24284

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance")

Dated: May 3, 2001. Margaret E. Lawless,

Acting Executive Associate Director for Mitigation. [FR Doc. 01-12029 Filed 5-11-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718-04-P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 67

Final Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: Base (1% annual chance) flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are made final for the communities listed below. The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that each community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

EFFECTIVE DATES: The date of issuance of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) showing base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community. This date may be obtained by contacting the office where the maps are available for inspection as indicated on the table below.

ADDRESSES: The final base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the table below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-3461, or (email) matt.miller@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA or Agency) makes final determinations listed below of base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community listed. The proposed base flood elevations and proposed modified base flood elevations were published in newspapers of local circulation and an opportunity for the community or individuals to appeal the proposed determinations to or through the

community was provided for a period of **PART 67—[AMENDED]** ninety (90) days. The proposed base flood elevations and proposed modified base flood elevations were also published in the Federal Register.

This final rule is issued in accordance with Section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR part 67.

The Agency has developed criteria for floodplain management in floodprone areas in accordance with 44 CFR part 60.

Interested lessees and owners of real property are encouraged to review the proof Flood Insurance Study and Flood Insurance Rate Map available at the address cited below for each community.

The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are made final in the communities listed below. Elevations at selected locations in each community are shown.

National Environmental Policy Act

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Acting Executive Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because final or modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and are required to establish and maintain community eligibility in the NFIP. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

Regulatory Classification

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of Section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of Section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 67

Administrative practice and procedure, flood insurance, reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 67 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for part 67 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

§67.11 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of § 67.11 are amended as follows:

Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
ILLINOIS		
LaSalle (City), LaSalle County (FEMA Docket No. 7307)		
Illinois River: Approximately 0.82 mile down- stream of State Route 351 Approximately 0.95 mile upstream	*463	
of Illinois Central Railroad Maps available for inspection at the LaSalle City Hall, 745 Second Street, LaSalle, Illinois.	*465	
LaSalle County (Unincorporated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7307)		
Goose Creek: At downstream corporate limits At upstream corporate limits	*509 *516	
Illinois River: Approximately 2.5 miles down- stream of State Route 251 Approximately 1.1 miles upstream	*462	
of South Main Street (State Route 170) Fox River:	*497	
At the confluence with the Illinois River Approximately 850 feet down-	*472	
stream of confluence of Clear Creek Prairie Creek:	*554	
At the confluence with the Vermilion River A point approximately 2,850 feet	*573	
upstream of Otter Creek Road Vermilion River: Upstream of Oakley Road	*628 *567	
Approximately 0.77 mile upstream of Bridge Street	*580	
Clark Run Creek: At confluence with Illinois River Approximately 625 feet upstream	*466	
of abandoned Illinois and Michi- gan Canal Coal Run Creek:	*473	
Approximately 50 feet upstream of South Otter Creek Road Approximately 585 feet upstream	*614	
of South Otter Creek Road Rat Run:	*615	
At the confluence with the Illinois River At the Missouri, Kansas, Texas	*494	
Railroad Lake Holiday:	*501	
Entire shoreline within community First Creek:	*644	
Approximately 970 feet upstream of confluence with Little Vermilion River	*715	
Approximately 250 feet upstream of 6th Street	*719	

#Depth in
ation feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)
c tion at Planning Court- rg, Indi-
ounty 506)
e 17 *477 pstream
*727
*611 Brook *617
rook *617 pstream *638
Stream *581
toad) *592
e 17 *488 pstream *515
2/State *520
s *633
Stream *635 pstream
Road) *775 Pond *576
tream of *726
west of ert Road ********************************
c tion at ode En- d Road,
County 502)
Creek *8
feet up- leservoir ********************************
tream of er River *15
*69
pstream *15 feet up-
5A *68
tream of *63 s *64
ter River *15
Oyster *15

*63 *64 *15

*15

	#Depth in feet above		#Depth in feet above		#Depth in feet above
Source of flooding and location	*Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	*Elevation in feet (NGVD)
Maps available for inspection at the Durham Town Hall, 15 New Market Road, Durham, New Hamp- shire.		Approximately 275 feet down- stream from I–87 bridge Maps available for inspection at the Champlain Town Hall, 729	*130	Approximately 2,300 feet upstream of Oak Street Sunday Creek: Approximately 2,960 feet down- stream of Oak Street	*694 *684
NEW JERSEY		Rougt 9, Champlain, New York.		Downstream side of State Route 78	*691
Chatham (Borough), Morris County (FEMA Docket No. D-7500)		Champlain (Village), Clinton County (FEMA Docket No. D–7502) Great Chazy River:		West Branch Sunday Creek: Confluence with Sunday Creek Approximately 2,200 feet upstream	*687
Passaic River: Approximately 125 feet down- stream of Main Street Approximately 300 feet upstream of Stanley Avenue	*180 *205	Approximately 3,580 feet down- stream of Elm Street bridge Approximately 3,300 feet upstream of U.S. Route 9 bridge	*103 *127	of Embrey Street Maps available for inspection at the Glouster Village Hall, 16 1/2 Front Street, Glouster, Ohio.	*687
Maps available for inspection at the Chatham Borough Hall, 54 Fairmount Avenue, Chatham, New Jersey.		Maps available for inspection at the Champlain Village Hall, 1104 Route 9 Main Street, Champlain, New York.		Independence (City), Cuyahoga County (FEMA Docket No. D-7502) Cuyahoga River: At downstream corporate limits	*602
Chatham (Township), Morris Coun- ty (FEMA Docket No. D–7500) Passaic River: Approximately 0.38 mile down- stream of Mount Vernon Avenue	*205	North Elba (Town), Essex County (FEMA Docket No. D-7502) West Branch Ausable River: Approximately 50 feet downstream of State Route 86	*1,644	At Obvisitean Colporate minis At Pleasant Valley Road Maps available for inspection at the City of Independence Building Department, 6335 Selig Drive, Independence, Ohio.	*620
Approximately 1,520 feet upstream of Snyder Avenue	*212	Approximately 170 feet upstream of State Route 73	*1,680	VIRGINIA	
Maps available for inspection at the Chatham Township Hall, 58 Meyersville Road, Chatham, New		Chubb River, Reach 1: At the confluence with West Branch Ausable River Approximately 0.76 mile upstream	*1,664	Danville (City), Pittsylvania County (FEMA Docket No. 7307) Apple Branch:	
Jersey. Frenchtown (Borough), Hunterdon County (FEMA Docket No. D-		of confluence with West Branch Ausable Chubb River, Reach 2: Approximately 20 feet downstream	*1,668	At confluence with Dan River Approximately 25 feet upstream of Northmont Boulevard	*418 *535
7504) Delaware River: At downstream corporate limit	*124	of CONRAIL Approximately 0.46 mile upstream of Old Military Road	*1,727 *1,738	Dan River: At downstream corporate limits Approximately 970 feet down- stream of upstream corporate	*396
At upstream corporate limit Nishisakawick Creek: At confluence with Delaware River	*127 *125	Maps available for inspection at the North Elba Town Clerk's Office, 301 Main Street, Lake Placid, New York.		limits Sandy Creek: At confluence with Dan River At downstream side of U.S. Route	*458 *424
A point approximately 450 feet up- stream of Kingswood Avenue (State Route 12)	*126	ОНЮ		58 Sandy River:	*424
Little Nishisakawick Creek: At confluence with Delaware River Approximately 760 feet upstream	*125	Brooklyn Heights (Village), Cuya- hoga County (FEMA Docket No.		At confluence with Dan River Just downstream of old U.S. Route 58	*427 *427
of State Route 29 (Trenton Ave- nue)	*126	D-7502) Cuyahoga River: At downstream corporate limit	*597	Pumpkin Creek: At confluence with Dan River 750 feet upstream of State Route 265	*401 *401
the Frenchtown Borough Hall, 29 Second Street, Frenchtown, New Jersey.		At upstream corporate limit Maps available for inspection at the Western Reserve Engineering Company, 5605 Valley Belt Road,	*602	Jackson Branch: At confluence with Dan River Approximately 1,725 feet upstream	*403
Phillipsburg (Town), Warren Coun- ty (FEMA Docket No. D–7504)		Independence, Ohio.		of Goodyear Boulevard (Whitmell Street) Fall Creek:	*403
Delaware River: At downstream corporate limits Approximately 50 feet upstream of U.S. Route 22/Memorial Park-	*183	Cuyahoga Heights (Village), Cuy- ahoga County (FEMA Docket No. D-7502)		At confluence with Dan River 100 feet downstream of Halifax Street	*404 *404
Lopatcong Creek: At confluence with Delaware River	*196 *188	Cuyahoga River: Approximately 800 feet down- stream side of Harvard Denison		Maps available for inspection at the Department of Community De- velopment, 427 Patton Street, Danville, Virginia.	
Approximately 1,600 feet up- stream of CONRAIL Maps available for inspection at the Phillipsburg Town Hall, 675 Corliss Avenue, Phillipsburg, New	*188	Bridge Approximately 1,700 feet upstream side of Interstate 77 Maps available for inspection at the Cuyahoga Heights Village Hall,	*588 *606	Pittsylvania County (Unincor- porated Areas) (FEMA docket No. D-7502)	
Jersey.		4863 East 71st Street, Cuyahoga Heights, Ohio.		Dan River: At State boundary Approximately 3.0 miles down- otroom of Southorn Bollynov	*396
Champlain (Town), Clinton County (FEMA Docket No. D–7502		Glouster (Village), Athens County (FEMA Docket No. D-7504) Mud Fork:		stream of Southern Railway Maps available for inspection at the Pittsylvania County Zoning Offi- cer, 53 North Main Street, Chat-	458
Great Chazy River: Confuence with Lake Champlain	*102	Confluence with West Branch Sun- day Creek	*687	ham, Virginia.	

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance")

Dated: May 3, 2001. **Margaret E. Lawless,** *Acting Executive Associate, Director for Mitigation.* [FR Doc. 01–12028 Filed 5–11–01; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 223

[Docket No. 010409084–1084–01; I.D. 030601A]

RIN 0648-AP16

Sea Turtle Conservation; Shrimp Trawling Requirements

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Interim final rule.

SUMMARY: The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) issues an interim final rule to add the double cover flap Turtle Excluder Device (TED) to the list of hard TEDs approved for use by shrimp trawlers operating in the Atlantic Ocean off the southeastern United States and in the Gulf of Mexico and as a TED approved for use without modification in a closed portion of the leatherback conservation zone. NMFS is adding this TED to these lists because upon completion of the testing protocols the TED has been found to meet all criteria for approval. The intent of this rule is to provide an additional option by which fishermen can comply with the requirement that all nets rigged for fishing in the Atlantic or Gulf Areas have an approved TED installed for use. **DATES:** This interim final rule is effective May 14, 2001.Comments on this interim final rule are requested, and must be received by June 13, 2001. Comments sent by email or the internet will not be accepted.

ADDRESSES: Comments on this action should be addressed to the Chief, Endangered Species Division, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Hoffman, 727–570–5312. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

All sea turtles that occur in U.S. waters are listed as either endangered or threatened under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA). The Kemp's ridley (*Lepidochelys kempii*), leatherback (*Dermochelys coriacea*), and hawksbill (Eretmochelys imbricata) are listed as endangered. The loggerhead (*Caretta caretta*) and green turtle (*Chelonia mydas*) are listed as threatened, except for breeding populations of green turtles in Florida and on the Pacific coast of Mexico, which are listed as endangered.

The incidental take and mortality of sea turtles as a result of trawling activities has been documented in the Gulf of Mexico and along the Atlantic seaboard. Under the ESA and its implementing regulations, taking sea turtles is prohibited, with exceptions identified in 50 CFR 223.206. The incidental taking of turtles during shrimp or summer flounder trawling is exempted from the taking prohibition of section 9 of the ESA if the conservation measures specified in the sea turtle conservation regulations (50 CFR part 223) are followed. The regulations require most shrimp trawlers and summer flounder trawlers operating in the southeastern United States (Atlantic Area, Gulf Area, and summer flounder sea turtle protection area) to have a NMFS-approved TED installed in each net that is rigged for fishing to provide for the escape of sea turtles. TEDs currently approved by NMFS include single-grid hard TEDs and hooped hard TEDs conforming to a generic description, two types of special hard TEDs (the flounder TED and the Jones TED), and one type of soft TED–the Parker soft TED.

TEDs incorporate an escape opening, usually covered by a webbing flap, that allows sea turtles to escape from trawl nets. To be approved by NMFS, a TED design must be shown to be 97 percent effective in excluding sea turtles during experimental TED testing. Most approved hard TEDs are described in the regulations (50 CFR 223.207(a)) according to generic criteria based upon certain parameters of TED design, configuration, and installation, including height and width dimensions of the TED opening through which the turtles escape. In the Atlantic Area, the opening must be at least 35 inches (89 cm) in width and 12 inches (30 cm) in height. In the Gulf Area, the opening must be at least 32 inches (81 cm) in width and 10 inches (25 cm) in height.

Leatherback Contingency Plan

NMFS, in cooperation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, South Carolina Wildlife & Marine Resources Department, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, and Florida

Department of Environmental Protection developed the Leatherback Contingency Plan to reduce leatherback mortality in shrimp trawls and, in 1995, NMFS established the leatherback conservation zone regulations to implement the Leatherback Contingency Plan (60 FR 25620, May 12, 1995). Leatherback turtles are too large to fit through the standard size TED opening; when mature they can weigh between 600 and 1300 pounds (273 and 591 kg). The Leatherback Contingency Plan includes procedures to identify when and where TEDs with larger escape openings should be used to protect leatherbacks during their annual, spring migration along the Atlantic seaboard. The leatherback conservation zone is the waters north of Cape Canaveral, FL, to the North Carolina–Virginia border. Within this zone, weekly aerial surveys for leatherback sightings are conducted from January 1 through June 30 of each year. If sightings, in replicate surveys, exceed 10 leatherback turtles per 50 nautical miles (nm)(92.6 km) of trackline, NMFS closes, for a 2-week period, waters within 1°lat. of the trackline to shrimp trawlers unless they use a TED modified with the leatherback exit opening. There is currently one approved leatherback modification for hard TEDs and one for the Parker soft TED.

Double Cover Flap TED

In June 2000 NMFS tested the new double cover flap TED design. This design includes the use of a split flap. This TED has an escape opening with a width of 56 inches (142 cm), covered with a split flap composed of two equal size rectangular panels. Each panel must be no less than 58 inches (147 cm) wide and must not overlap each other by more than 15 inches (38 cm). The panels may only be sewn together along the leading edge of the cut. The edge of the panels may be attached 6 inches (15 cm) behind the posterior edge of grid, and the end of each panel must not extend more than 6 inches (15 cm) past the center of the bottom of the grid.

Double Cover Flap TED Testing

A total of ten turtles were exposed to a double cover flap TED in the bottom opening configuration. Five of these turtles were exposed to a double cover flap TED with the flap extending 24 inches (61 cm) past the grid and the other five were exposed to a TED with the flap extending 3 inches (8 cm) past the grid frame. All ten turtles escaped, but escape from the short flap TED was faster by an average of 33 seconds. The long flap in this configuration also had trouble maintaining its integrity during