

electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

(1) *Type of Information Collection:* Revision of a currently approved collection.

(2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Explosives Delivery Record.

(3) *Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection:* Form Number: ATF F 5400.8. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives.

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Individuals or households. Other: Business or other for-profit. The ATF F 5400.8, Explosives Delivery Record, will provide a record of to whom the explosive materials were given, as well as a positive identification verification, for purposes of delivery to a Federal explosive licensee or permittee.

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* It is estimated that 25,000 respondents will complete an 18 minute form.

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* There are an estimated 7,500 annual total burden hours associated with this collection.

If additional information is required contact: Robert B Briggs, Department Clearance Officer, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Patrick Henry Building, Suite 1600, 601 D Street, NW., Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: May 8, 2003.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 03-11672 Filed 5-9-03; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

April 30, 2003.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in

accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of this ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor. To obtain documentation, contact Darrin King on (202) 693-4129 (this is non a toll-free number) or e-mail: king.darrin@dol.gov.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Office for the Mine Safety and Health Administration, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 (202) 395-7316), within 30 days from the date of this publication in the **Federal Register**.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Agency: Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA).

Title: Emergency Evacuations and Mine Emergency Evaluation and Fire-fighting Program of Instruction.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

OMB Number: 1219-0137.

Frequency: On occasion and Annually.

Type of Response: Recordkeeping and Reporting.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 664.

Annual Responses: 55,908.

Annual Burden Hours: 5,010.

Average Annual Response Time per Establishment: 7.5 hours.

Total Annualized capital/startup costs: \$0.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$320.00.

Description: MSHA's Emergency Temporary Standard; Final Rule 67 FR

239, Thursday, December 12, 2002) revises requirements for Emergency Evacuations of underground coal mines (30 CFR parts 48 and 75) by setting forth requirements that allow for miners and mine operators to rapidly and safely respond to emergency situations created by fire, explosion, or gas or water inundation hazards, and initiate an immediate mine evacuation when necessary to protect miners from the grave dangers of remaining underground or re-entering affected areas when hazards and conditions arise that endanger safety.

On December 11, 2002, OMB approved the information collection requirements contained in the Emergency Temporary Standard for the maximum period allowed under 5 CFR 1320.13 ("Emergency Processing"). Since the training, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements contained in the Emergency Temporary Standard are critical to safety of miners, MSHA is seeking to extend OMB approval for these information collection requirements under standard clearance procedures.

Ira L. Mills,

Departmental Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 03-11674 Filed 5-9-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-43-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Bureau of International Labor Affairs

Notice of Final Determination Regarding Forced/Indentured Child Labor Pursuant to Executive Order 13126

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Labor.

ACTION: Notice of final determination regarding forced child labor in the firecracker industry in China.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the final determination regarding a May 2001 submission, pursuant to Executive Order 13126 ("Prohibition of Acquisition of Products Produced by Forced or Indentured Child Labor") and alleging forced child labor in the firecracker industry in China. The Department of Labor, in consultation and cooperation with the Departments of Treasury and State, has determined that firecrackers from China should not be added to final list of products prohibited from acquisition under Executive Order 13126, based on the lack of recent, credible and appropriately corroborated information indicating that this product is being manufactured with forced or indentured child labor. The review of this country/

product was conducted pursuant to Executive Order 13126 and the Department's "Procedural Guidelines for Maintenance of the List of Products Requiring Federal Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor."

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Executive Order No. 13126, which was published in the **Federal Register** on June 16, 1999 (64 FR 32383), declared that it was "the policy of the United States Government * * * that the executive agencies shall take appropriate actions to enforce the laws prohibiting the manufacture or importation of goods, wares articles, and merchandise mined, produced or manufactured wholly or in part by forced or indentured child labor". Pursuant to the Executive Order, and following public notice and comment, the Department of Labor published in the January 18, 2001 **Federal Register**, a final list of products, identified by their country of origin, that the Department, in consultation and cooperation with the Departments of State and Treasury, has a reasonable basis to believe might have been mined, produced or manufactured with forced or indentured child labor. In addition to this list, the Department of Labor also published on January 18, 2001, a notice of procedural guidelines for maintaining, reviewing, and, as appropriate, revising the list of products required by Executive Order 13126. (66 FR 5351). The list of products can be accessed on the Internet at <http://www.dol.gov/ilab> or can be obtained from: International Child Labor Program (ICLP), Bureau of International Labor Affairs, Room S-5307, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210; telephone: (202) 693-4843; fax (202) 693-4830. A copy of the Procedural Guidelines is also available from this office.

Pursuant to Section 3 of the Executive Order, the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Councils published a final rule in the **Federal Register** on January 18, 2001, providing that federal contractors who supply products that appear on the list issued by the Department of Labor must certify to the contracting officer that the contractor, or, in the case of an incorporated contractor, a responsible official of the contractor, has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce or manufacture any product furnished under the contract and that, on the basis of those efforts,

the contractor is unaware of any such use of child labor. (48 CFR subpart 22.15). The regulation also imposes other requirements with respect to contracts for products on the list of products.

II. China/Firecrackers Executive Order Submission

On June 29, 2001, the Department of Labor accepted for review a submission under Executive Order 13126 regarding the use of forced child labor in the firecracker industry in China. The submission, which was provided by State Department Watch, consisted of a newspaper article with information describing a March 2001 incident in which children in Jiangxi Province, China were allegedly killed while being forced to manufacture firecrackers at their school.

In accordance with the "Procedural Guidelines for Maintenance of the List," the Department initiated a review into the manufacturing of this product using forced or indentured child labor in China. In conducting the review, the Department focused on available information concerning the use of forced or indentured child labor from a variety of sources, including the Departments of State and Treasury, nongovernmental organizations, and international organizations. In addition, as part of its review effort, the Department released a **Federal Register** notice on August 21, 2002, requesting information from the public on the use of forced child labor in the manufacturing of firecrackers in China. The Department of Labor received no responses to the August 2002 notice. Through this review process, insufficient recent and credible evidence was acquired to corroborate the news article and to establish a reasonable basis to believe that this product is being manufactured with forced or indentured child labor in China.

III. Final Determination

In general, the Department of Labor considers and weighs several factors in making determinations under the Executive Order: the nature of the information describing the use of forced or indentured child labor; the source of the information; the date of the information; the extent of corroboration of the information by appropriate resources; and whether the information involved more than an isolated incident. In addition, the Department of Labor also takes into consideration whether recent, credible efforts are being made to address forced or indentured child labor in a particular country or industry.

Based on the lack of recent, credible and appropriately corroborated information found through the review process to establish a reasonable basis to believe that this product is manufactured with forced or indentured child labor, and as the submitted news article is insufficient by itself to establish such a basis, the Department of Labor, after consulting with the Departments of Treasury and State, has determined that firecrackers from China should not be added to the Executive Order 13126 list of products.

Signed at Washington, DC this 30th day of April 2003.

Martha E. Newton,

Acting Deputy Under Secretary for International Labor Affairs.

[FR Doc. 03-11677 Filed 5-9-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-28-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice of proposed data collection.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a preclearance consultation process to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This process helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burdens are minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the Employment and Training Administration (ETA) is requesting an extension of the Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker (MSFW) Youth Program Planning, Reporting and Performance System forms and related instructions. OMB approved the forms on November 13, 2001 (OMB Control No. 1205-0429, expiring 7/31/2003). A copy of the proposed Information Collection Request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the addressee section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addressee section below on or before July 11, 2003.