

LIST OF PETITION ACTION BY TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR PERIOD 12/16/98-1/21/99

Firm name	Address	Date petition accepted	Product
Electro-Chem Etching Co., Inc	5706 Green Ash Dr., Houston, TX 77081	12/28/98	Multi-Layered Printed Circuit Boards.
Corey Associates, Inc	P.O. Box E, Greentown, PA 18426	12/31/98	Thermister Sensors; Electronic Cable Harness.
Tingstol Company	1600 Busse Road, Elk Grove Village, IL 60007 ...	12/31/98	Printed Circuit Boards.
Vivan Alexander, Inc	6165 Picard Lane, Maurice, LA 70555	12/31/98	Gold Plated Decorative Boxes.
Burley Design Cooperative	4020 Steward Road, Eugene, OR 97402	01/04/99	Bicycle Trailers.
Dowcraft Corporation	221 Lister Avenue	01/12/99	Metal Partitions; Metal Doors.
Hawaii Nurseries, Inc	P.O. Box 4142, Hilo, HI 96720	01/15/99	Potted Plants and Foliage.
Tropical J'S, Inc	5 Sand Island Access Rd., Honolulu, HI 96819 ...	01/12/99	Outdoor Umbrellas and Awnings.
The Worcester Company, Inc	1 Greystone Avenue, N. Providence, RI 02911 ...	01/15/99	Woven Wool Fabric.
MRA Laboratories, Inc	96 Marshall Street, North Adams, MA 01247	01/19/99	Ceramic Powder and Electrode Conductor Links.
Atlas Tool and Die Company, Inc	42 Marway Circle, Rochester, NY 14624	01/14/99	Transmission Shafts, Cranks, Cranks and Torque Converters.
American Fittings, Inc	P.O. Box 1007, Travelers Rest, SC 29690	01/21/99	Flanges and Fittings for Pipes and Tubing.

The petitions were submitted pursuant to Section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2341). Consequently, the United States Department of Commerce has initiated separate investigations to determine whether increased imports into the United States of articles like or directly competitive with those produced by each firm contributed importantly to total or partial separation of the firm's workers, or threat thereof, and to a decrease in sales or production of each petitioning firm.

Any party having a substantial interest in the proceedings may request a public hearing on the matter. A request for a hearing must be received by Trade Adjustment Assistance, Room 7315, Economic Development Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230, no later than the close of business of the tenth calendar day following the publication of this notice.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance official program number and title of the program under which these petitions are submitted is 11.313, Trade Adjustment Assistance.

Dated: January 25, 1999.

Anthony J. Meyer,

Coordinator, Trade Adjustment and Technical Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99-2379 Filed 2-1-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-24-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Export Administration

Action Affecting Export Privileges; Francisco Javier Ferreiro-Parga; Order Denying Permission To Apply for or Use Export Licenses

On December 12, 1997, Francisco Ferreiro-Paraga (Ferreiro-Pargo) was convicted in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida on, *inter alia*, one count of violating the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C.A. §§ 1701-1706 (1991 & Supp. 1998)) (IEEPA). Ferreiro-Parga was convicted of knowingly, willfully, and unlawfully exporting and causing to be exported two containers of goods, to Ria Haina, Dominican Republic, under a false bill of lading, from where the containers of goods were transshipped to Havana, Cuba, without the required export license.

Section 11(h) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (currently codified at 50 U.S.C.A. app. §§ 2401-2420 (1991 & Supp. 1998)) (the Act),¹ provides that, at the discretion of the Secretary of Commerce,² no person

¹ The Act expired on August 20, 1994. Executive Order 12924 (3 C.F.R., 1994 Comp. 917 (1995)), extended by Presidential Notices of August 15, 1995 (3 C.F.R., 1995 Comp. 501 (1996)), August 14, 1996 (3 C.F.R., 1996 Comp. 298 (1997)), August 13, 1997 (3 C.F.R., 1997 Comp. 306 (1998)), and August 13, 1998 (63 Fed. Reg. 44121, August 17, 1998), continued the Export Administration Regulations in effect under the IEEPA.

² Pursuant to appropriate delegations of authority that are reflected in the Regulations, the Director, Office of Exporter Services, in consultation with the

convicted of violating the IEEPA, or certain other provisions of the United States Code, shall be eligible to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act or the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 CFR Parts 730-774 (1998)) (the Regulations), for a period of up to 10 years from the date of the conviction. In addition, any license issued pursuant to the Act in which such a person had any interest at the time of conviction may be revoked.

Pursuant to Sections 766.25 and 750.8(a) of the Regulations, upon notification that a person has been convicted of violating the IEEPA, the Director, Office of Exporter Services, in consultation with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, shall determine whether to deny that person permission to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, and shall also determine whether to revoke any license previously issued to such a person.

Having received notice of Ferreiro-Parga's conviction for violating the IEEPA, and following consultations with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, I have decided to deny Ferreiro-Parga permission to apply for or use any license, including any License Exception, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, for a period of 10 years

Director, Office of Export Enforcement, exercises the authority granted to the Secretary by Section 11(h) of the Act.

from the date of his conviction. The 10-year period ends on December 12, 2007. I have also decided to revoke all licenses issued pursuant to the Act in which Ferreiro-Parga had an interest at the time of his conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby

Ordered

I. Until December 12, 2007, Francisco Javier Ferreiro-Parga, Plaza de Maria Pita 21, Piso 2d, La Coruna, Spain, may not, directly or indirectly, participate in any way, in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as "item") exported or to be exported from the United States, that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations, including but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, License Exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefiting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations.

II. No person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the denied person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the denied person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the denied person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the denied person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the denied person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the denied person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the denied person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

III. After notice and opportunity for comment as provided in Section 766.23 of the Regulations, any person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Ferreiro-Parga by affiliation, ownership, control, or position of responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be subject to the provisions of this Order.

IV. This Order does not prohibit any export, reexport, or other transaction subject to the Regulations where the only items involved that are subject to the Regulations are the foreign-produced direct product of U.S.-origin technology.

V. This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until December 12, 2007.

VI. A copy of this Order shall be delivered to Ferreiro-Parga. This Order shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: January 25, 1999.

Eileen M. Albanese,

Director, Office of Exporter Services.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-588-824]

Certain Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products From Japan: Notice of Initiation of Changed Circumstances Review of the Antidumping Duty Order, Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review, and Intent To Revoke Order in Part

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of initiation and preliminary results of changed circumstances antidumping duty review, and intent to revoke order in part.

SUMMARY: In accordance with 19 CFR 351.216(b), Uchiyama America, Inc

("Uchiyama"), an interested party in this proceeding, requested a changed circumstances review. In response to Uchiyama's request, the Department of Commerce (the Department) is initiating a changed circumstances review and issuing a notice of intent to revoke in part the antidumping duty order on certain corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Japan. Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 2, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Doreen Chen or Rick Johnson, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0408, (202) 482-3818, respectively.

The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations as codified at 19 CFR part 351, 62 FR 27295 (May 19, 1997).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On December 11, 1998, Uchiyama requested that the Department revoke in part the antidumping duty order on certain corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Japan. Specifically, Uchiyama requested that the Department revoke the order with respect to imports of the following subject merchandise: (1) widths ranging from 10 millimeters (0.394 inches) through 100 millimeters (3.94 inches); (2) thicknesses, including coatings, ranging from 0.11 millimeters (0.004 inches) through 0.60 millimeters (0.024 inches); and (3) a coating that is from 0.003 millimeters (0.00012 inches) through 0.005 millimeters (0.000196 inches) in thickness and that is comprised of either two evenly applied layers, the first layer consisting of 99% zinc, 0.5% cobalt, and 0.5% molybdenum, followed by a layer consisting of chromate, or three evenly applied layers, the first layer consisting of 99% zinc, 0.5% cobalt, and 0.5% molybdenum followed by a layer consisting of chromate, and finally a layer consisting of silicate. Uchiyama, a domestic manufacturer of rubber seals and metal inserts for ball bearings, is an importer of the products in question. On