Dated: January 18, 2000.

Donnie R. Marshall,

Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 00-2529 Filed 2-4-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration [Docket No. 99–33]

Brett L. Lusskin, M.D.; Revocation of Registration

On August 10, 1999, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) issued an Order to Show Cause to Brett L. Lusskin, M.D. (Respondent), of Hallandale, Florida, notifying him of an opportunity to show cause as to why DEA should not revoke his DEA Certificate of Registration AL0133102, and deny any pending applications for renewal of such registration as a practitioner pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823(f) and 824(a)(3). The Order to Show Cause alleged that Respondent is not currently authorized to handle controlled substances in the State of Florida.

By letter dated September 8, 1999, Respondent, through counsel, filed a request for a hearing, and the matter was docketed before Administrative Law Judge Gail A. Randall. On October 7, 1999, the Government filed a Motion for Summary Disposition, alleging that Respondent is currently registered with DEA to handle controlled substances in Florida, however he is not currently authorized by the State of Florida to handle controlled substances. On November 1, 1999, Respondent filed a response to the Government's motion arguing that Judge Randall does not have sufficient evidence to support the allegation that Respondent lacks authorization to handle controlled substances in Florida.

On November 15, 1999, Judge Randall issued her Opinion and Recommended Decision finding that Respondent lacks authorization to handle controlled substances in the State of Florida; granting the Government's Motion for Summary Disposition; and recommending that Respondent's DEA Certificate of Registration be revoked. Neither party filed exceptions to her Opinion and Recommended Decision, and on December 14, 1999, Judge Randall transmitted the record of these proceedings to the Office of the Deputy Administrator.

The Deputy Administrator has considered the record in its entirety, and pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.67, hereby

issues his final order based upon findings of fact and conclusions of law as hereinafter set forth. The Deputy Administrator adopts, in full, the Opinion and Recommended Decision of the Administrative Law Judge.

The Deputy Administrator finds that Respondent currently possesses DEA Certificate of Registration AL0133102, issued to him at an address in Hallandale, Florida. The Deputy Administrator further finds that on May 7, 1998, the Medical Board of the State of Florida (Medical Board) issued a final order indefinitely suspending Respondent's medical license. In an Opinion filed on March 31, 1999, the District Court of Appeal of the State of Florida, Fourth District, granted Respondent a new hearing before the Medical Board but declined to stay the suspension of Respondent's medical license.

In his response to the Government's motion, Respondent argued that he is retired from the active practice of medicine, and therefore, his continued registration poses no risk to the public interest. Additionally, Respondent noted that he has filed an Amended Complaint with the Agency for Health Care Administration and expects a hearing in the near future.

In her Opinion and Recommended Decision, Judge Randall found that the Government presented credible evidence that Respondent's Florida medical license was indefinitely suspended, and the suspension has not been stayed. Respondent has presented no evidence to the contrary. As Judge Randall noted, "[a] pending rehearing of the Medical Board's decision does not alter the Respondent's status in Florida. The outcome of a rehearing of the Medical Board's action is speculative, and the decision of the Medical Board is final until otherwise overturned."

Therefore, the Deputy Administrator finds that Respondent is not currently authorized to practice medicine in the State of Florida and as a result, it is reasonable to infer that he is also not authorized to handle controlled substances in that state.

DEA does not have statutory authority under the Controlled Substances Act to issue or maintain a registration if the applicant or registrant is without state authority to handle controlled substances in the state in which he conducts his business. See 21 U.S.C. 802(21), 823(f) and 824(a)(3). This prerequisite has been consistently upheld. See Romeo J. Perez, M.D., 62 FR 16,193 (1997); Demetris A. Green, M.D., 61 FR 60,728 (1996); Dominick A. Ricci, M.D., 58 FR 51,104 (1993).

Here, it is clear that Respondent is not licensed to handle controlled substances in Florida. Since Respondent lacks this state authority, he is not entitled to a DEA registration in that state.

In light of the above, Judge Randall properly granted the Government's Motion for Summary Disposition. The parties did not dispute the fact that Respondent is currently unauthorized to handle controlled substances in Florida. Therefore, it is well-settled that when no question of material fact is involved, a plenary, adversary administrative proceeding involving evidence and cross-examination of witnesses is not obligatory. See Gilbert Ross, M.D., 61 FR 8664 (1996); Philip E. Kirk, M.D., 48 FR 32,887 (1983), aff'd sub nom Kirk v. Mullen, 749 F.2d 297 (6th Cir. 1984); NLRB v. International Association of Bridge, Structural and Ornamental Ironworkers, AFL-CIO, 549 F.2d 634 (9th Cir. 1977).

Accordingly, the Deputy
Administrator of the Drug Enforcement
Administration, pursuant to the
authority vested in him by 21 U.S.C. 823
and 824 and 28 CFR 0.100(b) and 0.104,
hereby orders that DEA Certificates of
Registration AL0133102, issued to Brett
L. Lusskin, M.D., be, and it hereby is,
revoked. The Deputy Administrator
further orders that any pending
applications for renewal of such
registration be, and they hereby are,
denied. This order is effective March 6,
2000.

Dated: January 18, 2000.

Donnie R. Marshall,

Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 00–2530 Filed 2–3–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

Charles W. Marshall, D.P.M.; Revocation of Registration

On July 28, 1999, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), issued an Order to Show Cause to Charles W. Marshall, D.P.M., of Chicago, Illinois, notifying him of an opportunity to show cause as to why DEA should not revoke his DEA Certificate of Registration BM2648472 pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 824(a)(3), and deny any pending applications for renewal of such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 8231(f), for reason that he is not currently authorized to handle controlled substances in the State of Illinois. The order also notified Dr.

Marshall that should no request for a hearing be filed within 30 days, his hearing right would be deemed waived.

DEA received a signed receipt indicating that the Order to Show Cause was received on August 23, 1999. No request for a hearing or any other reply was received by the DEA from Dr. Marshall or anyone purporting to represent him in this matter. Therefore, the Deputy Administrator, finding that (1) 30 days have passed since the receipt of the Order to Show Cause, and (2) no request for a hearing having been received, concludes that Dr. Marshall is deemed to have waived his hearing right. After considering material from the investigative file in this matter, the Deputy Administrator now enters his final order without a hearing pursuant to 21 CFR 1301.43(d) and (e) and 1301.46. This final order replaces and supersedes the final order issued on January 3, 2000.

The Deputy Administrator finds that Dr. Marshall currently possesses DEA Certificate of Registration BM2648472 issued to him in Illinois. The Deputy Administrator further finds that on August 19, 1997, the State of Illinois, Department of Professional Regulation issued an order indefinitely suspending Dr. Marshall's license to practice podiatric medicine. Additionally, Dr. Marshall's state controlled substance license expired on January 31, 1999. Therefore, the Deputy Administrator concludes that Dr. Marshall is not currently licensed to handle controlled substances in Illinois.

The DEA does not have the statutory authority under the Controlled Substances Act to issue or maintain a registration if the applicant or registrant is without state authority to handle controlled substances in the state in which he conducts his business. See 21 U.S.C. 802(21), 823(f) and 824(a)(3). This prerequisite has been consistently upheld. See Romeo J. Perez, M.D., 62 FR 16,193 (1997); Demetris A. Green, M.D., 61 FR 60,728 (1996); Dominick A. Ricci, M.D., 58 FR 51,104 (1993).

Here is clear that Dr. Marshall is not currently authorized to handle controlled substances in the State of Illinois. As a result, Dr. Marshall is not entitled to a DEA registration in that

Accordingly, the Deputy
Administrator of the Drug Enforcement
Administration, pursuant to the
authority vested in him by 21 U.S.C. 823
and 824 and 28 CFR 0.100(b) and) 0.104,
hereby orders that DEA Certificate of
Registration BM2648472, previously
issued to Charles W. Marshall, D.P.M.,
be, and it hereby is, revoked. The
Deputy Administrator further orders

that any pending applications for the renewal of such registration, be, and they hereby are, denied. This order is effective March 6, 2000, and is considered the final agency action for appellate purposes pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 877.

Dated: January 18, 2000.

Donnie R. Marshall,

Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 00-2531 Filed 2-3-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

Melvin John Miller, M.D.; Revocation of Registration

On August 5, 1999, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) issued an Order to Show Cause to Melvin John Miller, M.D. of Ellijay, Georgia, notifying him of an opportunity to show cause as to why DEA should not revoke his DEA Certificate of Registration BM1167077 pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 824(a)(3), and deny any pending applications for renewal of such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823(f), for reason that he is not currently authorized to handle controlled substances in the State of Georgia. The order also notified Dr. Miller that should no request for a hearing be filed within 30 days, his hearing right would be deemed waived.

DEA received a signed receipt indicating that the Order to Show Cause was received on August 16, 1999. No request for a hearing or any other reply was received by the DEA from Dr. Miller or anyone purporting to represent him in this matter. Therefore, the Deputy Administrator, finding that (1) 30 days have passed since the receipt of the Order to Show Cause, and (2) no request for a hearing having been received, concludes that Dr. Miller is deemed to have waived his hearing right. After considering material from the investigative file in this matter, the Deputy Administrator now enters his final order without a hearing pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 1301.43 (d) and (e) and 1301.46. This final order replaces and supersedes the final order issued on January 3, 2000.

The Deputy Administrator finds that Dr. Miller currently possesses DEA Certificate of Registration BM1167077 issued to him in Georgia. The Deputy Administrator further finds that on July 10, 1997, Dr. Miller entered into a Consent Order with the Composite State Board of Medical Examiners for the

State of Georgia wherein Dr. Miller agreed to the indefinite suspension of his medical license because he had "relapsed and returned to the use of chemicals for which he has no legitimate and/or medical need." There is no evidence in the record to indicate that this indefinite suspension is no longer in effect.

Therefore the Deputy Administrator concludes that Dr. Miller is not currently licensed to practice medicine in Georgia, and as a result, it is reasonable to infer that he is not currently authorized to handle controlled substances in that state. The DEA does not have the statutory authority under the Controlled Substances Act to issue or maintain a registration if the applicant or registrant is without state authority to handle controlled substances in the state in which he conducts his business. See 21 U.S.C. 802(21), 823(f) and 824(a)(3). This prerequisite has been consistently upheld. See Romeo J. Perez, M.D., 62 FR 16,193 (1997); Demetris A. Green, M.D., 61 FR 60,728 (1996); Dominick A. Ricci, M.D., 58 FR 51,104 (1993).

Here it is clear that Dr. Miller is not currently authorized to handle controlled substances in the State of Georgia. As a result, Dr. Miller is not entitled to a DEA registration in that state.

Accordingly, the Deputy Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, pursuant to the authority vested in him by 21 U.S.C. 823 and 824 and 28 C.F.R. 0.100(b) and 0.104, hereby orders that DEA Certificate of Registration BM1167077, previously issued to Melvin John Miller, M.D., be, and it hereby is, revoked. The Deputy Administrator further orders that any pending applications for the renewal of such registration, be, and they hereby are, denied. This order is effective March 6, 2000, and is considered the final agency action for appellate purposes pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 877.

Dated: January 18, 2000.

Donnie R. Marshall,

Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 00–2532 Filed 2–3–00; 8:45 am]

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