require a license to all destinations other than Canada.

Shotguns described in ECCN 0A984 with a barrel length of 24 inches or greater and technology described in ECCN 0E984 for the development or production of such shotguns require a license for crime control reasons to all end-users in Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cambodia, Fiji, Georgia, Iraq, Kazakhstan, North Korea, Kyrgystan, Laos, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Russia, Rwanda, Serbia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan and Vietnam.

Shotguns with a barrel length of 24 inches or greater and technology described in ECCN 0E984 for the development or production of such shotguns require a license if they are to be sold or transferred to the police in a destination other than Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

All other items for which a license is required for crime control reasons pursuant to 15 CFR 742.7(a), including shotguns with a barrel length equal to or greater than 18 inches but less than 24 inches and technology for the development or production of such shotguns, require a license for export or reexport to all destinations except Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

BIS is not seeking comments on license requirements for shotguns with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, rifles or pistols because their export and reexport is subject to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations, which are administered by the Department of State.

#### **Requests for Comments**

BIS is seeking public comments on whether the scope of items subject to the crime control license requirements of 15 CFR 742.7(a)(1) through (4) should be modified. Such modification might include adding items, removing items or altering the descriptions of items currently subject to such license requirements. BIS is particularly, but not exclusively, interested in comments on whether items such as biometric devices, integrated security systems,

and training software, particularly firearms training software, should be subject to crime control license requirements.

BIS is also seeking public comments on whether the universe of destinations to which a license is required should be changed, either by adding or removing destinations. Comments that address practical considerations such as defining license requirements with sufficient clarity to be understood by the public and sufficient precision to support the U.S. foreign policy to promote human rights without placing excessive costs on transactions that do not impact human rights are likely to be more useful than comments that do not address those considerations. Comments that provide a reasoned explanation in support of the position taken in the comment are likely to be more useful than comments that merely assert a position without such explanation.

Dated: March 14, 2008.

#### Matthew S. Borman,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

[FR Doc. E8–5614 Filed 3–18–08; 8:45 am]

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **International Trade Administration**

[C-580-837]

Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from the Republic of Korea: Notice of Final Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. SUMMARY: On November 20, 2007, the Department of Commerce ("the Department") published in the **Federal Register** its preliminary results of administrative review of the countervailing duty ("CVD") order on certain cut-to-length carbon-quality steel plate the Republic of Korea ("Korea") for the period January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006. See Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from the Republic of Korea: Notice of Preliminary Results and Preliminary Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review, 72 FR 65299 (November 20, 2007) "Preliminary Results"). The Department preliminarily rescinded the administrative review with respect to DSEC Co., Ltd. ("DSEC") and found that the other company subject to review, Dongkuk Steel Mill Co., Ltd. ("DSM"),

had a *de minimis* net subsidy rate during the period of review. We did not receive any comments on our preliminary results and have made no revisions to those results.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** March 19, 2008. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jolanta Lawska, AD/CVD Operations, Office 3, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 4014, 14<sup>th</sup> Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–8362.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Scope of the Order

The products covered by the CVD order are certain hot-rolled carbonquality steel: (1) Universal mill plates (i.e., flat–rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm, and of a nominal or actual thickness of not less than 4 mm, which are cut-to-length (not in coils) and without patterns in relief), of iron or non-alloy-quality steel; and (2) flatrolled products, hot-rolled, of a nominal or actual thickness of 4.75 mm or more and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness, and which are cut-to-length (not in coils). Steel products to be included in the scope of the order are of rectangular, square, circular or other shape and of rectangular or nonrectangular cross-section where such non-rectangular cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process (i.e., products which have been 'worked after rolling'')—for example, products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges. Steel products that meet the noted physical characteristics that are painted, varnished or coated with plastic or other non-metallic substances are included within this scope. Also, specifically included in the scope of the order are high strength, low alloy ("HSLA") steels. HSLA steels are recognized as steels with micro-alloving levels of elements such as chromium, copper, niobium, titanium, vanadium, and molybdenum. Steel products to be included in this scope, regardless of Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") definitions, are products in which: (1) Iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; (2) the carbon content is two percent or less, by weight; and (3) none of the elements listed below is equal to or exceeds the quantity, by weight, respectively indicated: 1.80 percent of manganese, or 1.50 percent of silicon, or 1.00 percent

of copper, or 0.50 percent of aluminum, or 1.25 percent of chromium, or 0.30 percent of cobalt, or 0.40 percent of lead, or 1.25 percent of nickel, or 0.30 percent of tungsten, or 0.10 percent of molybdenum, or 0.10 percent of niobium, or 0.41 percent of titanium, or 0.15 percent of vanadium, or 0.15 percent zirconium. All products that meet the written physical description, and in which the chemistry quantities do not equal or exceed any one of the levels listed above, are within the scope of this order unless otherwise specifically excluded. The following products are specifically excluded from the order: (1) Products clad, plated, or coated with metal, whether or not painted, varnished or coated with plastic or other non-metallic substances; (2) SAE grades (formerly AISI grades) of series 2300 and above; (3) products made to ASTM A710 and A736 or their proprietary equivalents; (4) abrasion-resistant steels (i.e., USS AR 400, USS AR 500); (5) products made to ASTM A202, A225, A514 grade S, A517 grade S, or their proprietary equivalents; (6) ball bearing steels; (7) tool steels; and (8) silicon manganese steel or silicon electric steel.

The merchandise subject to the order is currently classifiable in the HTSUS under subheadings: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.3060, 7208.51.0030, 7208.51.0045, 7208.51.0060, 7208.52.0000, 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90.9000, 7211.13.0000, 7211.14.0030, 7211.14.0045, 7211.90.0000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7225.50.6000, 7225.99.0090, 7226.91.5000, 7226.91.5000, 7226.91.7000, 7226.91.8000, 7226.99.0000.

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise covered by the order is dispositive.

#### Final Results of Review

As noted above, the Department received no comments concerning the *Preliminary Results*. Therefore, consistent with the *Preliminary Results*, we continue to find the net subsidy for DSM to be 0.29 percent *ad valorem*, which is *de minimis. See* 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1). As there have been no changes to or comments on the *Preliminary Results*, we are not attaching a decision memorandum to this **Federal Register** notice. For further details of the programs included in this proceeding, see the *Preliminary Results*.

#### **Final Partial Rescission**

The Department preliminarily rescinded the administrative review with respect to DSEC. The Department did not receive any comments from interested parties regarding its decision to preliminarily rescind the administrative review of DSEC. Therefore, for purposes of these final results, we are rescinding the administrative review of DSEC.

#### **Assessment Rates/Cash Deposits**

The Department intends to issue assessment instructions to U.S. Customs and Border Protection ("CBP") 15 days after the date of publication of these final results of review to liquidate shipments of subject merchandise by DSM entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006, without regard to countervailing duties. We will also instruct CBP not to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties on shipments of the subject merchandise by DSM entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of this review.

For all non-reviewed companies, we will instruct CBP to continue to collect cash deposits at the most recent company-specific or country-wide rate applicable to the company. Accordingly, the cash deposit rates that will be applied to non-reviewed companies covered by this order are those established in the CVD order. Notice of Amended Final Determination: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From India and the Republic of Korea; and Notice of Countervailing Duty Orders: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From France, India, Indonesia, Italy, and the Republic of Korea, 65 FR 6587 (February 10, 2000). These rates shall apply to all non-reviewed companies until reviews of companies assigned these rates are completed.

#### Return or Destruction of Proprietary Information

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order ("APO") of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing these results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: March 12, 2008.

#### David M. Spooner,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. E8–5554 Filed 3–18–08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-S

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [A-570-851]

Certain Preserved Mushrooms from the People's Republic of China: Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: (March 19, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Zev Primor, AD/CVD Operations, Office 4, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4114.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On

September 27, 2007, the Department of Commerce ("Department") published a notice of initiation of a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on certain preserved mushrooms from the People's Republic of China, covering the period of review of February 1, 2007, to July 31, 2007, and Dujiangyan Xingda Foodstuff Co., Ltd. ("Xingda"). See Certain Preserved Mushrooms from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of New Shipper Review, 72 FR 54899 (September 27, 2007).

## **Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results**

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(B)(iv) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("Act"), and 19 CFR 351.214(i)(1), the Department shall issue preliminary results in a new shipper review of an antidumping duty order within 180 days after the date on which the new shipper review was initiated. The Act and regulations further provide, however, that the Department may extend that 180–day period to 300 days if it determines that this review is extraordinarily complicated. See section 751(a)(2)(B)(iv) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214(i)(2).

The Department finds that this review is extraordinarily complicated and that it is not practicable to complete this