Habitually Resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) Who Entered the United States After August 10, 1992, To File for TPS?

No. This is a notice of an extension of the TPS designation for Bosnia-Herzegovina. It is not a notice of redesignation for Bosnia-Herzegovina under the TPS program. An extension of TPS does not change the required dates of continuous physical presence and residence in the United States, and does not expand the TPS program to include nationals of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) who arrived in the United States after the date of the initial designation, in this case since August 10. 1992.

Notice of Extension of the Designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina Under the TPS Program

By the authority vested in me as Attorney General under sections 244(b)(3)(A) and (C) of the Act, I have consulted with the appropriate agencies of the Government concerning whether the conditions under which Bosnia-Herzegovina was initially designated for TPS continue to exist. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(A), (C). As a result, I determine that the conditions for the initial designation of TPS for Bosnia-Herzegovina continue to be met. Accordingly, I order as follows:

- (1) The designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina under section 244(b)(1)(C) of the Act is extended for an additional 12-month period from August 11, 1999, until August 10, 2000. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(1)(C).
- (2) I estimate that there are approximately 400 nationals of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) who have been granted TPS and are eligible for reregistration.
- (3) In order to maintain current registration for TPS, a national of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or alien having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) who received a grant of TPS during the initial period of designation from August 10, 1992, until August 10, 1993, must re-register for TPS
- (4) Pursuant to section 244(b)(3)(A) of the Act, the Attorney General will review, at least 60 days before August 10, 2000, the designation of Bosnia-Herzegovina under the TPS program to determine whether the conditions for designation continue to be met. 8 U.S.C. 1254a(b)(3)(A). Notice of that determination and the reasons underlying it will be published in the **Federal Register**.
- (5) Information concerning the TPS program for nationals of Bosnia-Herzegovina (or aliens having no nationality who last habitually resided in Bosnia-Herzegovina) will be available at local Service offices upon publication of this notice.

Dated: August 6, 1999.

Janet Reno.

Attorney General.

[FR Doc. 99–20852 Filed 8–9–99; 11:59 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-10-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

August 4, 1999.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection requests (ICRs) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of each individual ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor, Departmental Clearance Officer, Ira Mills ((292) 209–5096 ext. 143) or by E-Mail to Mills-Ira@dol.gov.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for BLS, DM, ESA, ETA, MSHA, OSHA, PWBA, or VETS, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 ((202) 395–7316), on or before September 10, 1999.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

• Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

• Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

 Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

• Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Âgency: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Title: Strategic Partnerships for Worker Safety and Health. OMB Number: 1218–0NEW. Frequency: On occasion. Affected Public: Business or other non-profit; Federal Government. Number of Respondents: 500. Estimated Time Per Respondent: 29.72 hours per year.

Total Burden Hours: 14,860. Total Annualized capital/startup costs: \$0.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: OSHA requires Strategic Partnerships for Worker Safety and Health information to assess the impact of partnerships. An OSHA Strategic Partnership aims to have a measurable, positive impact on workplace safety and health that goes beyond what historically has been achievable through traditional enforcement methods and through a focus on individual work sites.

Ira L. Mills,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 99–20662 Filed 8–10–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) issued during the period of July , 1999.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) that a significant number or protection of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) that sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) that increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3)

has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-36,283, A, B, C; Hevi-Duty Electric, Mt. Vernon, IL, Pell City, AL, Cortland, NY, and Berwick, PA

TA-W-36,189; Gary Williams Energy Corp., Roosevelt, UT

TA-W-36,332; S & S Chemical and Oil, Inc., Williston, ND

TA-W-36,223; Dydrolex, Inc., Longview,

TA-W-35,959; Bonney Forge Cop., Allentown, PA

TA-W-36,232; Total Safety, Inc., Watford City, ND

TA-W-36,320; CAC, Inc., Edmund, OK TA-W-36,214; Union Drilling, Inc., Roosevelt, UT

TA-W-36,211; Aquila Gas Pipeline Corp., San Antonio, TX

TA-W-36,133; MCM Enterprises, Inc. (A/k/A Midstates Wire), Crawfordsville, IN

TA-W-35,682; Newport Steel Corp., Newport, KY

TA-W-35,846; U.S. Axle, Inc., Pottstown, PA

TA-W-36,380; Smurfit-Stone Container Corp., Laporte, IN

TA-W-36,069; Thyssen Mining Construction, Inc. & Betty B. Coal Co., Inc., Coeburn, VA

TA-W-35,887; Hydroform USA, Inc., Carson, CA

TA-W-35,566; H & H Strandflex, Oriskany, NY

TA-W-36,408; Geo-Log, Inc., Granbury, TX

TA-W-35,857; Johnstown Corp., Johnstown, PA

TA-W-36,077; Graybec Lime, Inc., Central Quarry, Pleasant GAP, Formerly Bellefonte Lime Co., Bellefont, PA

TA-W-36,374; Rockwell Automation, Reliance Electric Custom Motors, Kings Mountain, NC

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

TA-W-36,404; CXY Energy, Dallas, TX TA-W-36,347; Great River Insurance Co., Accounting Dept. Meridian, MS

TA-W-36,353; Gdynia-America Line, Inc., Elizabeth, NJ

TA-W-36,405; First Reserve Oil and Gas Co., Midland, TX

TA-W-36,335; Kellogg Brown & Root, Odessa, TX

TA-W-36,474; Weyerhauser Co., Export Service, Coos Bay Chip Operations, North Bend, OR

TA-W-36,352; Triton Energy, Dallas, TX TA-W-36,450; AMP, Inc., Metrology Group, Harrisburg, PA