**ACTION:** Notice of intent.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), New Orleans District, is initiating this study under the authority of section 431 of the Water Resources Development Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106-541), dated December 11, 2000, to determine the feasibility of deepening and widening the navigation channel to the Port of Iberia (hereafter referred to as "the Port") through the enlargement of existing access channels. Deepwater oil and gas exploration and development in the Gulf of Mexico and other deepwater areas has increased because of growth in demand; depletion of existing oil and gas fields, including those in the shallower areas of the gulf; and advancements in deepwater drilling technologies that include larger platforms. The Port was constructed by Îberia Parish to provide a navigation outlet for trade and transportation of offshore fabrication modules. South Louisiana and the Port have a long association with the development of offshore oil and gas industry worldwide. The Port is primarily a landlocked port with connections to the Gulf of Mexico through the Commercial Canal and the Acadiana Navigation Channel. Additionally, the current project provides a "Harbor of Refuge" during storms and hurricanes. Five major waterways service the Port: the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, the Atchafalaya River, the Acadiana Navigation Channel, the Vermilion River Cutoff, and the Freshwater Bayou. The Port's access channel, the Commercial Canal is essentially the northernmost portion of the Acadiana Navigation Channel.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Questions concerning the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) should be addressed to Mr. Michael Salyer at U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, PM–RS, PO Box 60267, New Orleans, LA 70160–0267, phone (504) 862–2037, fax number (504) 862–2572 or by E-mail at michael.r.salyer@mvn02.usace. army.mil.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. Proposed Action. The proposed action would provide for the enlargement of the existing navigation channels to the Port via the Commercial Canal to the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway (GIWW) to Freshwater Bayou to the Gulf of Mexico via a bypass channel at the existing Freshwater Bayou lock. The proposed project bottom depth is to 20 foot MSL from the current 13 feet MSL in Commercial Canal, and to 20 foot MSL from the current 12 foot MSL in the GIWW and Freshwater Bayou. The channel alignments and bottom widths would be increased to 150 feet from the

current 115 feet where necessary in the areas of the Port as a result of existing bulkheads. The Commercial Canal, GIWW, and Freshwater Bayou widths would be increased to 200 feet from the current 125 feet. It was assumed that the 250-foot width of the Freshwater Bayou Bar Channel into the Gulf of Mexico would remain the same. The Freshwater By-Pass would be widened to 150 feet from the current 125 feet. A 20-foot project depth was the only depth evaluated for the reconnaissance analysis. The material dredged for the construction and maintenance of the channels would be used for bank-line stabilization and wetlands restoration and construction, to the maximum extent practicable. Economic and environmental analysis would be used to determine the most practical plan, which would provide for the greatest overall public benefit.

2. Alternatives. Alternatives recommended for consideration presently include the construction of deeper and wider channels in the Commercial Canal, GIWW, and Freshwater Bayou. Incremental reaches of those channels with separable benefits and cost would be investigated. Various project depths for navigation channels would also be investigated.

3. Scoping. Scoping is the process for determining the scope of alternatives and significant resources and issues to be addressed in the Environmental Impact Statement. For this process, a letter will be sent to all parties believed to have an interest in the analysis, requesting their input on alternatives and issues to be evaluated. The letter will also notify interested parties of public scoping meetings that will be held in the local area. Notices will also be sent to local news media. All interested parties are invited to comment at this time, and anyone interested in this study should request to be included in the study mailing list.

A public scoping meeting will be held in November of 2002. The meeting will be held in the vicinity of Abbeville, LA. Additional meetings could be held, depending upon interest and if it is determined that further public coordination is warranted.

4. Significant Resources. The tentative list of resources and issues to be evaluated in the EIS includes tidal wetlands (marshes and swamps), aquatic resources, commercial and recreational fisheries, wildlife resources, essential fish habitat, water quality, air quality, threatened and endangered species, recreation resources, and cultural resources. Socioeconomic items to be evaluated in the EIS include navigation, flood protection, business

and industrial activity, employment, land use, property values, public/community facilities and services, tax revenues, population, community and regional growth, transportation, housing, community cohesion, and noise.

5. Environmental Consultation and Review. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) will be assisting in the documentation of existing conditions and assessment of effects of project alternatives through Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act consultation procedures. The USFWS will provide a Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act report. Coordination will be accomplished with the USFWS and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) concerning threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat. The NMFS will be consulted on the effects of this proposed action on Essential Fish Habitat. The draft EIS (DEIS) or a notice of its availability will be distributed to all interested agencies, organizations, and individuals.

6. Estimated Date of Availability. Funding levels will dictate the date when the DEIS is available. The earliest that the DEIS is expected to be available is in the spring of 2004.

Dated: October 15, 2002.

## Peter J. Rowan,

Colonel, U.S. Army District Engineer. [FR Doc. 02–27722 Filed 10–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3710–84–U

# **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

# **Department of the Navy**

Notice of Proposed Information Collection; Commander, Naval Sea Systems Command; Correction

**AGENCY:** Department of the Navy, DOD.

**ACTION:** Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The Naval Sea Systems
Command published a document in the
Federal Register of October 11, 2002,
concerning request for comments on a
list of facilities available for the
construction or repair of ships. The
document contained incorrect telephone
numbers and an incorrect address.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sherrell Smith, (202) 781–1819.

# Correction

In the **Federal Register** of October 11, 2002, in FR Doc. 02–25935, on page 63388, in the second column, correct the **ADDRESS** and **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** captions to read:

ADDRESS: Send written comments and recommendations on the proposed information collection to Commander, Naval Sea Systems Command (SEA 04X13), 1333 Isaac Hull Ave SE Stop 4030, Washington Navy Yard, DC 20376–4030.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sherrell Smith at (202) 781–1819 or Leonard Thompson at (202) 781–1832, respectively, to request additional information or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection instruments.

Dated: October 22, 2002.

#### R.E. Vincent II,

Lieutenant Commander, Judge Advocate General's Corps, U.S. Navy, Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 02–27671 Filed 10–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3810-FF-P

## **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

## **Department of the Navy**

Notice of Intent To Grant Exclusive Patent License; Universal Guardian Corporation

**AGENCY:** Department of the Navy, DOD. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Navy hereby gives notice of its intent to grant to Universal Guardian Corporation a revocable, non-assignable, exclusive license to practice in the United States, the Government-owned invention described in U.S. Patent No. 6,145,441, entitled "Frangible Payload Dispensing Projectile," issued November 14, 2000, Navy Case No. 78,561.

**DATE:** Anyone wishing to object to the grant of this license has fifteen (15) days from the date of this notice to file written objections along with supporting evidence, if any.

ADDRESS: Written objections are to be filed with Coastal Systems Station, Dahlgren Div, NSWC, 6703 W. Hwy 98, Code XP01L, Panama City, FL 32407–7001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Harvey A. Gilbert, Counsel, Coastal Systems Station, 6703 W. Hwy 98, Code XP01L, Panama City, FL 32407–7001, telephone (850) 234–4646, fax (850) 235–5497, or E-Mail at gilbertha@ncsc.navy.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Notice of Intent to grant an exclusive license for this patent, which was previously advertised in the **Federal Register** on July 10, 2002 (67 FR 45709–45710), has been cancelled.

(Authority: 35 U.S.C. 207, 37 CFR Part 404).

Dated: October 22, 2002.

### R.E. Vincent, II,

Lieutenant Commander, Judge Advocate General's Corps, U.S. Navy, Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 02–27672 Filed 10–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3810–FF-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

## [CFDA NO. 84.031H]

Office of Postsecondary Education; Strengthening Institutions (SIP), American Indian Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities (TCCU), Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian-Serving Institutions (ANNH) and Hispanic Serving Institutions (HSI) Programs; Notice Inviting Applications for Designation as Eligible Institutions for Fiscal Year (FY) 2003

Purpose of Programs: Under the SIP, TCCU, and ANNH Programs authorized under Part A of Title III of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA), institutions of higher education are eligible to apply for grants if they meet specific statutory and regulatory eligibility requirements. Similarly, HSIs are eligible to apply for grants under the HSI Program, authorized under Title V of the HEA, if they meet specific statutory and regulatory requirements. In addition, an institution that is designated as an eligible institution under those programs may also receive a waiver of certain non-Federal share requirements under the Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG), the Federal Work Study (FWS), the Student Support Services (SSS) and the Undergraduate International Studies and Foreign Language (UISFL) Programs. The FSEOG, FWS and SSS Programs are authorized under Title IV of the HEA; the UISFL Program is authorized under Title VI of the HEA.

Qualified institutions may receive these waivers even if they are not recipients of grant funds under the Title III Part A or Title V Programs.

Special Note: To become eligible, your institution must satisfy a criterion related to needy student enrollment and one related to Educational and General (E&G) expenditures for a particular base year. Because we changed the collection processes for determining the thresholds for these criteria, we do not have base year data beyond 1999–2000. In order to award FY 2003 grants in a timely manner, we will use threshold data from base year 1999–2000 rather than a later base year. In completing your eligibility application, therefore, you are to use data from the base year 1999–2000.

Eligible Applicants: To qualify as an eligible institution under the Title III Part A or Title V Programs, an accredited institution must, among other requirements, have a high enrollment of needy students, and its E&G expenditures per full-time equivalent (FTE) undergraduate student must be low in comparison with the average E&G expenditures per FTE undergraduate student of institutions that offer similar instruction. The complete eligibility requirements for the HSI Program are found in 34 CFR 606.2-606.5. The complete eligibility requirements for the Title III Part A Programs are found in 34 CFR 607.2-607.5. The regulations may also be accessed by visiting the following Department of Education Web site: http://www.ed.gov/legislation/ FedRegister/finrule/1999-4/ 121599a.html.

Enrollment of Needy Students: Under 34 CFR 606.3(a) and 607.3(a), an institution is considered to have a high enrollment of needy students if-(1) at least 50 percent of its degree students received financial assistance under one or more of the following programs: Federal Pell Grant, FSEOG, FWS, and Federal Perkins Loan Programs; or (2) the percentage of its undergraduate degree students who were enrolled on at least a half-time basis and received Federal Pell Grants exceeded the median percentage of undergraduate degree students who were enrolled on at least a half-time basis and received Federal Pell Grants at comparable institutions that offered similar instruction.

To qualify under this latter criterion, an institution's Federal Pell Grant percentage for base year 1999–2000 must be more than the median for its category of comparable institutions provided in the table in this notice.

Educational and Expenditures per Full-Time Equivalent Student: An institution should compare its 1999–2000 E&G expenditures per FTE student to the average E&G expenditure per FTE student for its category of comparable institutions contained in the table in this notice. If the institution's E&G expenditures for the 1999–2000 base year are less than the average for its category of comparable institutions, it meets this eligibility requirement.

An institution's E&G expenditures are the total amount it expended during the base year for instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, operation and maintenance, scholarships and fellowships, and mandatory transfers.