## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# Proposed Collection; Comment Request

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Filings and Information Services, 450 5th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549.

Extension:

Rule 13f–1 [17 CFR 240.13f–1], SEC File No. 270–22, OMB Control No. 3235– 0006.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") is soliciting comments on the collection of information summarized below. The Commission plans to submit this collection of information to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") for extension and approval.

Section 13(f) 1 of the Securities

Section 13(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 2 (the "Exchange Act") empowers the Commission to: (1) Adopt rules that create a reporting and disclosure system to collect specific information; and (2) disseminate such information to the public. Rule 13f–1 3 under the Exchange Act requires institutional investment managers that exercise investment discretion over accounts—having in the aggregate a fair market value of at least \$100,000,000 of exchange-traded or NASDAQ-quoted equity securities—to file quarterly reports with the Commission on Form 13F.

The information collection requirements apply to institutional investment managers that meet the \$100 million reporting threshold. Section 13(f)(5) of the Exchange Act defines an "institutional investment manager" as any person, other than a natural person, investing in or buying and selling securities for its own account, and any person exercising investment discretion with respect to the account of any other person. Rule 13f–1(b) under the Exchange Act defines "investment discretion" for purposes of Form 13F reporting.

The reporting system required by Section 13(f) of the Exchange Act is intended, among other things, to create in the Commission a central repository of historical and current data about the investment activities of institutional investment managers, and to improve the body of factual data available to regulators and the public.

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The Commission staff estimates that 2,472 respondents make approximately 9,888 responses under the rule each year. The staff estimates that on average, Form 13F filers spend 98.8 hours/year to prepare and submit the report. In addition, the staff estimates that 294 respondents file approximately 1,176 amendments each year. The staff estimates that on average, Form 13F filers spend 4 hours/year to prepare and submit amendments to Form 13F. The total annual burden of the rule's requirements for all respondents therefore is estimated to be 245,409.6 hours  $((2,472 \text{ filers} \times 98.8 \text{ hours}) + (294)$ filers  $\times$  4 hours)).

The estimate of average burden hours is made solely for the purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act. The estimate is not derived from a comprehensive or even a representative survey or study of the costs of Commission rules. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

Written comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information has practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's estimate of the burdens of the collections of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burdens of the collections of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Consideration will be given to comments and suggestions submitted in writing within 60 days of this publication.

Please direct your written comments to Kenneth A. Fogash, Acting Associate Executive Director/CIO, Office of Information Technology, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 5th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549.

Dated: July 16, 2003.

#### Jill M. Peterson,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03–18899 Filed 7–23–03; 8:45 am]

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# Proposed Collection; Comment Request

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Filings and Information Services, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549–0004. Extension:

Rule 27e–1 and Form N–27E–1, SEC File No. 270–486, OMB Control No. 3235– 0545.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") is soliciting comments on the collection of information under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act") summarized below. The Commission plans to submit these collections of information to the Office of Management and Budget for approval.

Rule 27e-1 [17 CFR 270.27e-1] is entitled "Requirements for Notice to be Mailed to Certain Purchasers of Periodic Payment Plan Certificates Sold Subject to Section 27(d) of the Act." Form N-27E-1 is entitled "Notice to Periodic Payment Plan Certificate Holders of 18 Month Surrender Rights with Respect to Periodic Payment Plan Certificates.' Form N-27E-1, which is prescribed by rule 27e-1 in order to implement the statutory mandate in section 27(e) of the Act, serves to notify holders of periodic payment plan certificates who have missed certain payments of their surrender rights with respect to the certificates. The Form N-27E-1 notice, which is sent directly to holders of periodic payment plan certificates, serves to alert purchasers of periodic payment plans of their rights in connection with their plan certificates.

Commission staff estimates that there are fewer than five issuers of periodic payment plan certificates affected by rule 27e-1. The frequency with which each of these issuers or their representatives must file the Form N-27E–1 notice varies with the number of periodic payment plans sold and the number of certificate holders who miss payments. The staff spoke with representatives of a number of firms in the industry that currently have periodic payment plan accounts. Based upon these conversations, the staff estimates that 3 respondents send out approximately 2,965 notices a year through completely automated processes. These estimates are based on an informal survey of representatives of several entities and are not derived from a comprehensive or necessarily even representative study of the cost of the Commission's rules and forms.

Complying with the collection of information requirements of rule 27e–1 is mandatory for issuers of periodic payment plans or their depositors or underwriters in the event holders of plan certificates miss certain payments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78m(f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.

<sup>3 17</sup> CFR 240.13f-1.

within eighteen months after issuance. The information provided pursuant to rule 27e–1 will be provided to third parties and, therefore, will not be kept confidential. The Commission is seeking OMB approval, because an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

Written comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information has practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Consideration will be given to comments and suggestions submitted in writing within 60 days of this publication.

Please direct your written comments to Kenneth A. Fogash, Acting Associate Executive Director/CIO, Office of Information Technology, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 5th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549.

Dated: July 16, 2003.

#### Jill M. Peterson,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03–18900 Filed 7–23–03; 8:45 am]

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# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 35-27697]

#### Filings Under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, as Amended ("Act")

July 18, 2003.

Notice is hereby given that the following filing(s) has/have been made with the Commission pursuant to provisions of the Act and rules promulgated under the Act. All interested persons are referred to the application(s) and/or declaration(s) for complete statements of the proposed transaction(s) summarized below. The application(s) and/or declaration(s) and any amendment(s) is/are available for public inspection through the Commission's Branch of Public Reference.

Interested persons wishing to comment or request a hearing on the application(s) and/or declaration(s)

should submit their views in writing by August 8, 2003, to the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, DC 20549-0609, and serve a copy on the relevant applicant(s) and/ or declarant(s) at the address(es) specified below. Proof of service (by affidavit or, in the case of an attorney at law, by certificate) should be filed with the request. Any request for hearing should identify specifically the issues of facts or law that are disputed. A person who so requests will be notified of any hearing, if ordered, and will receive a copy of any notice or order issued in the matter. After August 8, 2003, the application(s) and/or declaration(s), as filed or as amended, may be granted and/or permitted to become effective.

### E.ON AG, et al. (70-9985)

E.ON AG ("E.ON"), E.ON-Platz 1, 40479 Dusseldorf, Germany, a registered holding company under the Act; Fidelia Corporation ("Fidelia"), 300 Delaware Avenue, Suite 544, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, an indirect, financing subsidiary of E.ON; Louisville Gas and Electric Company ("LG&E"), 220 West Main Street, Louisville, Kentucky 40402, a public utility company under the Act and an indirect subsidiary of E.ON; and Kentucky Utilities Company ("KU"), One Quality Street, Lexington, Kentucky 40507, a public utility company under the Act and an indirect subsidiary of E.ON, (collectively, "Applicants"), have filed an application-declaration as a posteffective amendment ("Application") to a previously filed applicationdeclaration under sections 6(a), 7, 9, 12(b), 12(d), 32 and 33 of the Act and rules 53 and 54 under the Act.

Applicants request authority through May 31, 2005 ("Authorization Period"), for Fidelia to provide intercompany loans to LG&E and KU and for LG&E and KU to grant security for these loans.

By order dated June 14, 2002 (Holding Company Act Release No. 27539) <sup>1</sup> ("June Order"), the Commission authorized the acquisition of Powergen plc by E.ON and authorized terms of the financing of the E.ON holding company system as well as certain related transactions. E.ON owns LG&E Energy Corp. ("LG&E Energy"), a public utility holding company exempt by order under section 3(a)(1) of the Act, which in turn owns LG&E and KU. E.ON's interest in LG&E Energy is held indirectly through several intermediate

holding companies. E.ON U.S. Investments Corp., the direct parent of LG&E Energy, also owns E.ON North America Inc. ("E.ON NA"), which in turn currently owns 74.6% of Fidelia. The remaining 25.4% of Fidelia is owned by E.ON U.S. Holding GmbH, a direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of E.ON.

In the June Order, the Commission authorized, among other things, E.ON and its subsidiaries to engage in certain financing transactions. Specifically, E.ON and E.ON NA, through Fidelia or another special purpose financing subsidiary of E.ON NA, were authorized to finance all or a portion of the capital needs of LG&E Energy and its subsidiaries, directly or through other companies in the E.ON holding company system ("E.ON Group"). The financing authority in the June Order provided that borrowings would be unsecured and would only occur if the interest rate on the loan would result in an equal or lower cost of borrowing than the LG&E Energy Group company could obtain in a loan from E.ON or in the capital markets on its own.

E.ON is currently funding, and proposes to continue to fund, the cash requirements of LG&E and KU through intercompany loans. E.ON states that its financing strategy is to raise capital at the top holding company, E.ON, and to provide those funds to subsidiary companies through intercompany loans and/or as equity contributions. E.ON states that it is able to provide funds to LG&E and KU at a cost that is at or below the external borrowing costs of LG&E and KU.

LG&E and KU, however, have provisions in their respective articles of incorporation that restrict the amount of unsecured debt that can be outstanding. When LG&E and KU approach this limit on unsecured debt, any additional debt incurred by them would have to be secured. Therefore, under the financing authority granted in the June Order, LG&E and KU will not be able to take advantage of the economic efficiencies of the intercompany loans when they have reached their unsecured debt limits. E.ON states that it is in the best interest of LG&E and KU, as well as that of the E.ON group, that the financing needs of LG&E and KU be provided through intercompany loans. Therefore, the Applicants request authority for Fidelia to provide intercompany loans to LG&E and KU on a secured basis.

The Applicants request authorization for Fidelia to provide intercompany loans to LG&E and KU upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The June Order granted authority requested in S.E.C. Filing 70–9961 ("Acquisition Filing") and 70–9985 ("Original Financing Filing"). The Original Financing Filing was amended by order dated February 21, 2003 (Holding Company Act Release No. 27654).