orders. See Valspar's March 9, 2004 letter, at pages 1–2.

On March 23, 2004, Bergerac NC and its affiliated U.S. importer SNPF North America, LLC (collectively BNC) requested that the Department revoke the order on industrial nitrocellulose from France. BNC asserts that the cessation of production of the domestic like product constitutes "lack of interest" by the domestic industry in the order on industrial nitrocellulose from France.

On April 5, 2004, the Department initiated changed circumstances reviews of the antidumping orders on industrial nitrocellulose from France, Germany, Korea, Japan, the PRC, and the UK (69 FR 17643, April 5, 2004). On April 23, 2004, Wolff filed additional comments supporting its request for revocation of the order on industrial nitrocellulose from Germany.

On May 3, 2004, counsel for petitioners informed the Department that (1) Green Tree had located no buyer for its nitrocellulose production facility, (2) Green Tree did not anticipate finding such a buyer within the foreseeable future, and (3) Green Tree did not anticipate that either Green Tree or a successor-in-interest to Green Tree would resume production of industrial nitrocellulose within a determinable time frame. Accordingly, Green Tree acknowledged that it is no longer in a position to oppose revocation of the antidumping orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Korea, Japan, the PRC, and the UK. See May 3, 2004 Memorandum from Michael J. Heaney to the File.

On June 17, 2004, we published Industrial Nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Korea, Japan, the People's Republic of China, and the United Kingdom: Notice of Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review and Intent to Revoke Antidumping Duty Orders, 69 FR 33884 (Preliminary Results). In the Preliminary Results, we announced our intent to revoke the antidumping orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, Germany, Korea, Japan, the PRC, and the UK effective July 1, 2003. We also announced in those Preliminary Results our intent to revoke the antidumping duty order on industrial nitrocellulose from France effective August 1, 2003. We received no comments from interested parties concerning these Preliminary Results.

On July 14, 2004, Wolff filed a letter reiterating its position that the order on industrial nitrocellulose from Germany should be revoked effective July 1, 2003.

## Scope of the Review

The product covered by this review is industrial nitrocellulose, currently classifiable under HTS subheading 3912.20.00. The HTS item number is provided for convenience and Customs purposes. The written description remains dispositive as to the scope of the product coverage.

Industrial nitrocellulose is a dry, white, amorphous synthetic chemical with a nitrogen content between 10.8 and 12.2 percent. Industrial nitrocellulose is used as a film–former in coatings, lacquers, furniture finishes, and printing inks. The scope of this order does not include explosive grade nitrocellulose, which has a nitrogen content of greater than 12.2 percent.

## Final Results of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews

Having received no comments in objection to the analysis presented in our *Preliminary Results*, we are revoking the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, Germany, Korea, Japan, the PRC, and the UK effective July 1, 2003. Additionally, we are revoking the antidumping duty order on industrial nitrocellulose from France effective August 1, 2003.

## **Instructions to Customs**

In accordance with section 351.222 of the Department's Regulations, the Department will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to terminate the suspension of liquidation and to liquidate, without regard to antidumping duties, all unliquidated entries of industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, Germany, Korea, Japan, the PRC, and the UK effective July 1, 2003. Additionally, the Department will instruct CBP to terminate the suspension of liquidation and to liquidate, without regard to antidumping duties, all unliquidated entries of industrial nitrocellulose from France effective August 1, 2003. The Department will further instruct CBP to refund with interest any estimated duties collected with respect to unliquidated entries of industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, Germany, Korea, Japan, the PRC, and the UK, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after July 1, 2003, in accordance with section 778 of the Act. The Department will additionally instruct CBP to refund with interest any estimated duties collected with respect to unliquidated entries of industrial nitrocellulose from France entered, or

withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after August 1, 2003.

## Notification

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with section 351.306 of the Department's regulations. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This notice of final results of changed circumstances review and revocation of the antidumping duty order is in accordance with sections 751(b) and (d), and 777(I)(1) of the Act and 351.216(d) and 351.222(g) of the Department's regulations.

Dated: August 18, 2004.

## James J. Jochum,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. E4-1926 Filed 8-24-04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DS-S

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## **International Trade Administration**

## Notice of Solicitation of Applications for Allocation of Tariff Rate Quotas on the Import of Certain Worsted Wool Fabrics

August 20, 2004.

**AGENCY:** Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration. **ACTION:** The Department of Commerce (Department) is soliciting applications for an allocation of the 2005 tariff rate quotas on certain worsted wool fabric.

**SUMMARY:** The Department hereby solicits applications from persons (including firms, corporations, or other legal entities) who cut and sew men's and boys' worsted wool suits and suitlike jackets and trousers for an allocation of the 2005 tariff rate quotas on certain worsted wool fabric. Interested persons must submit an application on the form provided to the address listed below by September 24, 2004. The Department will cause to be published in the Federal Register its determination to allocate the 2005 tariff rate quotas and will notify applicants of their respective allocation as soon as possible after that date. Promptly thereafter, the Department will issue licenses to eligible applicants.

**DATES:** To be considered, applications must be received or postmarked by 5 p.m. on September 24, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Applications must be submitted to the Industry Assessment Division, Office of Textiles and Apparel, Room 3001, United States Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230 (telephone: (202) 482-4058). Application forms may be obtained from that office (via facsimile or mail) or from the following Internet address: http://web.ita.doc.gov/tacgi/wooltrq.nsf/TRQApp.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sergio Botero, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4058.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Title V of the Trade and Development Act of 2000 (the Act) created two tariff rate quotas (TRQs), providing for temporary reductions in the import duties on limited quantities of two categories of worsted wool fabrics suitable for use in making suits, suittype jackets, or trousers: (1) For worsted wool fabric with average fiber diameters greater than 18.5 microns (Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) heading 9902.51.11); and (2) for worsted wool fabric with average fiber diameters of 18.5 microns or less (HTS heading 9902.51.12). On August 6, 2002, President Bush signed into law the Trade Act of 2002, which includes several amendments to Title V of the Act. These include the extension of the program through 2005; the reduction of the in-quota duty rate on HTS 9902.51.12 (average fiber diameter 18.5 microns or less) from 6 percent to zero, effective for goods entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after January 1, 2002; and an increase in the 2004 and 2005 TRQ levels to 3,500,000 square meters for HTS 9902.51.12 and to 4,500,000 square meters for HTS 9902.51.11. These levels may be modified by the President. See 15 CFR 340.

The Act requires that the TRQs be allocated to persons who cut and sew men's and boys' worsted wool suits, suit-type jackets and trousers in the United States. On January 22, 2001 the Department published regulations establishing procedures for allocating the TRQs. 66 FR 6459, 15 CFR 335. In order to be eligible for an allocation, an applicant must submit an application on the form provided at <a href="http://web.ita.doc.gov/tacgi/wooltrq.nsf/TRQApp">http://web.ita.doc.gov/tacgi/wooltrq.nsf/TRQApp</a> to the address listed above by 5 p.m. on September 24, 2004 in

compliance with the requirements of 15 CFR 335. Any business confidential information that is marked "business confidential" will be kept confidential and protected from disclosure to the full extent permitted by law.

Dated: August 20, 2004.

## James C. Leonard III,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Textiles and Apparel.

[FR Doc. E4–1927 Filed 8–24–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# National Institute of Standards and Technology

## Notice of Government Owned Inventions Available for Licensing

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of government owned inventions available for licensing.

**SUMMARY:** The inventions listed below are owned in whole by the U.S. Government, as represented by the Department of Commerce. The inventions are available for licensing in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 and 37 CFR part 404 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally funded research and development.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Technical and licensing information on these inventions may be obtained by writing to: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Office of Technology Partnerships, Attn: Mary Clague, Building 820, Room 213, Gaithersburg, MD 20899. Information is also available via telephone: 301–975–4188, fax 301–869–2751, or e-mail: mary.clague@nist.gov. Any request for information should include the NIST Docket number and title for the invention as indicated below.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** NIST may enter into a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement ("CRADA") with the licensee to perform further research on the invention for purposes of commercialization. The inventions available for licensing are:

[NIST Docket Number: 02-011]

Title: Superconformal Metal Deposition Using Derivitized Substrates.

Abstract: The invention provides a two-step superconformal process for depositing seam-free and void-free metal microelectronic conductors. The process involves first adsorbing a catalyst on the surface of the specimen by immersion in a catalyst-containing solution, followed by electrolytic metal

deposition in a catalyst-free second solution containing supressors.

[NIST Docket Number: 03–012]

*Title:* System And Method For Authenticating Users Using Image Selection.

Abstract: The invention is a generalpurpose mechanism for authenticating users through the selection of a sequence of images from a displayed assembly of images. While specifically aimed at hand-held devices, the visual log-in technique is suitable for most computing platforms that require user authentication. The technique takes the image sequences selected by the user and formulates a password that is dependent on both the sequence and style of their selection. Moreover, the invention allows the same image sequence to be used repeatedly in a password change dialogue, yet generate a completely different password value each time. The invention also introduces a new way of "salting" passwords to make them less vulnerable to attack, which can be readily incorporated into the password derivation process.

Dated: August 18, 2004.

## Hratch G. Semerjian,

Acting Director.

[FR Doc. 04–19416 Filed 8–24–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–13–P

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# National Institute of Standards and Technology

# Manufacturing Extension Partnership National Advisory Board

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of partially closed meeting.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. app. 2, notice is hereby given that the Manufacturing Extension Partnership National Advisory Board (MEPNAB), National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), will meet Thursday, September 23, 2004, from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. The MEPNAB is composed of nine members appointed by the Director of NIST who were selected for their expertise in the area of industrial extension and their work on behalf of smaller manufacturers. The Board was established to fill a need for outside input on MEP. MEP is a unique program consisting of centers in all 50 states and Puerto Rico. The centers have been created by state, federal, and local