of the years 1998 through 2002, the number of bowhead whales struck may not exceed 67, except that any unused portion of a strike quota from any year, including 15 unused strikes from the 1995–1997 quota, may be carried forward. No more than 15 strikes may be added to the strike quota for any 1 year. The 2000 strike quota was 75. At the end of the 2000 harvest, there were 15 unused strikes available for carryforward, so the combined strike quota for 2001 is also 82 (67 + 15).

The United States and the Russian Federation have concluded an arrangement to ensure that the total quota of bowhead whales landed and struck in 2001 will not exceed the quotas set by the IWC. Under that arrangement, the Russian natives may use no more than 7 strikes, and the Alaska Eskimos may use no more than 75 strikes.

NOAA is assigning 75 strikes to the Alaska Eskimos. The AEWC will allocate these strikes among the 10 villages whose cultural and subsistence needs have been documented in past requests for bowhead quotas from the IWC, and will ensure that its hunters use no more than 75 strikes.

Other Limitations

The IWC regulations, as well as the NOAA rule at 50 CFR 230.4(c), forbid the taking of calves or any whale accompanied by a calf.

NOAA rules (at 50 CFR 230.4) contain a number of other prohibitions relating to aboriginal subsistence whaling, some of which are summarized here. Only licensed whaling captains or crew under the control of those captains may engage in whaling. They must follow the provisions of the relevant cooperative agreement between NOAA and a Native American whaling organization. The aboriginal hunters must have adequate crew, supplies, and equipment. They may not receive money for participating in the hunt. No person may sell or offer for sale whale products from whales taken in the hunt, except for authentic articles of Native handicrafts. Captains may not continue to whale after the relevant quota is taken, after the season has been closed, or if their licenses have been suspended. They may not engage in whaling in a wasteful manner.

Dated: October 11, 2001.

William T. Hogarth.

Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 01–26172 Filed 10–16–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 010112013-1013-01; I.D. 101201A]

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Pollock in Statistical Area 610 of the Gulf of Alaska

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for pollock in Statistical Area 610 of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA). This action is necessary to prevent exceeding the seasonal allowance of the pollock total allowable catch (TAC) for Statistical Area 610 of the GOA.

DATES: Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), October 13, 2001, until 2400 hrs, A.l.t., December 31, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary Furuness, 907–586–7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fishery in the GOA exclusive economic zone according to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Regulations governing fishing by U.S. vessels in accordance with the FMP appear at subpart H of 50 CFR part 600 and 50 CFR part 679.

Within any fishing year under harvest or over harvest of a seasonal allowance of pollock may be added to or subtracted from the subsequent seasonal allowances of pollock in a manner to be determined by the Administrator, Alaska Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), provided that a revised seasonal allowance does not exceed 30 percent of the annual TAC apportionment (§ 679.20(a)(5)(ii)(C)).

The annual 2001 pollock TAC in the combined Central and Western GOA is 87,180 mt and 30 percent of this amount is 26,154 mt (66 FR 7276, January 22, 2001, and 66 FR 37167, July 17, 2001). This is the maximum amount of TAC that may harvested in any season, in this case the D season. Pollock TACs in the Western and Central Regulatory Areas in the C and D seasons are apportioned among Statistical Areas 610, 620, and 630 in proportion to the distribution of biomass as determined by the four most recent NMFS summer surveys. These amounts are 42.05 percent, 25.03 percent, and 32.92 percent respectively (66 FR 7276. January 22, 2001 and 66 FR 37167, July 17, 2001). In Statistical Area 610 this translates to a maximum TAC for the D season of 10,998 mt (26,154 mt x 0.4205). The Regional Administrator has determined that 11,666 mt of the original pollock TAC remains in Statistical Area 610. In accordance with § 679.20(a)(5)(ii)(C), the Regional Administrator hereby increases the original D season pollock TAC of 9,165 mt by 1,833 mt. The revised D season allowance of pollock TAC in Statistical Area 610 is 10,998 mt.

In accordance with § 679.20(d)(1)(i), the Regional Administrator, has determined that the D season allowance of the pollock TAC in Statistical Area 610 will soon be reached. Therefore, the Regional Administrator is establishing a directed fishing allowance of 10,798 mt, and is setting aside the remaining 200 mt as bycatch to support other anticipated groundfish fisheries. Consequently in accordance with § 679.20(d)(1)(iii), NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for pollock in Statistical Area 610 of the GOA.

Maximum retainable bycatch amounts may be found in the regulations at § 679.20(e) and (f).

Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA, finds that the need to immediately implement this action to prevent exceeding the seasonal allocation of pollock in Statistical Area 610 constitutes good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B)

and 50 CFR 679.20(b)(3)(iii)(A), as such procedures would be unnecessary and contrary to the public interest. Similarly, the need to implement these measures in a timely fashion to prevent exceeding the seasonal allocation of pollock in Statistical Area 610

constitutes good cause to find that the effective date of this action cannot be delayed for 30 days. Accordingly, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d), a delay in the effective date is hereby waived.

This action is required by § 679.20 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: October 12, 2001.

Bruce C. Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 01–26174 Filed 10–12–01; 4:04 pm]

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