planning record, which we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There also may be circumstances in which we would withhold from the planning record a commentor's identity, as allowable by law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address. you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. However, we will not consider anonymous comments. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials or organizations or businesses, available for public inspection in their entirety.

Dated: September 3, 1999.

William W. Schenk,

Regional Director, Midwest Region.
[FR Doc. 99–24305 Filed 9–16–99; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–70–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration [DEA-172C]

Special Surveillance List of Chemicals, Products, Materials and Equipment Used in the Clandestine Production of Controlled Substances or Listed Chemicals; Correction

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Justice. **ACTION:** Correction to Final Notice.

SUMMARY: This document contains a correction to the final notice (DEA–172N), published Thursday, May 13, 1999 (64 FR 25910). That final notice contained the list of "laboratory supplies" which constitutes the Special Surveillance List that was required to be published by the Attorney General pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 842(a).

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 17, 1999. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Frank Sapienza, Chief, Drug and Chemical Evaluation Section, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, Washington, DC 20537, Telephone (202) 307–7183.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The notice that is the subject of this correction, implements provisions of the Comprehensive Methamphetamine Control Act of 1996 (MCA) which was signed into law on October 3, 1996. The MCA provides for a civil penalty of not more than \$250,000 for the distribution of a laboratory supply to a person who uses, or attempts to use, that laboratory

supply to manufacture a controlled substance or a listed chemical, if that distribution was made with reckless disregard for the illegal uses to which such laboratory supply will be put. The term "laboratory supply" is defined as "a listed chemical or any chemical, substance or item on a Special Surveillance List published by the Attorney General which contains chemicals, products, materials, or equipment used in the manufacture of controlled substances and listed chemicals." As required by the MCA, DEA published this Special Surveillance List on May 13, 1999.

Need for Correction

As published, the final notice erroneously indicated that the Special Surveillance List includes all listed chemicals "as specified in 21 CFR 1310.02(a) or (b)." This citation was in error and should have read "as specified in 21 CFR 1310.02(a) or (b) or 21 U.S.C. 802 (34) or (35)."

Additionally, the final notice incorrectly stated that "it advises individuals and firms that civil penalties may be imposed on them if they distribute a laboratory supply to a person anytime after a two week period following receipt of written notification by the Attorney General that the person has used, attempted to use, or distributed the laboratory supply further for the unlawful production of controlled substances or listed chemicals."

In fact, the MCA does not require that the Attorney General issue a written notification in order to impose civil penalties for the distribution of a laboratory supply to persons who use, attempt to use or distribute the laboratory supply for the unlawful production of controlled substances or listed chemicals, if that distribution was made with "reckless disregard" for the illegal uses to which the laboratory supply would be put.

The two week notification period, referenced in the final notice, pertains to the MCA provision of "rebuttable presumption of reckless disregard". Specifically, if the Attorney General issues a written notification that a laboratory supply sold by the firm has been used by a customer (or distributed further by that customer) for the unlawful production of controlled substances or listed chemicals, then there is a "rebuttable presumption of reckless disregard" at trial, if the notified firm distributes a laboratory supply to the customer two weeks or more after the notification.

This correction is therefore being published to clarify MCA provisions

applicable to the Special Surveillance List.

Correction of Publication

Accordingly, the publication on May 13, 1999 of the final notice (DEA-172-N), which was the subject of FR Doc. 99-12037, is corrected as follows:

1. On page 25911, in the third column, in the first paragraph under the heading "Special Surveillance List Published Pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 842(a)(11)", subheading "Chemicals", the text is corrected to read as follows:

All listed chemicals as specified in 21 CFR § 1310.02 (a) or (b) or 21 U.S.C. § 802 (34) or (35). This includes all chemical mixtures and all over-the-counter (OTC) products and dietary supplements which contain a listed chemical, regardless of their dosage form or packaging and regardless of whether the chemical mixture, drug product or dietary supplement is exempt from regulatory controls.

Ammonia Gas Ammonium Formate Bromobenzene 1, 1-Carbonyldiimidazole Cyclohexanone

1, 1-Dichloro-1-fluoroethane (e.g. Freon 141B)

141B)
Diethylamine and its salts
2, 5-Dimethoxyphenethylamine and its salts

z, 5-Diffictioxyphenetriyiani Formamide Formic Acid Hypophosphorous Acid Lithium Metal Lithium Aluminum Hydride Magnesium Metal (Turnings) Mercuric Chloride

N-Methylformamide

Organomagnesium Halides (Grignard Reagents) e.g. ethylmagnesium bromide

and phenylmagnesium bromide)
Phenylethanolamine and its salts
Phosphorus Pentachloride
Potassium Dichromate
Pyridine and its salts
Red Phosphorus
Sodium Dichromate
Sodium Metal
Thionyl Chloride

ortho-Toluidine Trichloromonofluoromethane (e.g. Freon-11, Carrene-2)

Trichlorotrifluoroethane (e.g. Freon 113)

Equipment

Hydrogenators Tableting Machines Encapsulating Machines 22 Liter Heating Mantels

2. On page 25912, in the first column, under the heading, "Small Business Impact and Regulatory Flexibility Concerns", the second paragraph is corrected to read as follows:

This notice serves two purposes. First, it informs individuals and firms of the potential use of items on the list for the production of listed chemicals and

illicit drugs. Second, it advises individuals and firms that civil penalties may be imposed on them if they distribute a laboratory supply to a person who uses or attempts to use, that laboratory supply to manufacture a controlled substance or a listed chemical, if that distribution was made with "reckless disregard" for the illegal uses to which such laboratory supply would be put. Moreover, there is a "rebuttable presumption of reckless disregard at trial if the Attorney General notifies a firm in writing that a laboratory supply sold by the firm, or any other person or firm, has been used by a customer of the notified firm, or distributed further by that customer, for the unlawful production of controlled substances or listed chemicals a firm distributes and two weeks or more after the notification the notified firm distributes a laboratory supply to the customer.

Dated: September 7, 1999.

Donnie R. Marshall,

Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 99-24103 Filed 9-16-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Labor Standards for the Registration of Apprenticeship Programs Comment Request

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the Employment and Training Administration is soliciting comments concerning the proposed extension of the collection of the registered apprenticeship programs under Title 29 CFR Part 29 (Labor Standards for the Registration of Apprenticeship Programs). A copy of the proposed

information collection request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the addressee section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addressee's section below on or before November 16, 1999.

ADDRESSEES: Anthony Swoope, Director, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Room 4649, Washington, DC 20210; Email Internet address: aswoope@doleta.gov; Telephone number: (202) 219–5921 (this is not a toll-free number); Fax number: (202) 219–5011 (this is not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The National Apprenticeship Act of 1937 authorizes and directs the Secretary of Labor "to formulate and promote the furtherance of labor standards necessary to safeguard the welfare of apprentices, to extend the application of such standards by encouraging the inclusion thereof in contracts of apprenticeship, to bring together employers and labor for the formulation of programs of apprenticeship, to cooperate with State agencies engaged in the formulation and promotion of standards of apprenticeship, and to cooperate with the Office of Education under the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare * * *. "Section 2 of the Act authorizes the Secretary of Labor to "publish information relating to existing and proposed labor standards of apprenticeship," and to "appoint national advisory Committees * * *." (29 U.S.C. 50a).

Title 29 CFR Part 29 sets forth labor standards to safeguard the welfare of apprentices, and to extend the application of such standards by prescribing policies and procedures concerning registration, for certain Federal purposes, of acceptable apprenticeship programs with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training. These labor standards, policies and procedures cover the registration, cancellation, and deregistration of apprenticeship programs and the apprenticeship agreements; the recognition of a State agency as the appropriate agency for registering local apprenticeship programs for certain Federal purposes; and matters relating thereto.

II. Review Focus

The Department of Labor is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

III. Current Actions

Recordkeeping and data collection activities regarding registered apprenticeship are by-products of the registration system. Organizations which apply for apprenticeship sponsorship enter into an agreement with the agreement with the Federal Government or cognizant State government to operate their proposed programs consistent with 29 CFR Part 29. Apprenticeship sponsors are not required to file reports regarding their apprentices other than individual registration and update information as an apprentice moves through their program. This extension request includes instructions for completing Item 9., Apprenticeship wages, on ETA Form 671.

Type of Review: Extension.
Agency: Employment and Training
Administration.

Title: Title 29 CFR Part 29, Labor Standards for the Registration of Apprenticeship Programs.

OMB Number: 1205–0223 for 29 CFR Part 29.

OMB Number: 1205–0223 for 29 CFR Part 29.

Agency Number: ETA Form 671. Recordkeeping: Apprenticeship sponsors are required to keep accurate records on the recruitment, selection, employment and training of each apprentices pertaining to determination of compliance with the regulation. Records must be retained, where appropriate, regarding affirmative action plans and evidence that qualification