April 29, 2013. No hazardous substances, petroleum products or recognized environmental conditions were identified on the parcel; no further inquiry is needed to assess Recognized Environmental Conditions.

The land is not needed for any Federal purposes. The lease and subsequent conveyance is consistent with the BLM San Juan/San Miguel Record of Decision and Approved Resource Management Plan dated September 5, 1985, and is in the public interest. The BLM has prepared an environmental assessment analyzing the City of Durango's application and the proposed development and management plans.

A conveyance will be subject to the provisions of the R&PP Act and applicable regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, and the following reservation to the United States:

A reservation to the United States for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States pursuant to the Act of August 30, 1890 (43 U.S.C. 945).

A conveyance will be subject to the following terms and conditions:

- 1. All valid existing rights documented on the official public land records at the time of patent issuance.
- 2. A right-of-way across the above-described lands for electrical power transmission or distribution line purposes granted to La Plata Electric Association, its successors or assigns, by right-of-way COC–36667 pursuant to the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776, 43 U.S.C. 1761).
- 3. A right-of-way across the above-described lands for electrical power transmission or distribution line purposes granted to La Plata Electric Association, its successors or assigns, by right-of-way COC–56560 pursuant to the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776, 43 U.S.C. 1761).
- 4. A right-of-way across the above-described lands for a road granted to the City of Durango, its successors or assigns, by right-of-way COC–57658 pursuant to the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776, 43 U.S.C. 1761).
- 5. Any other valid rights-of-way that may exist at the time of conveyance.
- 6. An indemnification clause protecting the United States from claims arising out of the patentee's use, occupancy, or operations on the land.
- 7. Pursuant to the requirements established by Section 120(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1988, (100 Stat.

1670), a notice that states that the abovedescribed parcel was examined and no evidence was found to indicate that any hazardous substances were stored for 1 year or more, nor had any hazardous substances been disposed of or released on the subject property.

Upon publication of this notice in the Federal Register, the parcel will be segregated from all other forms of appropriation under the public land laws, except for lease and subsequent conveyance under the R&PP Act. Mineral rights are held by third parties and the above segregation does not apply to them.

Classification Comments: Interested persons may submit comments involving the suitability of the land for development as a storm water treatment facility. Comments on the classification are restricted to whether the land is physically suited for the proposal, whether the use will maximize the future use or uses of the land, whether the use is consistent with local planning and zoning, or whether the use is consistent with State and Federal programs.

Application Comments: Interested persons may also submit comments on the application, including the notification of the BLM of any encumbrances or other claims relating to the parcel, and regarding the specific use proposed in the application and plan of development; whether the BLM followed proper administrative procedures in reaching the decision to lease and convey the land under the R&PP Act; or any other factors not directly related to the suitability of the land for a storm water treatment facility.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or any other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Any adverse comments will be reviewed by the BLM Colorado State Director. In the absence of any adverse comments, this realty action will become effective on November 18, 2013.

The land will not be offered for lease and subsequent conveyance until after the classification becomes effective.

Authority: 43 CFR 2741.5.

Helen M. Hankins,

BLM Colorado State Director. [FR Doc. 2013–22662 Filed 9–17–13; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–JB–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-NERO-CEBE-13802; PPNECEBE00, PPMPSPD1Z.Y00000]

Request for Nominations for the Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park Advisory Commission

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice of request for nominations for the Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park Advisory Commission.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, proposes to appoint new members to the Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park Advisory Commission. The Site Manager, Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park, is requesting nominations for qualified persons to serve on the Commission.

DATES: Nominations must be postmarked no later than November 15, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Nominations or requests for further information should be sent to Amy Bracewell, Site Manager, Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park, 8693 Valley Pike, P.O. Box 700, Middletown, Virginia 22645, telephone (540) 868–9176, email: amy_bracewell@nps.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Public Law 107–373 established Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park. Section 9(a) of that law established the Advisory Commission. The Advisory Commission was designated by Congress to provide advice to the Secretary of the Interior on the preparation and implementation of the park's general management plan and to advise on land protection.

Nominations are needed to represent the following categories: one member to represent the local government of Warren County; one member to represent the local government of Middletown; one member to represent the local government of Frederick County; one member to represent the Cedar Creek Battlefield Foundation; one member to represent Belle Grove, Incorporated; one member to represent the National Trust for Historic Preservation; one member to represent the Shenandoah Valley Battlefields Foundation; two members to represent the private landowners within the park; and one member to represent a citizen interest group.

Submitting Nominations:
Nominations should be typed and
must include each of the following:

A. Brief summary of no more than two (2) pages explaining the nominee's suitability to serve on the Commission.

B. Resume or curriculum vitae.

C. One (1) letter of endorsement from the unit of government or organization being represented, or, in the case of a private landowner, one (1) letter of reference.

The Commission consists of 15 members, each appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, as follows: (a) 1 representative from the Commonwealth of Virginia; (b) 1 representative each from the local governments of Strasburg, Middletown, Frederick County, Shenandoah County, and Warren County; (c) 2 representatives of private landowners within the Park; (d) 1 representative from a citizen interest group; (e) 1 representative from the Cedar Creek Battlefield Foundation; (f) 1 representative from Belle Grove, Incorporated; (g) 1 representative from the National Trust for Historic Preservation; (h) 1 representative from the Shenandoah Valley Battlefields Foundation; (i) 1 ex-officio representative from the National Park Service; (j) one 1 ex-officio representative from the United States Forest Service. Each member shall be appointed for a term of three years and may be reappointed for not more than two successive terms. A member may serve after the expiration of that member's term until a successor has taken office. The Chairperson of the Commission shall be elected by the members to serve a term of one year renewable for one additional year.

Members of the Commission shall serve without pay, allowances, or benefits by reason of their service on the Commission. However, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission as approved by the Designated Federal Officer, members will be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in Government service are allowed such expenses under section 5703 of Title 5 of the United States Code.

The Obama Administration prohibits individuals who are currently federally registered lobbyists to serve on all Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) and non-FACA boards, committees, or councils.

All required documents must be compiled and submitted in one complete nomination package. Incomplete submissions (missing one or more of the items described above) will not be considered.

Nominations should be postmarked no later than November 15, 2013, to Amy Bracewell, Site Manager, Cedar Creek and Belle Grove National Historical Park, 8693 Valley Pike, P.O. Box 700, Middletown, Virginia 22645.

Dated: September 12, 2013.

Alma Ripps,

Chief, Office of Policy.

[FR Doc. 2013-22689 Filed 9-17-13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-WV-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-770]

Certain Video Game Systems and Wireless Controllers and Components Thereof, Commission Determination Finding No Violation of the Tariff Act of 1930

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to affirm, with modifications, the ALJ's finding of no violation of Section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1337 ("Section 337") in the above-referenced investigation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jia Chen, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 708-4737. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server at http://www.usitc.gov. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at http:// edis.usitc.gov. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 27, 2011, the Commission instituted the subject investigation based on a complaint filed by Creative Kingdoms, LLC of Wakefield, Rhode Island and New Kingdoms, LLC of Nehalem, Oregon (collectively, "CK"). 76 FR

23624 (Apr. 27, 2011). The complaint alleged violations of Section 337 by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,500,917 ("the '917 patent"), 7,896,742 ("the '742 patent"), 7,850,527 ("the '527 patent"), and 6,761,637 (the '637 patent). The named respondents are Nintendo Co., Ltd., of Kyoto, Japan and Nintendo America, Inc. of Redmond, Washington (collectively, "Nintendo"). The '637 patent was subsequently terminated from the investigation. On August 31, 2012, the ALJ issued a final ID finding no violation of section 337 by Nintendo. The ALI found that the accused products infringe sole asserted claim 24 of the '742 patent, but that the claim is invalid for failing to satisfy the enablement requirement and the written description requirement under 35 U.S.C. 112. The ALJ found that no accused products infringe the asserted claims of the '917 patent and the '527 patent. The ALI also found that the asserted claims of the '917 and '527 patents are invalid for failing to satisfy the enablement requirement and the written description requirement. The ALJ concluded that complainant has failed to show that a domestic industry exists in the United States that exploits the asserted patents as required by 19 U.S.C. 1337(a)(2). The ALJ did not make a finding regarding the technical prong of the domestic industry requirement with respect to the asserted patents. The ALJ also did not making a finding with respect to anticipation and obviousness of the asserted patents.

On November 6, 2012, the Commission determined to review the following issues: (1) Claim construction of the limitation "toy wand" of the asserted claim of the '917 patent; (2) non-infringement of the asserted claim of the '917 patent; (3) infringement of the asserted claim of the '742 patent; (4) validity of the asserted claims of the '917 and '742 patent under the enablement requirement; (5) validity of the asserted claims of the '917 and '742 patent under the written description requirement; and (6) whether the domestic industry requirement is met with respect to the '917 and '742 patents. On the same day, the Commission issued an opinion with respect to the proper claim construction of the term "toy wand" of the asserted claim of the '917 patent. The Commission determined to remand this case to the ALJ to determine the following issues: (a) Direct infringement of the asserted claim of the '917 patent in light of the proper construction of the term "wand" as set forth in the Commission opinion; (b) whether the