access those documents in the public docket that are available electronically. Although not all docket materials may be available electronically, you may still access any of the publicly available docket materials through the docket facility identified in Unit II.1. Once in the system, select "search," then key in the appropriate docket ID number.

# III. How Can I Request to Participate in this Meeting?

You may submit a request to participate in this meeting to Christine Eppstein, the technical person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. Do not submit any information in your request that is considered CBI. Requests to participate in the meeting, identified by docket ID number OPPT–2002–0052, must be received on or before October 11, 2002.

### IV. Background

The Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C. 2609 section 10(g), authorizes EPA and other federal agencies to establish and coordinate a system for exchange among federal, state, and local authorities of research and development results respecting toxic chemical substances and mixtures, including a system to facilitate and promote the development of standard data format and analysis and consistent testing procedures. Through FOSTTA, the Chemical Information and Management Project (CIMP) focuses on EPA's chemical program and works to develop a more coordinated effort involving federal, state, and tribal agencies. The Pollution Prevention Project (P2) promotes the prevention ethic across society, helping companies incorporate P2 approaches and techniques and integrating P2 into mainstream environmental activities at both the federal level and among the states. Under the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, EPA, the states, and the tribes share responsibility for handling toxic chemical release information and making it available to the public through the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI). The Tribal Affairs Project (TAP) concentrates on chemical and prevention issues that are most relevant to the tribes, including lead control and abatement, subsistence lifestyles, and hazard communications and outreach. FOSTTA's vision is to reinvigorate the projects, focus on major policy-level issues, recruit more senior state and tribal leaders, increase outreach to all 50 states and some 560 federally recognized tribes, and vigorously seek ways to engage the states and tribes in ongoing substantive discussions on

complex and oftentimes controversial environmental issues that states and tribes resolve at their respective levels of government.

In January 2002, the Environmental Council of the states (ECOS), in cooperation with the National Tribal Environmental Council (NTEC), was awarded the new FOSTTA cooperative agreement. ECOS, NTEC, and EPA's Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT) are co-sponsoring the meetings. As part of a cooperative agreement, ECOS facilitates ongoing efforts of the state and tribal leaders and OPPT to increase understanding and improve collaboration on toxics and pollution prevention issues and to continue a dialogue on how federal environmental programs can best be implemented among the states, tribes, and EPA.

## V. The Meeting

In the interest of time and efficiency, the meetings are structured to provide maximum opportunity for state, tribal, and EPA participants to discuss items on the predetermined agenda. At the discretion of the chair, an effort will be made to accommodate participation by observers attending the proceedings. The FOSTTA representatives and EPA will collaborate on environmental protection and chemical and prevention issues. The tentative agenda items identified by the states and the tribes follow:

- 1. Use of environmental indicators for integrating strategies among state, federal, and international agencies (CIMP).
- 2. State laboratory capacity study (CIMP).
- 3. Challenges of promoting pollution prevention (P2).
- 4. Supplemental environmental projects and environmental management systems (P2).
  - 5. OPPTS Tribal strategy (TAP).
  - 6. Tribal risk assessment (TAP).
- 7. Electronic facility data profile (TRI).
- 8. Demonstration of state bulletin board (TRI).

Stephen L. Johnson, Assistant Administrator, Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances, and Carol Jorgensen, Director, American Indian Environmental Office, will be the speakers at the plenary session.

#### **List of Subjects**

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Pollution prevention.

Dated: October 1, 2002.

### Barbara A. Cunningham,

Acting Director, Environmental Assistance Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 02–25862 Filed 10–9–02; 8:45 a.m.]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission, Comments Requested

October 1, 2002.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

**DATES:** Written comments should be submitted on or before December 9, 2002. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all comments to Judith Boley Herman or Leslie Smith, Federal Communications Commission, Room 1–C804 or Room 1–A804, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554 or via the Internet to jboley@fcc.gov or lesmith@fcc.gov.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For additional information or copies of the information collection(s), contact Judith

Boley Herman at 202–418–0214 or via the Internet at *jboley@fcc.gov*.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control No.: 3060–0972. Title: Multi-Association Group (MAG) Plan for Regulation of Interstate Services of Non-Price Cap Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers and Interexchange Carriers.

Form No.: FCC Forms 508 and 509. Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

*Respondents:* Business or other forprofit; non-profit.

Number of Respondents: 1,300. Estimated Time Per Response: .50–15 hours.

Frequency of Response: Annual reporting requirement.

Total Annual Burden: 3,500 hours. Total Annual Cost: N/A.

Needs and Uses: Pursuant to the Commission's MAG Order, the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) requires certain data necessary for the administration of the Interstate Common Line Support (ICLS) mechanism for rate-of-return carriers. This data will be used to calculate ICLS for incumbent rate-of-return carriers and competitive eligible

competitive eligible telecommunications carriers pursuant to section 54.901 of the Commission's rules. Specifically, USAC requires from rate-of-return carriers projected cost and revenue data, which may be collected on proposed FCC Form 508, when developed. USAC also requires actual cost and revenue data, including demand data, which may be collected on proposed FCC Form 509, when developed. Proposed FCC Form 509 may also require additional supporting cost and revenue data. These forms may also request data related to the transferred ownership of lines for which carriers have received or may receive ICLS. Any carrier may elect to have an agent, including the National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc., perform these filings on its behalf, and the Commission anticipates that many carriers will do so. The carriers and their agents will be encouraged to file proposed FCC Forms 508 and 509 electronically. Additionally, USAC may request, in connection with the verification of data included in proposed FCC Form 509, that certain carriers provide to USAC additional documentation of cost and revenue data in the form of records currently maintained pursuant to existing Commission rules and OMB controls. This additional data is required consistent with USAC's obligation to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of universal service support and section

54.707 of the Commission's rules. There are no fees associated with any of these information collections.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–25768 Filed 10–9–02; 8:45 am]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[MM Docket No. 02-236; FCC 02-236]

Hilco Communications, Inc. and Cumulus Licensing Corp.

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In this document, the FCC designates the application to assign the license of radio station KAYD(FM), Silsbee, Texas, from Hilco Communications, Inc. ("Hilco") to Cumulus Licensing Corp. ("Cumulus"). The Commission cannot find, based on the record, that grant of this application is consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity. Accordingly, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 309(e), the Commission designates the application for hearing to determine whether the public interest, convenience, and necessity will be served by grant of the application.

**DATES:** See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for document filing dates.

ADDRESSES: Please file documents with the Investigations and Hearing Division, Enforcement Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Room 3— B431, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Charles W. Kelley, Chief, Investigations and Hearing Division, Enforcement Bureau, at (202) 418–1420.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Federal Communications Commission's Hearing Designation Order, MM Docket No. 02-236, adopted on August 15, 2002, and released on September 5, 2002. The full text is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Room CY-A257, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. The full text may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, Qualex International, Room CY-B402, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554, telephone (202) 863-2983, facsimile (202) 863-2898, or via e-mail at qualexint@aol.com, or may be viewed

via the internet at: http://www.fcc.gov/Document\_Indexes/Media/2002\_index\_MB\_Order.html. Alternative formats are available to persons with disabilities by contacting Martha Contee at (202) 418–0260 or TTY (202) 418–2555.

### Synopsis of the Order

1. In March 1996, the Commission relaxed the numerical station limits in its local radio ownership rules in accordance with Congress's directive in section 202(b) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996. Since then, the Commission has received applications proposing transactions that would comply with the new limits, but that nevertheless could produce concentration levels that raised significant concerns about the potential impact on the public interest. In response to these concerns, the Commission concluded that it has an independent obligation to consider whether a proposed pattern of radio ownership that complies with the local radio ownership limits would otherwise have an adverse competitive effect in a particular local radio market and thus would be inconsistent with the public interest. In August 1998, the Commission also began flagging public notices of radio station transactions that would result in one entity controlling 50 percent or more of the advertising revenues in the relevant Arbitron radio market or two entities controlling 70 percent or more of the advertising revenues in that market. On November 8, 2001, we adopted the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in MM Docket No. 01-317, 16 FCC Rcd 19861, 66 FR 63986, December 11, 2001 ("Local Radio Ownership NPRM''). We expressed concern that our current policies on local radio ownership did not adequately reflect current industry conditions and had led to unfortunate delays in the processing of assignment and transfer applications. Accordingly, we adopted the Local Radio Ownership NPRM to undertake a comprehensive examination of our rules and policies concerning local radio ownership and to develop a new framework that will be more responsive to current marketplace realities while continuing to address our core public interest concerns of promoting diversity and competition. In the Local Radio Ownership NPRM, we also set forth an interim policy to guide our actions on radio assignment and transfer of control applications pending a decision in that proceeding. Under our interim policy, we presume that an application that falls below the 50/70 screen will not raise competition concerns unless a petition to deny