Notification of Interested Parties

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under section 351.402(f) of our regulations to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of the antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO as explained in the administrative order itself. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

These final results of administrative review are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1) and 19 U.S.C. 1677f(i)(1)).

Dated: November 9, 2001.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, Group III.

[FR Doc. 01–28863 Filed 11–16–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-570-864]

Antidumping Duty Order: Pure Magnesium in Granular Form From the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of antidumping duty order.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act, the Department of Commerce is issuing an anti-dumping duty order on pure magnesium in granular form from the People's Republic of China.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 19, 2001.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Jennifer Gehr or Michael Strollo, AD/
CVD Enforcement Group I, Office 2,
Import Administration, International
Trade Administration, U.S. Department
of Commerce, 14th Street and

Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1779 or (202) 482–0629, respectively.

The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's ("the Department's") regulations refer to 19 CFR part 351 (2000).

Scope of Order

There is an existing antidumping duty order on pure magnesium from the People's Republic of China (PRC). See Notice of Antidumping Duty Orders: Pure Magnesium From the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation and Ukraine; Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Antidumping Duty Investigation of Pure Magnesium From the Russian Federation, 60 FR 25691 (May 12, 1995). The scope of this order excludes pure magnesium that is already covered by the existing order on pure magnesium in ingot form, and currently classifiable under item numbers 8104.11.00 and 8104.19.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

The scope of this order includes imports of pure magnesium products, regardless of chemistry, including, without limitation, raspings, granules, turnings, chips, powder, and briquettes, except as noted above.

Pure magnesium includes: (1) Products that contain at least 99.95 percent primary magnesium, by weight (generally referred to as "ultra-pure" magnesium); (2) products that contain less than 99.95 percent but not less than 99.8 percent primary magnesium, by weight (generally referred to as "pure" magnesium); (3) chemical combinations of pure magnesium and other material(s) in which the pure magnesium content is 50 percent or greater, but less than 99.8 percent, by weight, that do not conform to an "ASTM Specification for Magnesium Alloy" 1 (generally referred to as "off-specification pure" magnesium); and (4) physical mixtures of pure magnesium and other material(s) in which the pure magnesium content is 50 percent or greater, but less than 99.8 percent, by weight. Excluded from this order are mixtures containing 90

percent or less pure magnesium by weight and one or more of certain nonmagnesium granular materials to make magnesium-based reagent mixtures. The non-magnesium granular materials of which the Department is aware used to make such excluded reagents are: Lime, calcium metal, calcium silicon, calcium carbide, calcium carbonate, carbon, slag coagulants, fluorspar, nephaline syenite, feldspar, aluminum, alumina (Al₂O₃), calcium aluminate, soda ash, hydrocarbons, graphite, coke, silicon, rare earth metals/mischmetal, cryolite, silica/fly ash, magnesium oxide, periclase, ferroalloys, dolomitic lime, and colemanite. A party importing a magnesium-based reagent which includes one or more materials not on this list is required to seek a scope clarification from the Department before such a mixture may be imported free of antidumping duties.

The merchandise subject to this order is currently classifiable under item 8104.30.00 of the HTSUS. Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this order is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

In accordance with section 735(a) of the Act, the Department published its final determination that pure magnesium in granular form from the PRC is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value. See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Pure Magnesium in Granular Form From the People's Republic of China, 66 FR 49345, (Sept. 27, 2001). On November 13, 2001, the International Trade Commission notified the Department of its final determination pursuant to section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of lessthan-fair-value imports of subject merchandise from the PRC. Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, the Department will direct the Customs Service to assess, upon further advice by the Department, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price or constructed export price of the merchandise for all relevant entries of pure magnesium in granular form from the PRC. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of imports of the subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after April 30, 2001, the date on which the Department

¹ The meaning of this term is the same as that used by the American Society for Testing and Materials in its *Annual Book of ASTM Standards:* Volume 01.02 Aluminum and Magnesium Alloys.

published its notice of affirmative preliminary determination in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 21314).

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, Customs Service officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, a cash deposit equal to the estimated weighted-average antidumping duty margins as noted below. The "PRC-Wide" rate applies to all exporters of subject merchandise not specifically listed. The weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Manufacturer/exporter	Margin (percent)
Minmetals Precious & Rare Minerals Import and Export/ China National Nonferrous Metals Industry Trading Group Corp	24.67
PRC-Wide Rate	305.56

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to pure magnesium in granular form from the People's Republic of China, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties may contact the Department's Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of Act and 19 CFR 351.211.

Dated: November 13, 2001.

Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for, Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 01–28865 Filed 11–16–01; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-337-804]

Certain Preserved Mushrooms From Chile: Notice of Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results in Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 19, 2001. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Sophie Castro at (202) 482–0588, or David J. Goldberger at (202) 482–4136, Office 2, AD/CVD Enforcement Group I, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC. 20230.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce is extending the time limit for the preliminary results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain preserved mushrooms from Chile, which covers the period December 1, 1999, through November 30, 2000.

Applicable Statute: Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce (the Department) regulations are to 19 CFR part 351 (April 2000).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department shall make a preliminary determination in an administrative review of an antidumping duty order within 245 days after the last day of the anniversary month of the date of publication of the order. The Act further provides, however, that the Department may extend that 245-day period to 365 days if it determines it is not practicable to complete the review within the foregoing time period.

On July 19, 2001, the Department partially extended the time limit for the preliminary results until November 15, 2001 (see Certain Preserved Mushrooms from Chile: Notice of Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results in Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, 66 FR 37640). The Department now finds that, given the complexity of the issues involved in this case and the need to analyze further the information provided by the parties, it must extend the deadline for a total of 120 days, the maximum extension allowed under the Act.

Therefore, in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department is extending the time for completion of the preliminary results of this review until January 2, 2002.

Dated: November 13, 2001.

Louis Apple,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 01–28864 Filed 11–16–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

United States-Egypt Presidents' Council; Membership

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, Commerce Department.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The International Trade Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce has reestablished and will monitor the activities of the U.S.-Egypt Presidents' Council. This notice announces membership opportunities for American business representatives on the U.S. side of the Council.

DATES: In order to receive full consideration, requests must be received no later than: Friday, December 28, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Please send your requests for consideration to Ms. Maram Talaat, Egypt Desk Officer, Office of the Middle East, U.S. Department of Commerce either by fax on 202–482–0878 or by mail to Room H–2029B, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT: Ms. Maram Talaat, Office of the Middle East, Room H–2029B, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230, Phone 202–482–3752.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The U.S. Department of Commerce established the U.S.-Egypt Presidents' Council in April 1995 as part of the U.S.-Egypt Partnership for Economic Growth and Development. Following their April 2001 meeting at the White House, President Bush and Egyptian President Mubarak agreed to continue the Presidents' Council. The purpose of the Council is to provide a forum through which American and Egyptian private sector representatives can provide advice and counsel to their respective governments that reflect their views, needs and concerns regarding private sector business development in Egypt and enhanced bilateral commercial ties. The Council exchanges information and encourages bilateral discussions that address the following areas:

- —Factors that affect the growth of private sector business in both countries, including disincentives to trade and investment, and regulatory obstacles to optimal job creation and economic growth;
- —Initiatives that both governments might take to promote joint private sector business growth in Egypt;