including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the EAR that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the Denied Person order in the United States any item subject to the EAR with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the EAR that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the EAR that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

Third, that, in addition to the related person named above, after notice and opportunity for comment as provided in section 766.23 of the EAR, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to the denied person by affiliation, ownership, control, or position or responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order.

Fourth, that this Order does not prohibit any export, reexport, or other transaction subject to the EAR where the only items involved that are subject to the EAR are the foreign-produced direct product of U.S.-origin technology.

In accordance with the provisions of section 766.24(e) of the EAR, denied persons may, at any time, appeal this Order by filing a full written statement in support of the appeal with the Office of the Administrative Law Judge, U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center, 40 South Gay Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202–4022.

This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect for a period of 180 days or until an administrative enforcement case against Talyi is completed, whichever occurs earlier.

A copy of this Order shall be served on Talyi and shall be published in the **Federal Register**. Entered this 13th day of September, 2004. **Julie L. Myers,** 

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 04–21558 Filed 9–24–04; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DT–M

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **Bureau of Industry and Security**

# Materials Technical Advisory Committee; Notice of Closed Meeting

The Materials Technical Advisory Committee will meet on October 14, 2004, at 10:30 a.m., in the Herbert C. Hoover Building, Room 3884, 14th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC. The Committee advises the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Export Administration with respect to technical questions that affect the level of export controls applicable to materials and related technology.

The Committee will meet only in closed session to discuss matters determined to be exempt from the provisions relating to public meetings found in 5 U.S.C. app. 2 10(a)(1) and 10(a)(3). The Assistant Secretary for Administration, with the concurrence of the delegate of the General Counsel, formally determined on September 13, 2004, pursuant to Section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. app. 2 (10)(d)), that the portions of this meeting dealing with pre-decisional changes to the Commerce Control List and U.S. export control policies and the portions of this meeting disclosing privileged and confidential business information shall be exempt from the provisions relating to public meetings found in 5 U.S.C. app. 2 10(a)(1) and 10(a)(3). The entire meeting will include discussion concerning these matters.

For more information, contact Lee Ann Carpenter on 202–482–2583.

Dated: September 22, 2004.

# Lee Ann Carpenter,

Committee Liaison Officer. [FR Doc. 04–21564 Filed 9–24–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–JT–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [A-201-822]

Stainless Steel Sheet & Strip in Coils from Mexico; Extension of Time Limits for Preliminary and Final Results of Full ("Sunset") Review of Antidumping Duty Order

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Extension of Time Limit for the Preliminary and Final Results of Full ("Sunset") Review of Antidumping Duty Order: Stainless Steel Sheet & Strip in Coils from Mexico.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce ("the Department") is extending the time limit for its preliminary and final results in the full sunset review of the antidumping duty order on stainless steel sheet & strip in coils ("SSSS") from Mexico. The Department intends to issue preliminary results of this sunset review on or about November 4, 2004. In addition, the Department intends to issue its final results of this review on or about February 28, 2005 (120 days after the date of publication in the Federal Register of the preliminary results).

# **EFFECTIVE DATE:** September 27, 2004. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Martha V. Douthit., Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street & Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–5050.

# Extension of Preliminary and Final Results of Review:

On June 1, 2004, the Department initiated a sunset review of the antidumping duty order on SSSS from Mexico. See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews, 69 FR 30874 (June 1, 2004). The Department, in this proceeding, determined that it would conduct a full (240 day) sunset review of this order based on responses to the notice of initiation from domestic and respondent interested parties. The Department's preliminary results of this review were scheduled for September 20, 2004. The Department, however, needs additional time to consider issues related to the appropriate margin(s) of dumping likely to prevail if the order is revoked to provide to the International Trade Commission. Thus, the Department intends to issue the preliminary results on or about November 4, 2004 and the final results

on or about February 28, 2005 in accordance with sections 751(c)(5)(B) and 751(c)(5)(C)(ii) of the Act.

Dated: September 20, 2004.

#### Jeffrey A. May,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. E4–2390 Filed 9–24–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [A-449-804]

Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars From Latvia: Extension of the Time Limit for the Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** September 27, 2004. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Daniel O'Brien or Constance Handley at (202) 482–1376 or (202) 482–0631, respectively; Office 1 AD/CVD Enforcement, Import Administration.

Enforcement, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

# **Time Limits**

### **Statutory Time Limits**

Section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires the Department to complete the preliminary results of an administrative review within 245 days after the last day of the anniversary month of an order for which a review is requested and the final results within 120 days after the date on which the preliminary results are published. However, if it is not practicable to complete the review within these time periods, section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act allows the Department to extend the time limit for the preliminary results to a maximum of 365 days and for the final results to 180 days from the date of publication of the preliminary results (or 300 days if the Department does not extend the time limit for the preliminary results).

# **Background**

On September 17, 2003, Liepajas Metalurgs requested an administrative review. On September 30, 2003, the petitioners requested an administrative review of Liepajas Metalurgs. On October 24, 2003, the Department published the notice of initiation of this antidumping duty administrative review, covering the period September

1, 2002, through August 31, 2003 (the POR). See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews, 68 FR 60910 (October 24, 2003). On June 10, 2004, the Department published the preliminary results of this antidumping duty administrative review. See Notice of Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, 69 FR 32508 (June 10, 2004).

# Extension of Time Limit for Final Results of Review

We determine that it is not practicable to complete the final results of this review within the original time limit for the reasons stated in our memorandum from Susan Kuhbach, Director, Office 1, to Jeffrey May, Deputy Assistant Secretary, which is on file in the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the main Commerce building. Therefore, the Department is extending the time limit for completion of the final results by 60 days until no later than December 7, 2004.

This extension is in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act.

Dated: September 21, 2004.

#### Jeffrey A. May,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. E4–2391 Filed 9–24–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–S

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

### **International Trade Administration**

### Oil and Gas Equipment and Services Trade Mission

**AGENCY:** International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice to announce Oil and Gas Equipment and Services Trade Mission to Malaysia, Singapore, and Vietnam, December 6–14, 2004.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, U.S. Commercial Service, Office of Global Trade Programs, is organizing an Oil and Gas Equipment and Services Trade Mission to Malaysia, Singapore, and Vietnam, December 6–14, 2004. This event offers a timely opportunity for U.S. firms to tap into some of the world's fastest growing marketplaces for oil and gas equipment and services. The mission will target companies in all sectors of the oil and gas industry, with particular focus on pipeline and tubular goods, drilling machinery and equipment,

surveying technology, and safety equipment.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Office of Global Trade Programs; Room 2012; Department of Commerce; Washington, DC 20230; tel: (202) 482–4457; Fax: (202) 482–0178.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Oil and Gas Equipment and Services Trade Mission

Malaysia, Singapore, and Vietnam, December 6–14, 2004.

#### **Mission Statement**

## I. Description of the Mission

The U.S. Department of Commerce. International Trade Administration, U.S. Commercial Service, Office of Global Trade Programs, is organizing an Oil and Gas Equipment and Services Trade Mission to Malaysia, Singapore, and Vietnam, December 6-14, 2004. This event offers a timely opportunity for U.S. firms to tap into some of the world's fastest growing marketplaces for oil and gas equipment and services. The mission will target companies in all sectors of the oil, and gas industry, with particular focus on pipeline and tubular goods, drilling machinery and equipment, surveying technology, and safety equipment. In addition to receiving a personalized schedule of one-on-one appointments with qualified agents, distributors, representatives, licensees, and joint venture partners, mission delegates will visit Offshore South East Asia 2004 (OSEA 2004), the leading oil and gas trade show in Asia, and a U.S. Department of Commerce Certified Trade Fair. OSEA 2004, to be held in Singapore, will offer mission participants an extra venue to network and learn about business opportunities in South East Asia.

### II. Commercial Setting for the Mission

Projections made by the International Energy Agency in its World Energy Outlook 2002 indicate that more than 60% of the increase in world primary energy demand between 2000 and 2030 will come from developing countries, especially in Asia. Critical to satisfying this demand is a move to develop South East Asia's massive gas resources; large reserves have been found in Indonesia (158 trillion cubic feet) and also in the Malaysian/Thailand Joint Development Zone (7.6 trillion cubic feet). Producing and exporting these reserves, particularly as LNG to South Korea, Japan and China, represents a huge export revenue generator. The World Offshore Drilling Report by analysts Douglas Westwood projected that some US \$18.26 billion was to have been