#### **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

### Foreign Agricultural Service

## Notice of a Request for Extension of a **Currently Approved Information** Collection

**AGENCY:** Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice and request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, this notice announces the Foreign Agricultural Service's intention to request an extension for a currently approved information collection in support of the regulation providing for the issuance of certificates of quota eligibility (CQEs) required to enter sugar and sugarcontaining products under tariff-rate quotas (TRQs) into the United States.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received by no later than August 20, 2013 to be assured of consideration.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information and to submit comments contact William Janis, International Economist, Import Policies and Export Reporting Division, AgStop 1021, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20250-1021 or telephone (202) 720-2194, fax to (202) 720-0876, or email William.Janis@fas.usda.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Certificates of Quota Eligibility. OMB Number: 0551-0014. Expiration Date of Approval: October

31, 2013.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved information collection.

Abstract: Additional U.S. note 5 to Chapter 17 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS), established by Presidential Proclamation 6763 of December 1994, authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to establish for each fiscal year the quantity of sugars and syrups that may be entered at the lower tariff rates of TRQs. This authority was proclaimed by the President to implement the results of the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations as reflected in the provisions of Schedule XX (United States), annexed to the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization (WTO). Under various free trade agreements (FTAs), the United States has agreed to require CQEs for the entry into U.S. customs territory of sugar and sugar-containing products. The authority for requiring these certificates is the Implementation Acts

for the U.S.—Colombia and U.S.— Panama Trade Promotion Agreements, set forth under 19 U.S.C. 3805.

The terms under which CQEs will be issued to foreign countries that have been allocated a share of the WTO TRQ or have an allocation under a FTA TRO are set forth in 15 CFR part 2011, Allocation of Tariff-Rate Quota on Imported Sugars, Syrups, and Molasses, Subpart A—Certificate of Quota Eligibility. This regulation provides for the issuance of CQEs by the Secretary of Agriculture and in general prohibits sugar subject to the above-mentioned TRQs from being imported into the United States or withdrawn from a warehouse for consumption at the inquota duty rates unless such sugar is accompanied by a valid CQE.

COEs are distributed to foreign countries by the Director of the Import Policies and Export Reporting Division, Office of Trade Programs, Foreign Agriculture Service, or his or her designee. The distribution of CQEs is in such amounts and at such times as the Director determines are appropriate to enable the foreign country to fill its quota allocation for such quota period in a reasonable manner, taking into account harvesting periods, U.S. import requirements, and other relevant factors. The information required to be collected on the COE is used to monitor and control the imports of products subject to the WTO and FTA sugar TRQs. A valid CQE, duly executed and issued by the Certifying Authority of the foreign country, is required for eligibility to enter the products into U.S. customs territory under the TRQs.

Estimate of burden: The public reporting burden for the collection directly varies with the number of CQEs issued.

Respondents: Foreign governments. Estimated number of WTO respondents: 40.

Estimated number of FTA respondents: 2.

Estimated number of responses per respondent: 30 per fiscal year.

Estimated total annual reporting

burden: 210 hours. Requests for Comments: Send

comments regarding (a) Whether the information collection is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information including validity of the methodology and assumption used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information

on those who are to respond, including through the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Copies of this information collection may be obtained from Connie Ehrhart, the Agency Information Collection Coordinator, at (202) 690-1578.

Comments may be sent to William Janis, International Economist, Import Policies and Export Reporting Division, AgStop 1021, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20250-1021 or telephone (202) 720-2194 or email William.Janis@fas.usda.gov. All comments received will be available for public inspection in Room 5526-S at the above address.

Persons with disabilities who require an alternative means of communication for information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's Target Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments also will become a matter of public record.

FAS is committed to complying with the Government Paperwork Reduction Act which requires Government agencies, to the maximum extent feasible, to provide the public the option of electronically submitting information collection. CQEs allow exporters to ship products to the United States at the U.S. sugar price, which is ordinarily higher than the world sugar price. Therefore, in contrast to most information collection documents, CQEs have a monetary value equivalent to the substantial benefits to exporters. CQEs have always been carefully handled as secure documents and distributed only to foreign government-approved Certifying Authorities.

Signed at Washington, DC, on June 7, 2013. Philip Karsting,

Administrator, Foreign Agricultural Service. [FR Doc. 2013-14470 Filed 6-20-13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410-10-P

## **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

## **Foreign Agricultural Service**

## WTO Agricultural Quantity-Based Safeguard Trigger Levels

**AGENCY:** Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

**ACTION:** Notice of product coverage and trigger levels for safeguard measures provided for in the World Trade

Organization (WTO) Agreement on Agriculture.

SUMMARY: This notice lists the updated quantity-based trigger levels for products which may be subject to additional import duties under the safeguard provisions of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture. This notice also includes the relevant period applicable for the trigger levels on each of the listed products.

**DATES:** June 21, 2013.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Souleymane Diaby, Import Policies and Export Reporting Division, Office of Trade Programs, Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Stop 1021, 1400 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20250–1021; by telephone (202) 720–2916; by fax (202) 720–0876; or by email Souleymane.Diaby@fas.usda.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Article 5 of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture provides that additional import duties may be imposed on imports of products subject to tariffication as a result of the Uruguay Round, if certain conditions are met. The agreement permits additional duties to be charged if the

price of an individual shipment of imported products falls below the average price for similar goods imported during the years 1986-88 by a specified percentage. It also permits additional duties to be imposed if the volume of imports of an article exceeds the average of the most recent 3 years for which data are available by 5, 10, or 25 percent, depending on the article. These additional duties may not be imposed on quantities for which minimum or current access commitments were made during the Uruguay Round negotiations, and only one type of safeguard, price or quantity, may be applied at any given time to an article.

Section 405 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act requires that the President cause to be published in the **Federal Register** information regarding the price and quantity safeguards, including the quantity trigger levels, which must be updated annually based upon import levels during the most recent 3 years. The President delegated this duty to the Secretary of Agriculture in Presidential Proclamation No. 6763, dated December 23, 1994, 60 FR 1005 (Jan. 4, 1995). The Secretary of Agriculture further delegated this duty,

which lies with the Administrator of the Foreign Agricultural Service (7 CFR 2.43 (a)(2)). The Annex to this notice contains the updated quantity trigger levels

Additional information on the products subject to safeguards and the additional duties which may apply can be found in subchapter IV of Chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (2013) and in the Secretary of Agriculture's Notice of Uruguay Round Agricultural Safeguard Trigger Levels, published in the **Federal Register** at 60 FR 427 (Jan. 4, 1995).

Notice: As provided in Section 405 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, consistent with Article 5 of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture, the safeguard quantity trigger levels previously notified are superceded by the levels indicated in the Annex to this notice. The definitions of these products were provided in the Notice of Safeguard Action published in the Federal Register, at 60 FR 427 (Jan. 4, 1995).

Issued at Washington, DC, this 11th day of June 2013.

### Philip Karsting,

Administrator, Foreign Agricultural Service.

#### ANNEX—QUANTITY-BASED SAFEGUARD TRIGGER

ANNEX—QUANTITY-DASED SAFEGUARD TRIGGER				
Product	Trigger level	Period		
Beef	233,306 mt	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Mutton	5.928 mt	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Cream	228,785 liters	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Evaporated or Condensed Milk	1,049,608 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Nonfat Dry Milk	399,353 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Dried Whole Milk	3,086,377 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Dried Cream	11,055 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Dried Whey/Buttermilk	39,875 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Butter	6,009,631 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Butter Oil and Butter Substitutes	5,923,219 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Dairy Mixtures	14,186,738 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Blue Cheese	4,392,999 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Cheddar Cheese	7,755,536 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
American-Type Cheese	1,046,825 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Edam/Gouda Cheese	6,442,749 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
talian-Type Cheese	19,107,668 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Swiss Cheese with Eye Formation	24,721,281 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Gruyere Process Cheese	3,321,700 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Lowfat Cheese	179,373 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
NSPF Cheese	44,901,487 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Peanuts	19,018 mt	April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013.		
	21,598 mt	April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014.		
Peanut Butter/Paste	4,475 mt	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Raw Cane Sugar	1,054,460 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.		
· ·	1,033,635 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.		
Refined Sugar and Syrups	208,571 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.		
J , .	215,423 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.		
Blended Syrups	154 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.		
, .	145 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.		
Articles Over 65% Sugar	185 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.		
•	238 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.		
Articles Over 10% Sugar	13,061 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.		
ŭ	14,942 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.		
Sweetened Cocoa Powder	305 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.		
	124 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.		
Chocolate Crumb	7,528,482 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		
Lowfat Chocolate Crumb	177,658 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.		

# ANNEX—QUANTITY-BASED SAFEGUARD TRIGGER—Continued

Product	Trigger level	Period	
Infant Formula Containing Oligosaccharides	797,480 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.	
Mixes and Doughs	218 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.	
	178 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.	
Mixed Condiments and Seasonings	419 mt	October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2013.	
	593 mt	October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.	
Ice Cream	1,920,680 liters	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.	
Animal Feed Containing Milk	75,883 kilograms	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.	
Short Staple Cotton	1,056,786 kilograms	September 20, 2012 to September 19, 2013.	
	2,385,410 kilograms	September 20, 2013 to September 19, 2014.	
Harsh or Rough Cotton	60 kilograms	August 1, 2012 to July 31, 2013.	
	60 kilograms	August 1, 2013 to July 31, 2014.	
Medium Staple Cotton	8,805 kilograms	August 1, 2012 to July 31, 2013.	
	57,587 kilograms	August 1, 2013 to July 31, 2014.	
Extra Long Staple Cotton	64 kilograms	August 1, 2012 to July 31, 2013.	
	505,834 kilograms	August 1, 2013 to July 31, 2014.	
Cotton Waste	393,492 kilograms	September 20, 2012 to September 19, 2013.	
	589,849 kilograms	September 20, 2013 to September 19, 2014.	
Cotton, Processed, Not Spun	77,794 kilograms	September 11, 2012 to September 10, 2013.	
	50,873 kilograms	September 11, 2013 to September 10, 2014.	

[FR Doc. 2013–14858 Filed 6–20–13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–10–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## **Economic Development Administration**

Notice of Petitions by Firms for Determination of Eligibility To Apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance

**AGENCY:** Economic Development Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice and opportunity for public comment.

Pursuant to Section 251 of the Trade Act 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2341 et seq.), the Economic Development Administration (EDA) has received petitions for certification of eligibility to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance from the firms listed below. Accordingly, EDA has initiated investigations to determine whether increased imports into the United States of articles like or directly competitive

with those produced by each of these firms contributed importantly to the total or partial separation of the firm's workers, or threat thereof, and to a decrease in sales or production of each petitioning firm.

LIST OF PETITIONS RECEIVED BY EDA FOR CERTIFICATION ELIGIBILITY TO APPLY FOR TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE
[6/6/2013 through 6/17/2013]

Firm name	Firm address	Date accepted for investigation	Product(s)
TouchSensor Technologies, LLC.	203 North Gables Blvd., Wheaton, IL 60187.	6/6/2013	The firm designs and manufactures patented digital switches for use in touch sensitive user interface panels and solid-state fluid level sensors.
Nothing Shocking, LLC (dba Mojo Musical Supply).	513 South Dudley Street, Burgaw, NC 28425.	6/17/2013	The firm manufactures guitar-related parts, guitar amplifiers and related parts.
National Tractor Parts, Inc.	12127A Galena Rd., Plano, IL 60545.	6/12/2013	Firm manufacturers heavy equipment undercarriage products and assemblies.

Any party having a substantial interest in these proceedings may request a public hearing on the matter. A written request for a hearing must be submitted to the Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms Division, Room 71030, Economic Development Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, no later than ten (10) calendar days following publication of this notice.

Please follow the requirements set forth in EDA's regulations at 13 CFR 315.9 for procedures to request a public hearing. The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance official number and title for the program under which these petitions are submitted is 11.313, Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms.

Dated: June 17, 2013.

#### Michael DeVillo,

Eligibility Examiner.

[FR Doc. 2013–14841 Filed 6–20–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-WH-P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of Industry and Security Order Denying Export Privileges

In the Matter of: Lee Roy Perez, Inmate Number #85828–279, FCI Herlong, Federal Corrections Institution, P.O. Box 800, Herlong, CA 96113.

On December 13, 2011, in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Texas, Lee Roy Perez ("Perez") was convicted of violating Section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778 (2006 & Supp. IV 2010)) ("AECA").