

Sec. 1, all lands West of the 7,600 foot elevation contour in lots 1 and 8 (lands inside the Lone Peak Wilderness).

The areas described aggregate approximately 47 acres in Utah County.

3. Public Land Order No. 4567 (34 FR 1139 (1969)), which withdrew National Forest System lands from mining in aid of programs of the Department of Agriculture, is hereby revoked insofar as it affects the following described lands:

Uinta National Forest

Salt Lake Meridian

a. Ballard Canyon Campground

T. 3 S., R. 12 W.,

Sec. 23, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;

Sec. 26, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

b. Hawthorne Campground

T. 8 S., R. 5 E.,

Sec. 11, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

c. Kolob Campground

T. 7 S., R. 4 E.,

Sec. 24, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

d. McCune Canyon Ponderosa Pine Plantation

T. 12 S., R. 2 E.,

Sec. 20, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

e. Payson Ponderosa Pine Plantation Administrative Site

T. 10 S., R. 2 E.,

Sec. 3, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

The areas described aggregate 230 acres in Utah and Wasatch Counties.

4. Public Land Order No. 4664 (34 FR 8915 (1969)), which withdrew National Forest System lands from mining in aid of programs of the Department of Agriculture, is hereby revoked in its entirety as it affects the following described lands:

Uinta National Forest

Salt Lake Meridian

Hawthorne Campground (addition)

T. 8 S., R. 5 E.,

Sec. 11, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

The area described contains 10 acres in Utah County.

Dated: May 15, 2008.

C. Stephen Allred,

Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. E8-12424 Filed 6-3-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[NMM 46830 and NMMN 46837]

Public Land Order No. 7709; Revocation of Two Secretarial Orders Dated January 30, 1907 and December 17, 1907; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order revokes two Secretarial Orders in their entireties, as they affect approximately 278 acres of National Forest System lands withdrawn for use by the Forest Service for a tree nursery and an administrative site. This order opens 120 acres to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of National Forest System lands and to mining. The remaining lands are located within an overlapping withdrawal.

DATES: *Effective Date:* July 7, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gilda Fitzpatrick, BLM New Mexico State Office, 1474 Rodeo Road, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502, 505-438-7597.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Forest Service has determined that the withdrawals are no longer needed and has requested the revocation. The lands withdrawn by the Secretarial Order dated January 30, 1907 are located within an overlapping military withdrawal in connection with Fort Bayard so the revocation for those lands is considered a record-clearing action only.

Order

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (2000), it is ordered as follows:

1. The Secretarial Order dated January 30, 1907, which withdrew lands within the Gila National Forest and reserved them for use of the Forest Service for nursery purposes, is hereby revoked in its entirety as it affects the following described lands:

T. 17 S., R. 13 W.,

Sec. 11, lot 1 and E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;

Sec. 12, lots 3 and 4.

The area described contains 158 acres in Grant County.

2. The Secretarial Order dated December 17, 1907, which withdrew lands within the Gila National Forest and reserved them for use by the Forest Service as an administrative site, is hereby revoked in its entirety as it affects the following described lands:

T. 5 S., R. 17 W.,

Sec. 28, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$.

The area described contains 120 acres in Catron County.

3. At 10 a.m. on July 7, 2008, the lands described in Paragraph 2 of this order shall be opened to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of National Forest System lands, including location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of lands described in this order under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (2000), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

Dated: May 15, 2008.

C. Stephen Allred,

Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. E8-12472 Filed 6-3-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[UTU 42912 and UTU 42923]

Public Land Order No. 7707; Revocation of Two Withdrawal Orders for Provo River Reclamation Project; Utah

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order revokes a Bureau of Reclamation Order and a Secretarial Order in their entireties as they affect 60 acres of National Forest System lands in Salt Lake and Wasatch Counties withdrawn from surface entry and mining and reserved on behalf of the Bureau of Reclamation for the Provo River Project. The lands are no longer needed for reclamation purposes. This order opens the lands to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of National Forest System lands and to mining.

DATES: *Effective Date:* July 7, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rhonda Flynn, Bureau of Land Management Utah State Office, 440 West 200 South, Suite 500, Salt Lake City, Utah 84101-1345, 801-539-4132.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The lands are no longer needed for reclamation purposes and the Bureau of Reclamation has requested revocation of the withdrawals. A copy of the pertinent withdrawal orders containing a complete legal description of the lands involved is available from the Bureau of Land Management Utah State Office at the address above.

Order

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (2000), it is ordered as follows:

1. The Bureau of Reclamation Order dated August 8, 1947 (12 FR 6095 (1947)), and the Secretarial Order dated January 29, 1937, which originally withdrew approximately 60 acres of lands from surface entry and mining and reserved them on behalf of the Bureau of Reclamation for the Provo River Project, are hereby revoked in their entireties.

2. At 10 a.m. on July 7, 2008, the lands referenced in this order shall be opened to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of National Forest System lands, including location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of lands described in this order under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (2000), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

Dated: May 15, 2008.

C. Stephen Allred,

Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. E8-12420 Filed 6-3-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-MN-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service****Notice To Terminate the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) Process for the Special Resource Study (SRS) for Virginia Key Beach Park (VKBP), Biscayne Bay, FL**

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, and National Park Service (NPS) policy in Director's Order 2 (Park Planning) and Director's Order 12 (Conservation Planning, Environmental Impact Analysis, and Decision-making), the NPS is terminating the EIS process for the SRS for VKBP, Biscayne Bay, Florida. The SRS does not find VKBP to be nationally significant or suitable for inclusion in the National Park System and does not require direct NPS management as defined in the NPS Management Policies, 2006. Therefore, inclusion of VKBP in the National Park System is not recommended. Since the SRS is not proposing Federal management of the site, the EIS process is being terminated.

The NPS will conduct local public meetings to inform and receive input from interested parties on the outcome of the SRS. Prior to the meetings a summary newsletter will be distributed. Following the meetings a draft report will be made available for public review.

DATES: The dates and times of the public meetings will be published in local newspapers and on the internet at <http://parkplanning.nps.gov>. These dates and times may also be obtained by contacting the NPS Southeast Regional Office, Planning and Compliance Division. The NPS anticipates that a draft report will be available for the public in July 2008.

ADDRESSES: The locations of the public meetings will be published in local newspapers and on the internet at <http://parkplanning.nps.gov>.

Comments should be submitted in writing to the following address: Amy Wirsching, Planning Team Leader, Virginia Key Beach Park Special Resource Study, NPS, Southeast Region, Planning and Compliance Division, 100 Alabama Street, SW., 6th Floor, 1924 Building, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Amy Wirsching, Planning Team Leader, Virginia Key Beach Park Special Resource Study, 404-562-3124, extension 607.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the **Federal Register** Notice of May 13, 2005 (70 FR 25598), the NPS notified

interested parties it was preparing an EIS for the SRS for VKBP, Biscayne Bay, Florida. Since that time VKBP has been evaluated to determine if it should be considered for inclusion in the National Park System. The four required criteria are: national significance, suitability, feasibility, and the requirement of direct NPS management. Based on the information that follows, the SRS does not find VKBP to be nationally significant or suitable for inclusion in the National Park System and does not require direct NPS management as defined in the NPS *Management Policies, 2006*. Therefore, inclusion of VKBP in the National Park System is not recommended. Since the SRS is not proposing Federal management of the site, the EIS process is being terminated.

National Significance: Based upon the opinion of the National Historic Landmarks (NHL) Program and an analysis of the NHL criteria for national significance, the preliminary determination does not find VKBP to be nationally significant as defined in the NPS *Management Policies, 2006*. The site did not represent a major event or turning point in the national struggle for civil rights, and is not associated importantly with persons nationally significant in the history of the Civil Rights Movement.

Suitability: In assessing a comparison of VKBP to other NPS, State, and local properties, it is apparent that resources similar to those of VKBP are adequately represented by other public entities. In addition, VKBP does not meet the requirements to be categorized in an appropriate NHL theme study. Therefore, VKBP does not meet the criteria to be considered suitable for addition to the National Park System.

Feasibility: Apart from potential NPS operational and development costs, the VKBP site appears to be feasible for inclusion in the National Park System.

Direct NPS Management: The fourth SRS criterion requires direct NPS management instead of protection by other public agencies or the private sector. Based on the amount of current interest to protect and interpret the site by the city of Miami and the current site manager, the VKBP Trust, the determination is that the site does not require direct NPS management for its protection.

Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment, including your personal identifying information, may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying