

heading, Address Label Barcode Requirement, and revise text as follows:]

#### 16.5.7 Address Label Service Barcode Requirement

An electronic Service barcode using the concatenated UCC/EAN Code 128 symbology must be incorporated in the address label. Mailers must prepare address labels using the formats in 16.5.8 through 16.5.12, including the service type code “55” to identify the service and the human-readable text “USPS SCAN ON ARRIVAL” above the barcode. USPS certification is required from the National Customer Support Center (NCSC) for each printer used to print barcoded open and distribute address labels, except for barcodes created using USPS Shipping Assistant. NCSC contact information, formatting specifications for barcodes and electronic files, and certification, are included in Publication 91, *Confirmation Services Technical Guide*. Mailers can use any of the following options available to create a label with a Service barcode for Priority Mail Open and Distribute address labels:

a. Select a service software developer from the list of companies that have met Postal Service specifications for the electronic file and barcode available at <http://www.usps.com/shipping/shipsystems.htm>.

b. Register and download the USPS Shipping Assistant desktop application available at <http://www.usps.com/shippingassistant/>.

c. Register and integrate the USPS Web Tools Application Program Interface (API) for Priority Mail Open and Distribute using your own developers, available at <http://www.usps.com/webtools/>.

d. Use Publication 91, *Confirmation Services Technical Guide*, for technical specifications and requirements.

#### 16.5.8 DDU Address Labels

[Revise the second sentence in 16.5.8 as follows:]

\* \* \* For the DDU address label, use the destination facility name, the street address, city, state, and ZIP+4 found in the Drop Entry Point View File available at USPS' FAST Web site: <https://fast.usps.com> (click on “Reports,” “Mail Direction Search,” then “Drop Entry Point View”). \* \* \*

#### Exhibit 16.5.8 DDU Address Label

[Revise Exhibit 16.5.8 to replace the Delivery Confirmation barcode and human-readable text above and below, with a Service barcode and human-readable text.]

#### 16.5.9 SCF Address Labels

[Revise the first sentence in 16.5.9 as follows:]

For the SCF address label, use SCF followed by the city, state, and ZIP Code found in the Drop Entry Point View File available at USPS' FAST Web site: <https://fast.usps.com>. \* \* \*

#### Exhibit 16.5.9 SCF Address Label

[Revise Exhibit 16.5.9 to replace the Delivery Confirmation barcode and human-readable text above and below, with a Service barcode and human-readable text.]

#### 16.5.10 ADC Address Labels

[Revise the first sentence in 16.5.10 as follows:]

For the ADC address label, use ADC followed by the city, state, and ZIP Code found in the Drop Entry Point View File available at USPS' FAST Web site: <https://fast.usps.com>. \* \* \*

#### Exhibit 16.5.10 ADC Address Label

[Revise Exhibit 16.5.10 to replace the Delivery Confirmation barcode and human-readable text above and below, with a Service barcode and human-readable text.]

#### 16.5.11 BMC Address Labels

[Revise the first sentence in 16.5.11 as follows:]

For the BMC address label, use BMC followed by the city, state, and ZIP Code found in the Drop Entry Point View File available at USPS' FAST Web site: <https://fast.usps.com>. \* \* \*

#### Exhibit 16.5.11 BMC Address Label

[Revise Exhibit 16.5.11 to replace the Delivery Confirmation barcode and human-readable text above and below, with a Service barcode and human-readable text.]

[Renumber current 16.5.12, Markings on Enclosed Mail, as 16.5.13. Add new 16.5.12, ASF Address Labels, and Exhibit 16.5.12, ASF Address Label, as follows:]

#### 16.5.12 ASF Address Labels

For the ASF address label, use ASF followed by the city, state, and ZIP Code found in the Drop Entry Point View File under BMC available at USPS' FAST Web site: <https://fast.usps.com>. See Exhibit 16.5.12 for an example of an ASF address label.

#### Exhibit 16.5.12 ASF Address Label

[Add new Exhibit 16.5.12, as follows:]

\* \* \* \* \*

Neva R. Watson,

Attorney, Legislative.

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## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### Federal Emergency Management Agency

#### 44 CFR Part 67

#### Final Flood Elevation Determinations

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule, correction.

**SUMMARY:** On May 7, 2008, FEMA published in the **Federal Register** a final rule that contained an erroneous table. This notice provides corrections to that table, to be used in lieu of the information published at 73 FR 25542. The table provided here represents the flooding source, location of referenced elevation, effective and modified elevation, and communities affected for the Union County and Incorporated Areas. Specifically, it addresses flooding source “Blythe Creek.”

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

William R. Blanton, Jr., Chief, Engineering Management Branch, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3151 or (e-mail) [bill.blanton@dhs.gov](mailto:bill.blanton@dhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) publishes proposed determinations of Base (1% annual-chance) Flood Elevations (BFEs) and modified BFEs for communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), in accordance with section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR 67.4(a).

These final BFEs and modified BFEs, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other

Federal, State, or regional entities. These final elevations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after these elevations are made final, and for the contents in these buildings.

#### Correction

In the final rule published at 73 FR 25542 in the May 7, 2008 issue of the **Federal Register**, FEMA published a table under the authority of 44 CFR 67.4. The table, entitled "Union County, North Carolina and Incorporated Areas" addressed flooding source "Blythe Creek." That table contained inaccurate

information as to the location of referenced elevation, effective and modified elevation in feet, or communities affected for these flooding sources. In this notice, FEMA is publishing a table containing the accurate information, to address these prior errors. The information provided below should be used in lieu of that previously published.

Flooding source(s)	Location of referenced elevation**	*Elevation in feet (NGVD) +Elevation in feet (NAVD) #Depth in feet above ground Modified	Communities affected
<b>Union County, North Carolina, and Incorporated Areas</b> <b>Docket Nos.: FEMA-D-7668 and FEMA-D-7808</b>			
Blythe Creek .....	Approximately 0.4 mile upstream of Bud Huey Road (State Route 115).	+549	Unincorporated Areas of Union County, Town of Waxhaw.
	At the confluence with East Fork Twelvemile Creek .....	+510	

Dated: May 27, 2008.

**David I. Maurstad,**

*Federal Insurance Administrator of the  
National Flood Insurance Program,  
Department of Homeland Security, Federal  
Emergency Management Agency.*

[FR Doc. E8-12516 Filed 6-4-08; 8:45 am]

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