

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**Office of Justice Programs****[OJP (NIJ) Docket No. 1717]****Draft Baseline Specifications for Law Enforcement Service Pistols With Security Technology****AGENCY:** National Institute of Justice, Justice.**ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Institute of Justice (NIJ) seeks feedback from the public on a draft document that defines generic baseline specifications for law enforcement service pistols with additional technology to enhance the security of the firearms, published here: <http://nij.gov/topics/technology/firearms/pages/welcome.aspx>.

DATES: Comments must be received by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on September 13, 2016.

How to Respond and What to Include: The draft baseline specifications document can be found here: <http://nij.gov/topics/technology/firearms/pages/welcome.aspx>. To submit comments, please send an email to gunsafetytechnology@usdoj.gov. Please indicate the page number, section number, and the line number associated with each comment. Comments may also be provided as a markup of the Word document. Please provide contact information with the submission of comments. Address comments to Mark Greene, Office of Science and Technology, National Institute of Justice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Greene, Office of Science and Technology, National Institute of Justice, 810 7th Street NW., Washington, DC 20531; telephone number: (202) 598-9412; email address: mark.greene2@usdoj.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 29, 2016, the U.S. Departments of Justice (DOJ), Homeland Security (DHS), and Defense (DoD) submitted a joint report to the President outlining a strategy to expedite deployment of gun safety technology, found here: https://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/docs/final_report-smart_gun_report.pdf.

The report was published in response to Presidential Memorandum, *Promoting Smart Gun Technology*, found here: <https://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2016/01/05/memorandum-promoting-smart-gun-technology>. The report described the potential benefits of advanced gun safety technology, but

noted that additional work was required before this technology is ready for widespread adoption by law enforcement agencies. In particular, the report stressed the importance of integrating this technology into a firearm's design without compromising the reliability, durability, and accuracy that officers expect from their service weapons.

To address these issues, the report called on law enforcement agencies to develop "baseline specifications," which would outline the agencies' operational requirements for any firearms equipped with gun safety technology. By developing baseline specifications, federal, state, and municipal law enforcement agencies can make clear to private manufacturers what they expect from this technology.

DOJ and DHS recently assembled a working group of experts in firearms technology to identify operational needs and prepare a draft document that defines generic baseline specifications for law enforcement service pistols with additional technology to enhance the security of firearms. The additional security specifications that may be addressed by smart gun technology are distinguished from more familiar firearm safety mechanisms. The distinction between safety and security can be nuanced, and the additional security specifications may also function as safety features under certain circumstances. However, this distinction forms the basis of the use of the different terminology.

The working group was led by NIJ and was comprised of subject matter experts from various federal law enforcement agencies. The pistols defined by this document are semi-automatic, recoil-operated, magazine-fed, striker-fired, and fire 9 mm Luger or .40 S&W ammunition. The information detailed in this document is informed in part by specifications enumerated in recent handgun solicitations by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and Immigration of Customs Enforcement (ICE), which are publicly available on FedBizOpps (<http://www.fbo.gov>) under solicitation numbers RFP-OSCU-DSU1503 and HSCEMS-16-R-00003, respectively.

Jennifer Scherer,

Deputy Director, National Institute of Justice.

[FR Doc. 2016-16759 Filed 7-14-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-18-P

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION**Sunshine Act Meeting: Board of Directors and Its Six Committees****AGENCY:** Legal Services Corporation.**ACTION:** Change notice.

SUMMARY: On July 12, 2016, the Legal Services Corporation (LSC) published a notice in the **Federal Register** (81 FR 45177) titled "Board of Directors and its Six Committees will meet on July 17-19, 2016, EDT". The Operations and Regulations Committee scheduled to meet on July 18, 2016 at 8:30 a.m., EDT, has added another item to the agenda as line item #3; all other items remain consecutively the same. This document changes the notice by revising the Operations and Regulations Committee agenda by adding another item as line item #3.

Changes in the Meeting: Operations and Regulations Committee agenda revised to add the following.

3. Briefing on acquisitions management
 - Ron Flagg, General Counsel
 - Rebecca Weir, Senior Assistant General Counsel

DATES: This change is effective July 13, 2016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Katherine Ward, Executive Assistant to the Vice President for Legal Affairs and General Counsel, Legal Services Corporation, 3333 K Street NW., Washington, DC 20007; (202) 295-1500; kward@lsc.gov.

Dated: July 13, 2016.

Katherine Ward,

Executive Assistant to the Vice President for Legal Affairs and General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2016-16939 Filed 7-13-16; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 7050-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION**[NRC-2015-0220]****Seismic Design Classification for Nuclear Power Plants****AGENCY:** Nuclear Regulatory Commission.**ACTION:** Regulatory guide; issuance.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is issuing Revision 5 of Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.29, "Seismic Design Classification for Nuclear Power Plants." This RG describes a method that the staff of the NRC considers acceptable for use in identifying and classifying those features of light-water-reactor (LWR) nuclear power plants that must be designed to withstand the

effects of the safe-shutdown earthquake (SSE).

ADDRESSES: Please refer to Docket ID NRC–2015–0220 when contacting the NRC about the availability of information regarding this document. You may obtain publically-available information related to this document, using the following methods:

- *Federal Rulemaking Web site:* Go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and search for Docket ID NRC–2015–0220. Address questions about NRC dockets to Carol Gallagher; telephone: 301–415–3463; email: Carol.Gallagher@nrc.gov. For technical questions, contact the individuals listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this document.

- *NRC's Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS):* You may obtain publicly-available documents online in the ADAMS Public Document collection at <http://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/adams.html>. To begin the search, select "ADAMS Public Documents" and then select "Begin Web-based ADAMS Search." For problems with ADAMS, please contact the NRC's Public Document Room (PDR) reference staff at 1–800–397–4209, 301–415–4737, or by email to pdr.resource@nrc.gov. The ADAMS accession number for each document referenced (if it is available in ADAMS) is provided the first time that it is mentioned in this document. Revision 5 of RG 1.29, is available in ADAMS under Accession No. ML16118A148. The regulatory analysis is also available in ADAMS under Accession No. ML15131A397.

- *NRC's PDR:* You may examine and purchase copies of public documents at the NRC's PDR, Room O1–F21, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

Regulatory guides are not copyrighted, and NRC approval is not required to reproduce them.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Yiu Law, Office of New Reactors, telephone: 301–415–0523, email: Yiu.Law@nrc.gov, and Edward O'Donnell, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, telephone: 301–415–3317, email: Edward.O'Donnell@nrc.gov. Both are staff members of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

The NRC is issuing a revision to an existing guide in the NRC's "Regulatory Guide" series. This series was developed to describe and make available to the public information

regarding methods that are acceptable to the NRC staff for implementing specific parts of the agency's regulations, techniques that the staff uses in evaluating specific issues or postulated events, and data that the staff needs in its review of applications for permits and licenses.

Revision 5 of RG 1.29 was issued with a temporary identification of Draft Regulatory Guide, DG–1315. Revision 5 of RG 1.29 contains minor non-substantive changes that do not present new regulatory requirements, but clarifies content in Section C, "Staff Regulatory Guidance," by (1) addition of a reference to the definition of the reactor coolant pressure boundary in section 50.2 of title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR), and (2) a reorganization of systems and subsystems to add clarity to the staff guidance. In addition, it adds a reference to a related international standard, and it was reformatted to align with the current program guidance for regulatory guides.

II. Additional Information

The DG–1315 was published in the **Federal Register** (80 FR 55878) on September 17, 2015 for a 60-day public comment period. Public comments on DG–1315 and the staff's responses to the public comments are available in ADAMS under Accession No. ML16118A149.

III. Backfitting and Issue Finality

The RG 1.29 describes a method that the staff of the NRC considers acceptable for use in identifying and classifying those features of LWR nuclear power plants that must be designed to withstand the effects of the SSE. Issuance of this RG does not constitute backfitting as defined in 10 CFR 50.109 (the Backfit Rule) and is not otherwise inconsistent with the issue finality provisions in 10 CFR part 52. As discussed in the "Implementation" section of this RG, the NRC has no current intention to impose this RG on holders of current operating licenses or combined licenses.

This RG may be applied to applications for operating licenses, combined licenses, early site permits, and certified design rules docketed by the NRC as of the date of issuance of the final regulatory guide, as well as future applications submitted after the issuance of the regulatory guide. Such action would not constitute backfitting as defined in the Backfit Rule or be otherwise inconsistent with the applicable issue finality provision in 10 CFR part 52, inasmuch as such applicants or potential applicants are

not within the scope of entities protected by the Backfit Rule or the relevant issue finality provisions in part 52.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 8th day of July 2016.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Carol E. Moyer,

Acting Chief, Regulatory Guidance and Generic Issues Branch, Division of Engineering, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research.

[FR Doc. 2016–16767 Filed 7–14–16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50–400; NRC–2016–0136]

Duke Energy Progress, Inc.; Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1; Surveillance Frequency Control Program

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: License amendment application; opportunity to comment, request a hearing, and petition for leave to intervene; order.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is considering issuance of an amendment to Facility Operating License No. NPF–63, issued to Duke Energy Progress, Inc., for operation of the Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1. The amendment would revise the Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1, Technical Specifications (TSs) by relocating specific surveillance frequencies to a licensee-controlled program with the implementation of Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) 04–10, "Risk-Informed Technical Specifications Initiative 5b, Risk-Informed Method for Control of Surveillance Frequencies." Additionally, the change would add a new program, the Surveillance Frequency Control Program, to TS Section 6, "Administrative Controls." The amendment application contains sensitive unclassified non-safeguards information (SUNSI).

DATES: Submit comments by August 15, 2016. A requests for a hearing or petition for leave to intervene must be filed by September 13, 2016. Any potential party as defined in § 2.4 of title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR), who believes access to SUNSI is necessary to respond to this notice must request document access by September 13, 2016.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments by any of the following methods (unless