

the same, the reflectors and bulbs on non-domestic vehicles, except those intended for sale in Canada, are not. Harley-Davidson also agreed that all rear reflectors on non-domestic vehicles, except those intended for sale in Canada, will have to be replaced with red reflectors that are certified to meet the standard. Harley-Davidson further remarked that the license plate/rear reflector component mounting unit for non-domestic models, except those intended for sale in Canada, do not meet the illumination requirements of the standard. With respect to daytime running lights, Harley-Davidson stated that it does not market vehicles anywhere that are capable of meeting requirements for that equipment, but that the headlamps and tail lamps on its vehicles do burn when the ignition is on. Harley-Davidson stated that all of its domestic and Canadian-market vehicle have amber positioning lamps incorporating the lower filament of the two-filament front directional signal bulbs.

In its response to these comments, MMI noted that it had already stated in the petition that the a U.S.-model headlamp assembly, which includes a lens, bulb, and reflector, will have to be installed on non-U.S. certified versions of the vehicle to comply with Standard No. 108. MMI further asserted that insofar as the stop/tail lamp, directional signals, and lenses are concerned, replacement of these units with U.S.-model parts will meet the requirements of the standard. MMI further contended that replacement of the non-domestic license plate/rear reflector with U.S.-model components will meet the illumination requirements of the standard.

In consideration of the foregoing, NHTSA has decided to grant the petition.

#### **Vehicle Eligibility Number for Subject Vehicles**

The importer of a vehicle admissible under any final decision must indicate on the form HS-7 accompanying entry the appropriate vehicle eligibility number indicating that the vehicle is eligible for entry. VSP-394 is the vehicle eligibility number assigned to vehicles admissible under this notice of final decision.

#### **Final Decision**

Accordingly, on the basis of the foregoing, NHTSA hereby decides that 2003 Harley Davidson VRSCA motorcycles that were not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are substantially similar to

2003 Harley Davidson VRSCA motorcycles originally manufactured for sale in the United States and certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and are capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: October 28, 2002.

**Marilynne Jacobs,**

*Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance.*

[FR Doc. 02-27724 Filed 10-30-02; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-59-P**

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### **National Highway Traffic Safety Administration**

**[Docket No. NHTSA-2002-13018; Notice 2]**

#### **Decision That Nonconforming 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL Motorcycles Are Eligible for Importation**

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of decision by NHTSA that nonconforming 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles are eligible for importation.

**SUMMARY:** This document announces the decision by NHTSA that 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles that were not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are eligible for importation into the United States because they are substantially similar to vehicles that were originally manufactured for sale in the United States and that were certified by their manufacturer as complying with the safety standards (the U.S. certified versions of the 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles), and they are capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

**DATES:** This decision is effective as of the date of its publication in the **Federal Register**.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Luke Loy, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202-366-5308).

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

##### **Background**

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is

substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the **Federal Register** of each petition that it receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then publishes this decision in the **Federal Register**.

Milwaukee Motorcycle Imports, Inc. of Milwaukee, Wisconsin ("MMI") (Registered Importer 99-192) petitioned NHTSA to decide whether non-U.S. certified 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles are eligible for importation into the United States. NHTSA published notice of the petition on August 26, 2002 (67 FR 54840) to afford an opportunity for public comment. The reader is referred to that document for a thorough description of the petition.

One comment was received in response to the notice of petition, from Harley-Davidson Motor Company, the manufacturer of the vehicles in question. In this comment, Harley-Davidson stated that it agreed with the petitioner's claims that non-U.S. certified 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles are identical to their U.S. certified counterparts with respect to compliance with Standard Nos. 106 *Brake Hoses*, 111 *Rearview Mirrors*, 116 *Brake Fluid*, 119 *New Pneumatic Tires for Vehicles other than Passenger Cars*, 122 *Motorcycle Brake Systems*, and 205 *Glazing Materials*. Harley-Davidson also expressed agreement with the petitioner's statement that vehicle identification number plates that meet the requirements of 49 CFR part 565 are already affixed to non-U.S. certified 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles and that each vehicle's 17-digit VIN is stamped onto its headstock at the time of manufacture.

Harley-Davidson also agreed with the petitioner's description of modifications that would have to be performed on the vehicles to bring them into compliance with Standard Nos. 120 *Tire Selection*

and Rims for Vehicles other than Passenger Cars, and 123 Motorcycle Controls and Displays. With respect to the latter standard, Harley-Davidson noted that the installation of a new odometer on the vehicles would trigger the odometer disclosure requirements of 49 CFR part 580. After it was accorded an opportunity to address this comment, MMI informed the agency that after the new odometer is installed, an odometer disclosure label is permanently affixed to the frame of the motorcycle. MMI further observed that the person selling the vehicle would be responsible for completing the odometer disclosure statement required by the regulations in 49 CFR part 580.

Harley-Davidson directed the bulk of its comments to the petitioner's description of modifications that would be performed to conform the vehicles to Standard No. 108 *Lamps, Reflective Devices and Associated Equipment*. The petition stated that these modifications would include: (a) Installation of U.S. model headlamp assemblies which incorporate headlamps that are certified to meet the standard; (b) replacement of all stop lamp and directional signal bulbs with bulbs that are certified to meet the standard; and (c) replacement of all lenses with lenses that are certified to meet the standard.

In its comment, Harley-Davidson stated that headlamps on vehicles manufactured for sale outside the United States may not incorporate bulbs meeting Standard No. 108. Harley-Davidson also stated that non-U.S. certified stop and directional signals contain lenses, reflectors, and bulbs that do not meet the standard, and would have to be replaced. Harley-Davidson further observed that motorcycles manufactured for sale outside the United States may incorporate amber rear side reflectors that do not meet the requirements of the standard, and be equipped with license plate brackets that do not meet the illumination requirements of the standard. In its response to these comments, MMI stated that U.S.-model headlamp assemblies, stop/tail lamp assemblies, directional signals, lenses, license plate lamps, and rear amber reflectors would be installed on the vehicles to replace any non-conforming components originally installed.

In consideration of the foregoing, NHTSA has decided to grant the petition.

#### **Vehicle Eligibility Number for Subject Vehicles**

The importer of a vehicle admissible under any final decision must indicate on the form HS-7 accompanying entry

the appropriate vehicle eligibility number indicating that the vehicle is eligible for entry. VSP-393 is the vehicle eligibility number assigned to vehicles admissible under this notice of final decision.

#### **Final Decision**

Accordingly, on the basis of the foregoing, NHTSA hereby decides that 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles that were not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are substantially similar to 2003 Harley Davidson FX, FL, and XL motorcycles originally manufactured for sale in the United States and certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and are capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: October 28, 2002.

**Marilynne Jacobs,**

*Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance.*  
[FR Doc. 02-27725 Filed 10-30-02; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-59-P**

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**

### **Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request**

October 25, 2002.

The Department of Treasury has submitted the following public information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling the Treasury Bureau Clearance Officer listed. Comments regarding this information collection should be addressed to the OMB reviewer listed and to the Treasury Department Clearance Officer, Department of the Treasury, Room 11100, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20220.

**Dates:** Written comments should be received on or before December 2, 2002 to be assured of consideration.

#### **Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF)**

**OMB Number:** New.

**Form Number:** None.

**Type of Review:** New collection.

**Title:** Evaluation of Training, Arson for Prosecutors Training Program (Follow-up Survey).

**Description:** The information collected on the survey will enable ATF

to determine the effectiveness of the training program. The Kirkpatrick 4-level model is used to evaluate ATF training programs. The survey is designed to measure at Level 3. This level determines whether the training program has changed the behavior of the participants. Specifically, is what they have learned being applied on the job. This is also called transfer of learning.

**Respondents:** State, Local, or Tribal Government.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 125.

**Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent:** 15 minutes.

**Estimated Total Reporting Burden:** 63 hours.

**OMB Number:** New.

**Form Number:** ATF F 5013.2.

**Type of Review:** New.

**Title:** COLAs Online Access Request.

**Description:** The information on this form will be used by ATF to authenticate end users in the system to electronically file Certificates of Label Approval (COLAs). The system will authenticate end users by comparing information submitted to records in multiple databases.

**Respondents:** Business or other for-profit.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 1,000.

**Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent:** 18 minutes.

**Frequency of Response:** Other (One-time).

**Estimated Total Reporting Burden:** 300 hours.

**OMB Number:** 1512-0199.

**Form Number:** ATF F 5110.30.

**Type of Review:** Extension.

**Title:** Drawback on Distilled Spirits Exported.

**Description:** ATF F 5110.30 is used by persons who export distilled spirits and wish to claim a drawback of taxes already paid in the United States (US). The form describes the claimant, spirits for tax purposes, amount of tax to be refunded, and a certification by the U.S. Government agent attesting to exportation.

**Respondents:** Business or other for-profit.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 100.

**Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent:** 2 hours.

**Frequency of Response:** On occasion.

**Estimated Total Reporting Burden:** 10,000 hours.

**OMB Number:** 1512-0214.

**Form Number:** ATF F 5110.74.

**Type of Review:** Extension.

**Title:** Application and Permit Under 26 U.S.C. 5181—Alcohol Fuel Producer.