The average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Required parts will cost approximately \$9,696 per helicopter. Based on these figures, we estimate the total cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators to be \$496,800.

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

■ Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing Amendment 39–12439 (66 FR 47878, September 14, 2001), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD), Amendment 39–13329 to read as follows:

2003-20-11 Eurocopter Deutschland

GmbH: Amendment 39–13329, Docket No. 2003–SW–08–AD. Supersedes AD 2001–18–13, Amendment 39–12439, Docket No. 2001-SW–19-AD.

Applicability: Model EC135 P1, P2, T1, and T2 helicopters, with main rotor drive torque strut assembly (strut), part number (P/N) L633M1001 103 or L633M1001 105, installed, certificated in any category.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the strut and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter, accomplish the following:

- (a) Before further flight, insert a copy of this AD or a statement into the Emergency Procedures Section of the Rotorcraft Flight Manual (RFM) to inform the pilot to reduce power and land as soon as practicable if a thump-like sound followed by unusual vibration occurs during flight.
- (b) Within 10 hours time-in-service (TIS), visually inspect each strut with 950 or more hours TIS for a crack or a break using a flashlight and a mirror in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, paragraph 3.B.(1) and 3.B.(2), of Eurocopter Alert Service Bulletin EC135–63A–002, Revision 2, dated June 26, 2002 (ASB). Replace any cracked or broken strut with an airworthy strut before further flight.
- (c) Inspect the following struts for a crack or a break, using a 6-power or higher magnifying glass, and re-mark and relocate each strut in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, paragraph 3.C., of the ASB. This AD does not require you to return any part to the manufacturer.
- (1) For a strut with less than 950 hours TIS, inspect before accumulating 1000 hours TIS.
- (2) For a strut with 950 or more hours TIS, inspect within 50 hours TIS.
- (3) Replace any cracked or broken strut with an airworthy strut before further flight.
- (d) This AD revises the Airworthiness Limitations section of the maintenance manual by establishing a life limit of 1000 hours TIS for each strut, P/N L633M1001 103 and L633M1001 105, in its original location, with an additional 1000 hours TIS if properly re-marked and relocated (2000 hours total TIS) in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, paragraph 3.C.(3) of the ASB.
- (e) Record details of the inspections in the historical or equivalent records in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, paragraph 3.C.(4) of the ASB.
- (f) When a strut, P/N L633M1001 103 or L633M1001 105, reaches its life limit, replace it with a titanium strut,
- P/N L633M1001 104, which must be used in pairs, one strut on each side of the transmission. The titanium struts have no life limit. After installing a strut, P/N L633M1001 104, adjust the weight and balance by using the weight and moment stated in the Planning Information, paragraph 1.H., of the ASB.
- (g) On or before December 31, 2004, replace each strut, P/N L633M1001 103 or L633M1001 105, with a strut, P/N L633M1001 104.
- (h) Replacing struts, P/N L633M1001 103 and L633M1001 105, with titanium struts, P/N L633M1001 104, constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.
- (i) To request a different method of compliance or a different compliance time for this AD, follow the procedures in 14 CFR 39.19. Contact the Safety Management Group for information about previously approved alternative methods of compliance.
- (j) The inspections and replacement of the struts shall be done in accordance with Eurocopter Deutschland (GmbH) Alert

Service Bulletin EC135–63A–002, Revision 2, dated June 26, 2002. The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from American Eurocopter Corporation, 2701 Forum Drive, Grand Prairie, Texas 75053–4005, telephone (972) 641–3460, fax (972) 641–3527. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

Note: The subject of this AD is addressed in Luftfahrt-Bundesamt (Federal Republic of Germany) AD 2001–107/2, dated September 19, 2002.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on September 29, 2003.

David A. Downey,

Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, , Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 03–25592 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4910–13–P**

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2003-15718; Airspace Docket No. 03-ACE-60]

Modification of Class E Airspace; Wayne, NE

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; confirmation of effective date.

SUMMARY: This document confirms the effective date of the direct final rule which revises Class E airspace at Wayne, NE.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, December 25, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brenda Mumper, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, ACE–520A DOT Regional Headquarters Building, Federal Aviation Administration, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106; telephone: (816) 329–2524.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA published this direct final rule with a request for comments in the Federal Register on August 18, 2003 (68 FR 49349). The FAA uses the direct final rulemaking procedure for a noncontroversial rule where the FAA believes that there will be no adverse public comment. This direct final rule advised the public that no adverse comments were anticipated, and that unless a written adverse comment, or a

written notice of intent to submit such an adverse comment, were received within the comment period, the regulation would become effective on December 25, 2003. No adverse comments were received, and thus this notice confirms that this direct final rule will become effective on that date.

Issued in Kansas City, MO, on September 25, 2003.

Paul J. Sheridan,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Central Region.

[FR Doc. 03–25748 Filed 10–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

17 CFR Part 30

Foreign Futures and Options Transactions

AGENCY: Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

ACTION: Order.

SUMMARY: By this Order, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("Commission") is consolidating and updating the relief set forth in prior orders issued pursuant to Commission Rule 30.10 regarding the offer and sale of foreign futures and options contracts to customers located in the U.S. by firms located in the U.K. to reflect the substitution of the Financial Services Authority for various U.K. regulatory and self-regulatory organizations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 10, 2003. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lawrence B. Patent, Esq., Deputy Director, or Andrew V. Chapin, Esq., Special Counsel, Compliance and Registration Section, Division of Clearing and Intermediary Oversight, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC, 20581. Telephone: (202) 418–5430. E-mail: Ipatent@cftc.gov or achapin@cftc.gov, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission has issued the following Order:

Order Substituting the Financial Services Authority as the Sole Regulatory Authority in the United Kingdom in Prior Commission Orders and Amending Certain Terms and Conditions

Existing Rule 30.10 Relief

In 1989, the Commission issued a series of orders pursuant to Rule 30.10 authorizing certain firms located in the

U.K. to conduct brokerage activities for U.S. customers on certain non-U.S. exchanges without having to register with the Commission as a futures commission merchant or otherwise comply with certain other requirements set forth in Parts 1 and 30 of the Commission's rules. The Orders were issued to the Securities Investment Board ("SIB"), the Investment Management Regulatory Organisation ("IMRO"), the Association of Futures Brokers and Dealers ("AFBD"), and The Securities Association ("TSA").2 The U.K. Rule 30.10 Orders applied to brokerage activities on or subject to the rules of Recognized Investment Exchanges ("RIES") in the U.K. or any non-U.S. exchange designated by the SIB as an investment exchange (referred to as Designated Investment Exchanges or "DIEs" undertaken by firms authorized to conduct investment business in the U.K. from a location in the U.K.

Since 1989, the Commission has amended and supplemented the U.K. 30.10 Orders to reflect changes in the U.K. regulatory structure, clarify the terms and conditions set forth therein, and provide related relief. First, effective April 1, 1991, the TSA and AFBD merged to form the SFA. Accordingly, the Commission issued an order acknowledging the substitution of SFA as a party to several ongoing information sharing and financial intermediary recognition arrangements entered into with the AFBD, TSA and SIB pursuant to Part 30 of the Commissions' rules.3 In particular, the Commission acknowledged that all confirmations of Rule 30.10 relief previously extended to AFBD and TSA firms remained effective with respect to such firms in their capacity as members of SFA.4

Second, in 1992, the Commission issued an order commonly referred to as the Limited Marketing Order. 5 The Limited Marketing Order permits firms that have received confirmation of Rule 30.10 relief, without prior notice to the Commission, to engage in limited marketing conduct with respect to foreign futures or option contracts within the U.S. through their employees or other representatives, subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein. As part of the Limited Marketing Order, the Commission confirmed that the relief set forth therein applied to those firms having received confirmation of relief under the Rule 30.10 orders issued to the SIB. SFA and IMRO.

Third, in 1997, the Commission clarified the procedures set forth in prior Rule 30.10 Orders applicable to the treatment of customer funds for transactions occurring on or subject to the rules of a board of trade located outside the jurisdiction of the recipient of the Rule 30.10 Order. In doing so, the Commission interpreted prior Rule 30.10 Orders to require firms having received confirmation of Rule 30.10 relief to comply with requirements consistent with the secured amount requirement applicable to futures commission merchants as set forth in Rule 30.7.6 Specifically, the Commission interpreted Rule 30.7 to require each FCM and Rule 30.10 firm to: (a) obtain and retain in its files an acknowledgment from the depository maintaining customer funds or property that the depositor was informed that such money or property was held on behalf of foreign futures and foreign options customer funds in accordance with Rule 30.7; and (b) take appropriate action (i.e., set aside funds in a "mirror" account) in the event that it became aware that foreign futures and foreign options customer funds were not being held in the appropriate manner. With respect to the U.K., the Commission clarified the procedures with which SFA and IMRO members should comply

¹ Commission rules referred to herein are found at 17 CFR Ch. I (2003). Rule 30.10 permits a person affected by the requirements contained in Part 30 of the Commission's rules to petition the Commission for an exemption from such requirements. Appendix A to the Part 30 rules provides an interpretative statement that clarifies that a foreign regulator or self-regulatory organization ("SRO") can petition the Commission under Rule 30.10 for an order to permit regulatees or members to conduct business from locations outside the U.S. for U.S. persons on non-U.S. exchanges without registering as a futures commission merchant under the Commodity Exchange Act ("Act"), based upon the person's substituted compliance with a foreign regulatory structure found comparable to that administered by the Commission under the Act.

² 54 FR 21599 (May 9, 1989) (SIB); 54 FR 21604 (May 19, 1989) (AFBD); 54 FR 21609 (May 19, 1989) (TSA); 54 FR 21614 (May 19, 1989) (IMRO) (along with the SFA Order, collectively, the "U.K. Rule 30.10 Orders").

³ 56 FR 14017 (April 5, 1991).

⁴ Id. at 14018.

⁵ 57 FR 49644 (November 3, 1992). In 1994, the Commission expanded the category of persons to whom qualified firms may direct limited marketing conduct. 59 FR 42156 (August 17, 1994).

⁶Rule 30.7 requires FCMs who accept money, securities or property from foreign futures and foreign options customers to maintain in a separate account or accounts, such money, securities or property in an amount at least sufficient to cover or satisfy all of its current obligations to those customers. The separate account or accounts must be maintained under an account name that clearly identifies the funds as belonging to foreign futures and foreign options customers at a depository that meets the requirements of Rule 30.7(c).