Friday, November 21, 2003, from 10 a.m. to approximately 4 p.m., as necessary, in Room 1107 of the United States Department of State, 2201 C Street, NW., Washington, DC. The meeting will be chaired by the Legal Adviser of the Department of State, William H. Taft, IV, and will be open to the public up to the capacity of the meeting room. The meeting will discuss issues relating to the use of force and the law of armed conflict, developments relating to the Alien Tort Statute, the recent session of the International Law Commission, UN reform, the decision of the International Court of Justice in Case Concerning Oil Platforms, and other current legal topics.

Entry to the building is controlled and will be facilitated by advance arrangements. Members of the public desiring access to the session should, by Wednesday, November 19, 2003, notify the Office of the Assistant Legal Adviser for United Nations Affairs (telephone (202) 647-2767) of their name, Social Security number, date of birth, professional affiliation, address and telephone number in order to arrange admittance. This includes admittance for government employees as well as others. All attendees must use the "C" Street entrance. One of the following valid IDs will be required for admittance: Any U.S. driver's license with photo, a passport, or a U.S. Government agency ID. Because an escort is required at all times, attendees should expect to remain in the meeting for the entire morning or afternoon session.

Dated: October 31, 2003.

Judith L. Osborn,

Attorney-Adviser, Office of United Nations Affairs, Office of the Legal Adviser, Executive Secretary, Advisory Committee on International Law, Department of State. [FR Doc. 03–27972 Filed 11–5–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-08-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Notice of Intent To Rule on Request To Release Airport Property at Monroe Regional Airport, Monroe, LA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of request to release airport property.

SUMMARY: The FAA proposes to rule and invites public comment on the release of land at Monroe Regional Airport under the provisions of Section 125 of the Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment

Reform Act for the 21st Century (AIR 21).

DATES: Comments must be received on or before December 8, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Comments on this application may be mailed or delivered to the FAA at the following address: Mr. Lacey D. Spriggs, Manager, Federal Aviation Administration, Southwest Region, Airports Division, LA/NM Airports Development Office, ASW–640, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76193–0640.

In addition, one copy of any comments submitted to the FAA must be mailed or delivered to The Honorable James Mayo, Mayor, City of Monroe, Louisiana at the following address: Mayor James Mayo, City of Monroe, P.O. Box 123, Monroe, Louisiana 71201–0123

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. John M. Dougherty, Program Manager, Federal Aviation Administration, Southwest Region, Airports Division, LA/NM Airports Development Office, ASW–640c, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76193–0640.

The request to release property may be reviewed in person at this same location.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA invites public comment on the request to release property at the Monroe Regional Airport under the provisions of the AIR 21. On October 9, 2003, the FAA determined that the request to release property at Monroe Regional Airport submitted by the City of Monroe, Louisiana, met the procedural requirements of the Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 155. The FAA may approve the request, in whole or in part, no later than January 9, 2004.

The following is a brief overview of the request:

The City of Monroe, Louisiana, requests the release of 5.091 acres of airport property. The release of property will allow for two industrial development projects to proceed. The sale is estimated to provide \$115,900.00 to allow improvements to Monroe Regional Airport's Closed Circuit TV System and Computerized Access Control System in the terminal building.

Any person may inspect the request in person at the FAA office listed above under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

In addition, any person may, upon request, inspect the application, notice and other documents germane to the application in person at the Monroe Regional Airport.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas on October 15, 2003.

Naomi L. Saunders.

Manager, Airports Division.

[FR Doc. 03–27895 Filed 11–5–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Premium War Risk Insurance

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of extension of Aviation Insurance.

SUMMARY: This notice contains the text of a memo from the Secretary of Transportation to the President regarding the extension of the provision of a aviation insurance coverage for U.S. flag commercial air carrier service in domestic and international operations.

DATES: Dates of extension from October 12, 2003–December 10, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Helen Kish, Program Analyst, APO–3, or Eric Nelson, Program Analyst, APO–3, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20591, telephone 202–267–9943 or 202–267–3090. Or online at FAA Insurance Web site: http://insurance.faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 10, 2003, the Secretary of Transportation authorize a 60-day extension of aviation insurance provided by the Federal Aviation Administration as follows:

Memorandum to the President

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the President in paragraph (3) of Presidential Determination No. 01–29 of September 23, 2001, and the direction of Section 1202 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, I hereby extend that determination to allow for the provision of aviation insurance and reinsurance coverage for U.S. Flag commercial air carrier service in domestic and international operations for an additional 60 days.

Pursuant to section 44306(b) of Chapter 443 of 49 U.S.C., Aviation Insurance, the period for provision of insurance shall be extended from October 12, 2003, through December 10, 2003.

/s/ Norman Y. Mineta

Affected Public: Air Carriers who currently have Premium War-Risk Insurance with the Federal Aviation Administration.

Issued in Washington, DC on October 30, 2003.

Nan Shellabarger,

Deputy Director, Office of Aviation Policy and Plans.

[FR Doc. 03-27896 Filed 11-5-03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Associate Administrator for **Commercial Space Transportation;** Notice of Availability and Request for **Comment on a Draft Environmental** Assessment (EA)/Initial Study for the East Kern Airport District (EKAD) Launch Site Operator License for the Mojave Airport, CA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Associate Administrator for Commercial Space Transportation (AST) is the lead Federal agency for NEPA. The U.S. Air Force is a cooperating agency for NEPA. The EKAD is the lead agency for CEQA.

ACTION: Notice of availability and request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with NEPA regulations, the FAA is initiating a public review and comment period for a Draft EA/Initial Study. Under the proposed action, the FAA would issue a launch site operator license for the EKAD to operate a launch facility at the Mojave Airport. The FAA may also use the analysis from this EA to issue a launch license to individual operators for launches from the Mojave Airport. If issued, the launch site operator license would authorize the EKAD to operate a launch facility at the Mojave Airport. This launch site operator license would be for the purpose of operating a facility to launch horizontally launched, suborbital rockets.1 In addition, the EKAD may offer other services for commercial launch companies at the Mojave Airport including static engine firings, launch vehicle manufacturing, and other testing and manufacturing activities. The function of the launch facility would be to provide a location to launch manned suborbital rockets

and other payloads 2 into suborbital trajectories. The issuance of a launch site operator license to EKAD does not permit EKAD to conduct launches, only to offer the facility and infrastructure to launch operators. A launch site operator license remains in effect for five years from the date of issuance unless surrendered, suspended, or revoked before the expiration of the term and is renewable upon application by the licensee (14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 420.43). A license to operate a launch site authorizes a licensee to offer its launch site to a launch operator for each launch point for the type and weight class of launch vehicle identified in the license application and upon which the licensing determination is based. Issuance of a license to operate a launch site does not relieve a licensee of its obligation to comply with any other laws or regulations, nor does it confer any proprietary, property, or exclusive right in the use of airspace or outer space (14 CFR 420.41). The FAA may use the analysis in this document as the basis for an environmental determination of the impacts of these launches to support licensing decisions for the launch of specific launch vehicles from the Mojave Airport.

DATES: The public comment period for the NEPA process begins with the publication of this notice and request for comment in the **Federal Register**. To ensure that all comments can be addressed in the Final EA, comments must be received by the FAA no later than December 12, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Written and oral comments regarding the Draft EA/Initial Study should be submitted to Ms. Michon Washington, FAA Environmental Specialist, Mojave Airport EA, c/o ICF Consulting, 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, VA 22031; e-mail mojave.ea@icfconsulting.com; toll-free phone (800) 767–9956; toll-free fax (800) 380-1009; or through an online comment form available at http:// ast.faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The proposed action is for the FAA to issue a launch site operator license to the EKAD for the Mojave Airport. 14 CFR Chapter III, part 420 contains the requirements for obtaining and possessing a license to operate a launch site. Under the regulations, an applicant is required to provide the FAA with information sufficient to conduct environmental and policy reviews and determinations. The EKAD intends to

operate a launch site at the Mojave Airport for commercial use by providing customers a site from which to launch suborbital missions using horizontally launched vehicles, and therefore must obtain a launch site operator license from the FAA.

The successful completion of the environmental review process does not guarantee that the FAA would issue a launch site operator license to the EKAD for the Mojave Airport or a launch license to an individual launch operator. The project must also meet all FAA safety, risk, and indemnification requirements. A license to operate a launch site does not guarantee that a launch license would be granted for any particular launch proposed for the site. All individual launch license applicants would be subject to separate FAA

licensing

The EKAD has identified two types of launch vehicles, identified in this analysis as Concept A and Concept B, which would be typical of the vehicles that would operate from the Mojave Airport. The proposed action/preferred alternative would include launches of both Concept A and Concept B launch vehicles. The potential users of the launch site would be responsible for obtaining any necessary permits or approvals including a launch license for specific missions from the FAA. This document may be used as the basis for the FAA to make a determination about licensing the launches of some types of launch vehicles from the Mojave Airport. The FAA may also use this document as the basis for an environmental finding that would serve as part of the requirements of the FAA launch licensing process for proposed launch operators at the Mojave Airport. Additional environmental analysis would need to be conducted for any activity that is not addressed in this Draft EA/Initial Study or in previous environmental analyses.

Launch vehicles included in Concept A consist of two components both of which would be piloted, a carrier aircraft and a mated suborbital launch vehicle. The carrier aircraft would carry the launch vehicle to the designated launch release altitude. The launch vehicle would use only suborbital trajectories and, therefore, would not reach Earth orbit. Concept A launch vehicles would launch and land horizontally at the Mojave Airport. They would not require runway lengths in excess of existing infrastructure at the Mojave Airport.

Launch vehicles included in Concept B would be a single piloted component. The rocket motors would be ignited while the launch vehicle is on the

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ The FAA has proposed the following definition for suborbital rocket which is being considered for adoption but has not yet been approved: "a rocket propelled vehicle intended for flight on a suborbital trajectory whose thrust is greater than its lift for the majority of the powered portion of its flight." The following definition has been proposed but not approved for suborbital trajectory: "the intentional flight path of a launch vehicle, reentry vehicle, or any portion thereof whose vacuum instantaneous impact point does not leave the surface of the

² For purposes of this document, the payload is the item that an aircraft or rocket carries over and above what is necessary for the operation of the vehicle in flight.