*Frequency of Responses:* Reporting: On occasion.

Total Burden Hours: 1,078.

## • Agricultural Marketing Service

Title: Vegetable and Specialty Crops. OMB Control Number: 0581–0178. Summary of Collection: The Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 was designed to permit regulation of certain agricultural commodities for the purpose of providing orderly marketing conditions in inter and intrastate commerce and improving returns to growers. The Order and agreements are administered by committees/board comprised of producers/growers, handlers and in some cases, a member representing the public. The marketing order programs provide an opportunity for producers of fresh fruit, vegetables, and specialty crops, in specified production areas to work together to solve marketing problems that cannot be solved individually.

Need and Use of the Information: Various forms are used to collect information necessary to effectively carry out the requirements of the Act and the Order/Agreement. Information collected is used to formulate market policy, track current inventory and statistical data for market development programs, ensure compliance, and verify eligibility, monitor and record grower's information. The Committees/ Boards periodically review the forms to avoid unnecessary duplication by industry and public sector agencies. If information were not collected, it would eliminate data needed to keep the industry and the Secretary abreast of changes at the State and local level.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for profit; Farms; Federal Government; Individuals or households; Not-for-profit institutions.

Number of Respondents: 17,463. Frequency of Responses: Reporting: On occasion, Quarterly, Biennially, Weekly, Semi-annually, Monthly, Annually and Recordkeeping.

Total Burden Hours: 9,102.

# National Agricultural Statistics Service

*Title:* Nursery and Greenhouse Production Survey and Nursery and Floriculture Chemical Use Survey.

OMB Control Number: 0535–NEW. Summary of Collection: In February 1997, the Secretary of Agriculture issued the report of the Civil Rights Action Team entitled "Civil Rights at the Department of Agriculture." Civil Rights teams were formed to implement the report recommendations. One of the recommendations that was a direct

outcome of the evaluation was the condition of farm workers. The team recognized the need for reliable pesticide use information about enterprises that involve farm workers and requested that the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) obtain pesticide use information for commodities which require intensive farm labor. Congress appropriated funds for the collection of pesticide use data on nursery and flouriculture operations. NASS will incorporate biennial nurserv production statistics into the NASS estimating program to measure the nursery industry's growing significance to the agriculture economy and also provide a link to the collection of chemical use data. The data will be collected under the authority of 7 U.S.C. 2204(a). NASS will collect information using surveys.

Need and Use of the Information: NASS will collect information to assess the environmental and economic impact of various programs, policies, and procedures on nursery and flouriculture operators and their workers. The basic chemical use and farm practices information will be used to enhance the national chemical use database maintained by NASS. The information will also aid in determining the needs of growers, such as appropriation of research funds to target pests and diseases.

*Description of Respondents:* Farms; Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 9,834.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Biennially.

Total Burden Hours: 5,098.

## Nancy B. Sternberg,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 00–25727 Filed 10–5–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–01–M

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

## Foreign Agricultural Service

## Notice of Public Meeting on U.S. Participation in the 17th Annual Meeting of the International Consultative Group on Food Irradiation

**AGENCY:** Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** FAS is informing the public of a meeting to be held Friday, October 20, 2000, at the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) in Washington, DC. The purpose of this meeting is to solicit public comment on U.S. participation in the 17th annual meeting of the International Consultative Group on Food Irradiation (ICGFI), November 1–3, 2000, in Geneva, Switzerland, including future activities (Plan of Work), U.S. level of contributions (funding), and ICGFI's role. It is also to seek public input in identifying any new issues of concern that should be considered.

Representatives from past delegations will also be present to apprise the public of the background of ICGFI, its mandate, past contributions and to respond to questions. ICGFI was established under the joint aegis of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the World Health Organization (WHO).

The functions of ICGFI are:

1. To evaluate global developments in the field of food irradiation;

2. To provide a focal point of advice on the application of food irradiation to Member States and the three Organizations; and

3. To furnish information, as required, through the Organizations, to the Joint FAO/ IAEA/WHO Expert Committee on the Wholesomeness of Irradiated Food and the Codex Alimentarius Commission.

**DATES:** The public meeting date is Friday, October 20, 2000, 9 a.m. to 11 a.m., Washington, DC in the back of the cafeteria, South Building. Written comments should be submitted by October 17, 2000. All visitors should enter at Wing 2 on the C Street side of the South Building.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Foreign Agricultural Service, International Trade Policy, Food Safety and Technical Services Division, Room 5545, South Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250; (202) 720–1301; or e-mail ofsts@fas.usda.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Topics To Be Discussed at the Public Meeting Include the Following:

- Should the United States continue to support ICGFI financially?
- Should United States government funding for ICGFI continue at the same level, increase, or decrease?
- Should contributions continue to come only from the Government, or should industry contribute as well (or in place of the Government)?
- Should the proposed "Programme of Work and Budget for 2001" be approved?

ber DC.	Programme of work	Esti- mated budget (US\$)
licit on in 1	<ol> <li>International Trade         <ul> <li>(a) Food Irradiation Process Control School (FIPCOS) for Food Inspectors</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	25,000

Programme of work	Esti- mated budget (US\$)
(b) Workshop on Food Safety/	
Trade in Irradiated Food With	
the SU	10,000
(c) Workshop on Certification of	
Food Irradiation Process in Latin	05 000
America	25,000
motion Council E-Commerce to	
Facilitate Trade in Irradiated	
Food	15,000
2. Codification	10,000
(a) Amendments to Codex General	
Standard for Irradiated Foods	
and Its Code of Practice (through	
the Codex Committee on Food	
Additives and Contaminants)	5,000
(b) Amendment to the Labeling	
Provisions on Irradiated Foods	
(through the Codex Committee	5 000
on Food Labelling)	5,000
Good Irradiation Practice	in-kind
3. Information Transfer	ini-kinu
(a) Publication of Brochure on Ap-	
(a) Publication of Brochure on Ap- plication of "High-Dose Irradia- tion of Food"	
tion of Food"	in-kind
(b) ICGFI/IUFoST Symposium on	
Food Irradiation	10,000
(c) Preparation of Education Mate-	
rials on Food Irradiation	5,000
(d) Publication of Brochure on "Ir-	
radiation Food Safety"	in-kind
4. Database	
(a) Maintain database on list of clearance of irradiated food	no-cost
(b) Update current databases: na-	110-0030
tional regulations, authorized	
food irradiation facilities, au-	
thorized packaging, materials,	
etc	no-cost
5. Administration	
(a) One professional staff (part-	
time)	45,000
(b) One support staff (full time)	60,000
(c) Travel	10,000
(d) Miscellaneous (telephone, ship-	5 000
ping, etc.)	5,000
Total (cash)	220,000

What is the appropriate role for

industry and consumer groups? Should industry participate as delegates?

Are there any other topics we think ICGFI should address?

## **Background Information on ICGFI**

### What Is ICGFI?

An independent body composed of government-designat experts on food irradiation.

### How Was ICGFI Formed?

In 1982, the Directors General of FAO, IAEA and WHO invited Member States to consider forming a consultative group to focus in international co-operation in food irradiation. Upon receipt of a favorable response from 44 Member States, those present at a meeting in 1983 drafted a Declaration establishing the International Consultative Group on Food Irradiation (ICGFI). ICGFI, composed of experts or other participants designated by each government, was established in 1984 for an initial period of 5 years.

## How Is ICGFI Organized?

FAO, IAEA and WHO, through the Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture based at the IAEA, Vienna, serve as ICGFI's Secretariat.

### What Are the Functions of ICGFI?

1. To evaluate global developments in the field of food irradiation;

2. To provide a focal point of advice on the application of food irradiation to Member States and the three Organizations; and

3. To furnish information, as required, through the Organizations, to the Joint FAO/IAEA/WHO Expert Committee on the Wholesomeness of Irradiated Food and the Codex Alimentarius Commission.

#### Who Determines the Priorities?

ICGFI funds and operates its own programs, focusing on developing policy guidelines related to the safety assurance of the process, legislation, public information, economic feasibility, food safety, and international trade.

## <sup>t</sup> How Does ICGFI Acquire Funding?

Member State governments pledge, or arrange for participants to pledge to make voluntary contributions in cash or in kind, for carrying out the activities of the Consultative Group. The Consultative Group may accept voluntary contributions in cash or in kind from Non-Member State governments and from organizations whose objectives are consistent with those of the Consultative Group.

# What Are the Guidelines for Donations to ICGFI?

1. IAEA rules govern the acceptance of gifts of services, equipment, facilities and money.

2. Voluntary contributions may be offered to the Agency by: United Nations Member State governments, intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental sources.

3. Contributions may not exceed US \$100,000 or its equivalent per year.

# *How Much Does the United States Contribute?*

For the past 2 years, various Departments and Agencies have together contributed \$20,000 to ICGFI each year.

## How Frequently Does ICGFI Meet?

ICGFI convenes annual meetings to develop technical recommendations and to consider its program of work and budget. At the 10th Annual Meeting held at WHO Headquarters in Geneva from November 2–4, 1993, the group's experts recommended that the ICGFI mandate be extended for a further 5 years until May 1999.

# How Much Longer Does ICGFI's Mandate Last?

Many of the activities set out for ICGFI in the original mandate have been accomplished. However, a Task Force identified six areas of activity in which further work is needed. In October 1998 at the 15th Annual Meeting, the mandate of the ICGFI was extended to another 3 years, *i.e.*, May 1999 to May 2002. The ICGFI program will be coordinated by a Management Committee and will be refocused, putting emphasis on international trade, information exchange, high dose irrigation and seminars/training.

# What Kind of Training is ICGF Involved With?

One example is the FAO/IAEA/WHO International Conference on Irradiation to Ensure the Safety and Quality of Food, in Antalya, Turkey, October 19-22, 1999. This Conference reviewed achievements on food irradiation during the 20th century and examine the rule of irradiation to ensure the safety and quality of food in trade. Irradiation is increasingly accepted and applied as a sanitary and phytosanitary treatment of food in trade. Currently, some 50 countries have approved one or more irradiated foods items or classes of food for consumption and over 30 countries are actually applying the technology in practice. The number of irradiation facilities available for treating food has increased in recent years with many more under construction or planned. Consumers are getting accurate information and are beginning to appreciate the benefit of irradiated food.

Another example is the Trade Opportunities for Irradiated Food in Hawaii; 22–24 May 2000 to inform representatives of the food industry and trade in Asia and the Pacific and the USA of the role of irradiation as a sanitary and phytosanitary treatment in order to expedite international trade in food and agricultural commodities.

#### Who Belongs to ICGFI?

The group is currently composed of the following 47 Member States, more than half of which are developing countries: Argentina, Australia, Bangladesh, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, People's Republic of China, Costa Rica, Cote D'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Czech Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, France, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Israel, Italy, Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, USA, Vietnam, and Yugoslavia.

## Do Only Government Representatives Attend ICGFI Meetings?

Meetings are attended by designated experts from ICGFI member governments, and representatives of other interested governments, international organizations and nongovernmental organizations are invited by ICGFI to attend as observers.

## Where Is the Secretariat Located?

Food & Environmental Protection Section, Joint FAO/IAEA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture, International Atomic Energy Agency, Wagramerstrasse 5, P.O. Box 100, A–1400 Vienna, Austria. Phone: (43–1) 2600 extension 21638 or 21639; Facsimile: (43–1) 26007; e-mail: Official.Mail@iaea.org

# How Does ICGFI Communicate With All the Countries?

There is an ICGFI National Contact Point for each Member State.

# What Are the Responsibilities of ICGFI Contact Points?

1. Distribution within the country of documents, working papers and other information material emanating from ICGFI or its Secretariat;

2. Co-ordinating the preparation for transmission to the Secretariat of technical comments/information requested;

3. Taking follow-up action on particular matters, in collaboration with the expert(s) attending the particular ICGFI meeting;

4. Providing information, as available, to the Secretariat on the status of food irradiation technology, its regulatory control and other related topics of interest to ICGFI; and

5. Ensuring that information made available by the ICGFI Secretariat is disseminated to the interested national entities/individuals.

# Public Meeting

The public meeting will take place at the U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC, back of the cafeteria, South Building. To accommodate all public forum participants, we request that individuals planning to attend should so inform the Department in advance by contacting: Foreign Agricultural Service, International Trade Policy, Food Safety and Technical Services Division, Room 5545, South Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250; (202) 720– 1301; or e-mail ofsts@fas.usda.gov. Please indicate the organization represented, if any, including the names and titles of individuals attending.

### Written Comments

Those persons wishing to submit written comments should provide five (5) typed copies to Foreign Agricultural Service, International Trade Policy, Food Safety and Technical Services Division, Stop Code 1027, Room 5545, South Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250.

If the submission contains business confidential information, five copies of a non-confidential version must also be submitted. A justification as to why the information contained in the submission should be treated confidentially must be included in the submission. In addition, any submissions containing business confidential information must be clearly marked "Confidential" at the top and bottom of the cover page (or letter) and of each succeeding page of the submission. The version that does not contain confidential information should also be clearly marked, at the top and bottom of each page, "public version" or "nonconfidential."

Written comments submitted in connection with this request, except for information deemed "business confidential" by FAS will be available for public inspection in the USDA Reading Room, Room 1141, USDA South Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC. Normal Reading Room hours are from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. Please call (202) 690– 2817 to assure that assistance will be available in the Reading Room.

Dated: October 2, 2000.

### Timothy J. Galvin,

Administrator, Foreign Agricultural Service. [FR Doc. 00–25726 Filed 10–5–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–10–M

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# Forest Service

## California Coast Provincial Advisory Committee (PAC)

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

## **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The California Coast Provincial Advisory Committee (PAC) will meet on October 25 and 26, 2000, at the Best Western El Grande Banquet Room in Clearlake, California. The meeting will be held from 1 p.m. until 5 p.m. on Wednesday, October 25, and from 8 a.m. to 3:15 p.m. on Thursday, October 26. The Best Western El Grande is located at 15135 Lakeshore Drive in Clearlake.

Agenda items to be covered include: (1) Panel on State and Federal Watershed Analyses/restoration programs; (2) Panel discussion on the issue of restoring native fish populations and their habitat on federal lands in the Province; (3) Presentation on demographics of northern spotted owls in Marin County; (4) Regional Ecosystem Office (REO) update; (5) Videotape presentation of Redwood National Park road program; (6) Megram Fire Update; (7) IAC/PAC/REIC communication; (8) Draft action plan for the Province comprehensive road work/ fisheries and watershed restoration plan; and (9) open public comment. All California Coast Provincial Advisory Committee meetings are open to the public. Interested citizens are encouraged to attend.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Direct questions regarding this meeting to James Fenwood, Forest Supervisor, or Phebe Brown, Province Coordinator, USDA, Mendocino National Forest, 825 N. Humboldt Avenue, Willows, CA 95988; (530) 934–3316.

Dated: September 19, 2000.

#### James D. Fenwood,

Forest Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 00–25711 Filed 10–5–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–11–M

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### **Forest Service**

## Lake Tahoe Basin Federal Advisory Committee; Meeting

**AGENCY:** Forest Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Lake Tahoe Basin Federal Advisory Committee will hold a meeting October 17, 2000, at the Tahoe City Public Utility District Board Room, 221 Fairway Drive, Tahoe City, California 96145. This committee, established by the Secretary of Agriculture June 23, 2000 (65 FR 44519), is chartered to provide advice to the Secretary on implementing the terms of the Federal Interagency