

Form	Type of respondent	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average Burden per response (in hrs.)	Total burden in hours
1	Local program stakeholders	30	1	1	30
2	National program stakeholders	10	1	1	10
3	Subset of ACT Trainees	24	1	90/60	36
4	Universe of ACT Trainees (professionals who work with families and children and have attended an ACT training)	225	3	30/60	338
5	Adult community members reached by ACT trainees	30	1	30/60	15
Total	429

Dated: December 20, 2001.

Nancy E. Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY-12-02]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these

requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639-7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: Key Informant Interviews to Identify the Barriers to the Implementation of the New Targeted Testing and Treatment of Latent TB Infection Recommendations—NEW—Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCSHTP). In April 2000, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the American Thoracic Society (ATS) issued new recommendations for targeted tuberculin testing and treatment regimens for persons with latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI). CDC proposes to collect data to identify potential barriers to the acceptance,

implementation, and adherence to targeted testing and treatment of LTBI guidelines.

The specific purpose of this research is:

A. Identify barriers to acceptance, implementation, and adherence to the new targeted testing and treatment of LTBI recommendations.

B. Identify possible education and communication messages, materials, and behavior change strategies to overcome those barriers.

C. Identify acceptable dissemination and media channels.

Approximately, one hundred key-informant telephone interviews with physicians who evaluate tuberculin skin test results and make treatment decisions for individuals with LTBI will be conducted. The target group will include physicians who work in the private sector and public sector in urban and rural areas from throughout the United States. The total burden hours for this data collection are 89 hours.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses/ respondent	Average burden/response (in hours)
Office staff (screening)	480	1	5/60
Physicians (interviews)	100	1	30/60
Physicians (verification)	10	1	5/60

Dated: December 19, 2001.

Nancy E. Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30 DAY-11-02]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639-7090. Send written

comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: National Survey of Family Growth, Cycle 6 Main Study—New—National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The National Survey of Family Growth has been conducted periodically since 1973 by the National Center for Health Statistics, CDC. The first five cycles of the NSFG were based on interviews with women 15-44 years of age, to measure factors related to birth and pregnancy rates and maternal and infant

health. In Cycle 6, both women and men will be interviewed. The interviews with males 15–44 will address (1) Factors that affect entry into marriage, cohabitation, and fatherhood; (2) factors that affect the spread of Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs) and HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus, the virus that causes AIDS); and (3) factors that affect men's ability and willingness to carry out their fatherhood roles, including child support.

In 2002, the NSFG will interview a nationally representative sample of 11,500 women and 7,500 men 15–44 years of age. Black, Hispanic, and 15–

24-year-old men and women will be sampled at a higher rate than others. A pretest has been conducted. All participation is completely voluntary and confidential. NSFG data help measure the demographics, health status, and behavior of the population of reproductive age (as well as those responsible for most STDs). The NSFG data from the 1995 survey have already been published in more than 60 published NCHS reports and articles in scientific journals. Besides NCHS, users of NSFG data include the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Office of Population Affairs, the

National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, the CDC HIV/AIDS Prevention program, the CDC's Division of Reproductive Health, the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (OASPE), and the Children's Bureau. Other users include Congress (for Section 905 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, among others); the Healthy People 2000 and 2010 initiatives; private researchers in demography, public health, maternal and child health, and state governments. The total annual burden for this data collection is 27,624 hours.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses/ respondent	Avg. burden/ response (in hrs.)
Survey: screener	55000	1	5/60
Survey: males	7500	1	1
Survey: females	11500	1	80/60
Verification	2500	1	5/60

Dated: December 19, 2001.

Nancy E. Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)

Notice of Hearing: Reconsideration of Disapproval of Ohio State Plan Amendment 98–020

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of hearing.

SUMMARY: This notice announces an administrative hearing to reconsider the decision to disapprove Ohio State Plan Amendment (SPA) 98–020, on February 21, 2002, at 10:00 a.m., Chicago Regional Office Federal Building; Fifth Floor; Minnesota Room; 233 North Michigan Avenue; Chicago, Illinois 60601.

CLOSING DATE: Requests to participate in the hearing as a party must be received by the presiding officer by January 15, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathleen Scully-Hayes, Office of Hearings, CMS Suite L, 2520 Lord Baltimore Drive, Baltimore, Maryland 21244–2670, Telephone: (410)–786–2055.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces an administrative hearing to reconsider CMS's decision to disapprove Ohio SPA 98–020.

Section 1116 of the Social Security Act (the Act) and 42 CFR, part 430 establish Department procedures that provide an administrative hearing for reconsideration of a disapproval of a state plan or plan amendment. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is required to publish a copy of the notice to a state Medicaid agency that informs the agency of the time and place of the hearing and the issues to be considered. If we subsequently notify the agency of additional issues that will be considered at the hearing, we will also publish that notice. Any individual or group that wants to participate in the hearing as a party must petition the presiding officer within 15 day after publication of this notice, in accordance with the requirements contained at 42 CFR 430.76(b)(2). Any interested person or organization that wants to participate as *amicus curia* must petition the presiding officer before the hearing begins in accordance with the requirements contained at 42 CFR 430.76(c). If the hearing is later rescheduled, the presiding officer will notify all participants.

The issue is whether the claiming methodology Ohio proposed for determining allowable administrative costs is consistent with the requirements of the Social Security Act (the Act) and implementing regulations, including the issue of whether the methodology would adequately

document such claims. As discussed below in more detail, the disapproval was based on findings that the proposed claiming methodology would permit the development of unallowable claims for Federal financial participation (FFP) primarily because it was based on time study that did not reflect Medicaid requirements.

Ohio submitted SPA 98–020 on December 24, 1998. This amendment contains an interagency agreement between the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services and the Ohio Department of Education through which the State would claim FFP under the Medicaid program for the costs of administrative activities performed by local education agencies in the State of Ohio. The CMS was unable to approve Ohio Medicaid SPA 98–020 because the methodology that would serve as the basis for the development of Medicaid administrative claims is flawed.

After review of the information and materials in the December 24, 1998, SPA submission and the June 25, 2001, response to our request for additional information, CMS determined that the requirements for administrative claiming in schools were not met. The primary basis for this conclusion is that the administrative claiming methodology was based on a time study that would permit development of unallowable Medicaid claims. The time study developed as part of this methodology includes: (1) Education-related activities that are not allowed under Medicaid; (2) activities at the enhanced FFP rate, which do not meet the requirements for Skilled