Attest: Grantee:		
By:		
	(Title)	

Date of Execution of Amendment to Grant Agreement by Grantee:

United States of America Rural Housing Service: By:

(Title)

Date of Execution of Amendment to Grant Agreement by RHS:

[FR Doc. 00–15651 Filed 6–20–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–XV–U

# **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

#### **Rural Utilities Service**

# Dairyland Power Cooperative; Notice of Intent

**AGENCY:** Rural Utilities Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice of Intent to Hold Scoping Meeting and Prepare an Environmental Assessment.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that the Rural Utilities Service (RUS), pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) Regulations for implementing NEPA (40 CFR parts 1500–1508), and RUS Environmental Policies and Procedures (7 CFR Part 1794) proposes to hold a scoping meeting and prepare an Environmental Assessment (EA) for its Federal action related to a project proposed by Dairyland Power Cooperative (DPC) of La Crosse, Wisconsin. The project consists of constructing a natural gas-fired simple cycle, combustion turbine power generation facility in Wheaton Township in Chippewa County, Wisconsin. Total electrical output from the facility is expected to range from 71 megawatts (MW) to 98 MW depending upon operating conditions.

DATES: RUS will conduct a scoping meeting in open house forum on Tuesday, July 11, 2000, from 5 p.m. until 8 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The scoping meeting will be held at the Chippewa County Courthouse, 711 North Bridge Street, Chippwea Falls, Wisconsin.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nurul Islam, Environmental Protection Specialist, RUS, Engineering and Environmental Staff, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250–1571, telephone (202) 720–1784, FAX: (202) 720–0820, e-mail: nislam@rus.usda.gov; or George L. Johnston, Senior Environmental Biologist, DPC, 3200 East Avenue south, La Crosse, Wisconsin 54601, telephone (608) 787–1322, FAX: (608) 787–1241, e-mail: glj@dairynet.com.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: DPC proposes to construct the facility at a site in Wheaton Township in Chippewa County, Wisconsin. The preferred site is the location of DPC's Elk Mound Substation. The primary purpose of the facility is to meet DPC peak electrical load during hot summer weather. Under those conditions the facility's expected output is about 71 MW of power. The proposed project will consist of two simple cycle combustion turbines. The two turbines will have a maximum rating of 49 MW each, with a summertime rating of 35.5 MW. The plant will require approximately 5 acres of land. The substation facilities will also require some upgrading. A 2.2 miles long new high-pressure gas line from the proposed generating station north to an existing gas line will provide gas supply. The total water usage will be approximately 3 million gallons per

Alternatives to be considered by RUS and DPC include no action, purchased power, upgrade of existing resources, alternative sites, hydropower, fossil fuel technologies, customer-owned generation, energy conservation, renewable resources, and emerging technologies.

DPC has prepared an Alternative Evaluation and Site Selection Study for the project. The Alternative Evaluation and Site Selection Study is available for public review at the RUS or DPC at the addresses provided in this notice or at the following locations:

Chippewa Falls Public Library, 105 West Central Street, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin

L. E. Phillips Memorial Public Library, 400 Eau Claire Street, Eau Claire, Wisconsin.

Federal, state and local agencies, private organizations, and the public are invited to participate in the planning and analysis of the proposed project. Representatives from RUS and DPC will be available at the scoping meeting to discuss RUS's environmental review process, the proposed project and the alternatives being considered, scope of the environmental issues to be considered, and answer questions. Oral and written comments will be accepted at the scoping meeting. Written

comments regarding the proposed project will also be accepted for at least 30 days after the scoping meeting. All written comments should be sent to RUS at the address provided in this notice.

Any final action by RUS related to the proposed project will be subject to, and contingent upon, compliance with all relevant Federal environmental laws and regulations and completion of environmental review procedures as prescribed by the CEQ Regulations and RUS Environmental Policies and Procedures.

Dated: June 15, 2000.

### Mark S. Plank,

Acting Director, Engineering and Environmental Staff, Rural Utilities Service. [FR Doc. 00–15562 Filed 6–20–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–15–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration [A–570–830]

# Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order: Coumarin From the People's Republic of China

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order: Coumarin from the People's Republic of China.

SUMMARY: On May 4, 2000, the Department of Commerce ("the Department"), pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), determined that revocation of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from the People's Republic of China ("China") is likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping (65 FR 25906). On June 7, 2000, the International Trade Commission ("the Commission"), pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, determined that revocation of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (65 FR 36163). Therefore, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4), the Department is publishing notice of the continuation of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from China.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 21, 2000. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Martha V. Douthit or James P. Maeder, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–5050 or (202) 482–3330, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On December 30, 1999, the Department initiated, and the Commission instituted, a sunset review of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from China pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. As a result of its review, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping duty order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margin likely to prevail were the order to be revoked (see Coumarin from the People's Republic of China; Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review, 65 FR 25906 (May 4, 2000)).

On June 7, 2000, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (see Coumarin from China, 65 FR 36163 (June 7, 2000) and USITC Publication 3305, Investigation No. 731–TA–677 (Review) (May 2000)).

## Scope

The product covered by this order is coumarin from China. Coumarin is an aroma chemical with the chemical formula C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub> that is also known by other names, including 2H-1benzopyran-2-one,1-2-benzopyrone, ciso-coumaric acid lactone, coumarin anhydride, 2-Oxo-1,2-benzopyran, 5-6benzo-alpha-pyrone, ortho-hydroxyc innamic acid lactone, cis-orthocoumaric acid anhydride, and tonka bean camphor. All forms and variations of coumarin are included within the scope of the order, such as coumarin in crystal, flake, or powder form, and "crude" or unrefined coumarin (i.e. prior to purification or crystallization). Excluded from the scope of this order are ethylcoumarins  $C_{11}H_{10}O_2$  and methylcoumarins C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>2</sub>.

Coumarin is classifiable under subheading 2932.21.0000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS"). Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this review is dispositive.

#### **Determination**

As a result of the determinations by the Department and the Commission that revocation of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act, the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty order on coumarin from China. The Department will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to continue to collect antidumping duty deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. The effective date of continuation of this order will be the date of publication in the Federal Register of this Notice of Continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) and 751(c)(6)(A) of the Act, the Department intends to initiate the next five-year review of this orders not later than May 2005.

Dated: June 14, 2000.

#### Troy H. Cribb,

From Japan

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 00–15686 Filed 6–20–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [A-588-810]

# Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order: Mechanical Transfer Presses

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order: Mechanical Transfer Presses from Japan.

SUMMARY: On May 3, 2000, the Department of Commerce ("the Department"), pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), determined that revocation of the antidumping duty order on mechanical transfer presses from Japan is likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping (65 FR 25705). On June 7, 2000, the International Trade Commission ("the Commission"), pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, determined that revocation of the antidumping duty order on mechanical transfer presses from Japan would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable

time (65 FR 36164). Therefore, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4), the Department is publishing notice of the continuation of the antidumping duty order on mechanical transfer presses from Japan.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 21, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Martha V. Douthit or James P. Maeder, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482–5050 or (202) 482– 3330, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Background**

On June 1, 1999, the Department initiated, and the Commission instituted, a sunset review of the antidumping duty order on mechanical transfer presses from Japan, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. As a result of its review, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping duty order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margin likely to prevail were the order to be revoked (see Final Results of Full Sunset Review: Mechanical Transfer Presses from Japan; 65 FR 25705 (May 3, 2000)).

On June 7, 2000, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty order on mechanical transfer presses from Japan would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (see Mechanical Transfer Presses from Japan (June 7, 2000) and USITC Publication 3304, Investigation No. 731–TA–429 (Review) (May 2000)).

# Scope

The merchandise covered by this order is mechanical transfer presses from Japan. The term "mechanical transfer press" refers to automatic metal-forming machine tools with multiple die stations in which the workpiece is moved from station to station by a transfer mechanism designed as an integral part of the press and synchronized with the press action, whether imported as machines or parts suitable for use solely or principally with these machines. These presses may be assembled or unassembled.

The Department published in the **Federal Register** several Notices of Scope Rulings with respect to MTPs from Japan and determined that, (1) spare and replacement parts are outside